APPENDIX A: SEQR DOCUMENTS

VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW: VILLAGE TRUSTEES
ROCKLAND COUNTY: STATE OF NEW YORK

In the Application of:

HAVERSTRAW COMMUNITY CHAIR FACTORY LLC.

VERIFIED PETITION FOR A FORM BASED ZONING CODE

For the Application to create a new Form-Based Zoning Code

Petitioner **HAVERSTRAW COMMUNITY CHAIR FACTORY LLC** ("Petitioner"), respectfully petitions the Village Trustees of the Village of Haverstraw ("Village") as follows:

1. This Petition respectfully requests that the Honorable Village Trustees, pursuant to its authority under Section 245-21.2 of the Village of Haverstraw Code, approve the creation of a new Form Based Zoning Code attached hereto as an overlay zoning district for the following parcels.

Tax Lot
27.05-2-6.6
27.09-1-3
27.46-1-77
27.46-1-78
27.46-1-80
27.46-1-81
27.46-1-82
27.46-1-83
27.46-1-84
27.46-1-85
27.46-1-86
27.54-2-16

2. The Comprehensive Plan adopted by your Board in 2021 calls for the redevelopment of appropriate sites in the downtown with higher density multifamily residences

and emphasized the importance of developing the Village waterfront and particularly the Chair Factory Site(s) which are included in the parcels listed in this petition. The Form Based Code will build upon the Comprehensive Plan recommendations by providing an anchor mixed-use development that is interconnected to the Village downtown and bring residents back to the waterfront.

3. The Village recently put out both a Request for Qualifications and a subsequent Request for Proposals to solicit a development team to develop the Chair Factory.

4. The Petitioner was ultimately selected in that process and signed a development agreement with the Village.

5. Petitioner has worked hand in hand with the Village and has successfully garnered millions in state funding support to enhance the projects publicly accessible infrastructure.

6. This petition for a change of zone includes the proposed new Form Based Zoning code and our conceptual site plan for the development along with a Part I EAF. The project includes:

a. 450 Residential Units of multi-family housing and,

b. 15,000 square feet of community serving facilities and commercial/retail space and,

c. 82,800 square feet of Hotel and hospitality space and,

d. 563 parking space in a mix of structured parking space and surface parking space.

e. Shoreline stabilization, 4.2 acres of public open space, and the development of a waterfront multi-use trail.

7. The project proposal will include additional restrictions in the proposed zoning amendments or covenants and deed restrictions that will limit the maximum development to these thresholds or to thresholds to be identified through the SEQRA process.

8. Petitioner respectfully requests that the Honorable Village Trustees take the following administrative and legislative steps: (a) accept this Petition and (b) initiate review of the proposed Zoning Code pursuant to the New York State Environmental Quality Review Act, including by circulating Notice of Intent to Declare the Council as Lead Agency;

WHEREFORE, it is respectfully requested that the instant matter be placed on the next available agenda of the Village Trustees and be, in all respects, granted.

Dated: July 14, 2023



By: Ryan Porter
Managing Partner
Haverstraw Community Chair Factory LLC.

ATTACHEMENTS

CHAIR FACTORY SITE
VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW
DRAFT ZONING

Village of Haverstraw



May 2023

Chapter 245 - Zoning

Article XII: Zoning Overlay for Planned Developments

Sections 60-69

June XX, 2023

CHAPTER 245 - ARTICLE XII: SECTION 60 ZONING INTENT AND APPLICATION

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SECTION 60.2 INTENT AND PURPOSE

A. This Article regulates the location, design, occupancy, and use of structures along with the use of land within planned development of defined district(s) based on the article standards.

B. This Article is intended to promote the health, safety and general welfare of defined development district(s) within the Village of Haverstraw by creating a holistic and comprehensive economic development strategy that utilizes the principles of social, economic and environmental responsibility to re-establish districts within the Village of Haverstraw as centers of vibrancy within a mixed-use and walkable setting. This Article is intended to create an opportunity for a more economically successful and environmentally responsible community with a more harmonious and pedestrian-oriented public realm than can be achieved through the regulations in the underlying zoning in effect at the time of adoption of this Article.

C. The primary purpose of this Article is to institute an overlay zoning with corrisponding development district(s), based upon the Village of Haverstraw's Comprehensive Plan adopted in July 2021 (hereinafter "the Comprehensive Plan"), the Environmental Impact Statement (hereinafter "the EIS) dated XXXX, and the Findings Statement prepared for the Chair Factory Development District, adopted on XXXX, in connection thereto. This Article establishes development rules and procedures that will result in compact, walkable, and mixed-use development of the development district(s).

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SECTION 60.3 APPLICABILITY

A. This Article applies to all land, buildings, streets, sidewalks, uses, activities, private improvements, and landscape alterations of any kind occurring within defined development district(s) contained in this article.

B. This zoning article and the defined development district(s) within it do not replace the underlying zoning rules and regulations that currently exist in the Village of Haverstraw. The provide an alternative option for landowners to use in developing and redeveloping their land and buildings within defined district(s) of the Village. All existing rights, allowable uses, and approval procedures under the Village of Haverstraw's Zoning Ordinance and Code remain in full force and effect, except that if a property owner elects to proceed under the provisions of this zoning overlay. If a property owner proceeds according to the development and design standards of a defined district of this Article and there is a conflict between the zoning overlay found in this article and the underlying zoning of Chapter 245, the provisions of this article shall control.

C This article includes use standards, development standards, street standards, and site planning standards, for defined district(s) as described within. In case of any conflict between this Article and any other provision of the Village of Haverstaw zoning chapter, this Article shall control, except as provided in subsection D below. Procedural requirements for applications in this zoning overlay are contained in Section 64 of this article.

D. All applications for building construction are required to conform to applicable New York State Building Codes and other applicable local life safety ordinances, laws, and regulations. Other local codes as enumerated by the Village of Haverstraw as Administrative and General Legislation may apply to an applicant's site plan submission.

E. Applicants shall be responsible for obtaining all necessary building permits and other approvals from local regulatory agencies with jurisdiction over a given project.

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SECTION 60.4 DEFINITIONS

The definitions below describe terms as they appear in this Article that are technical in nature or that otherwise serve as a term of regulatory control for this overlay zoning. If a term is defined in Section 60.4 of this ordinance and in Article I General Provisions of Chapter 245, then the definition in Section 60.4 shall apply, unless otherwise specified. In any interpretation of terms used in this Article, the official or officials responsible for making such interpretation shall consult with the Building Department.

ACCESS LANE

The portion of any Traveled Way dedicated for either limited public or private access for any combination of vehicles, services, egress, emergency response, and/or pedestrians movement to a site and/or across a site.

ACTIVE EDGE

A combination of doors and glazing designed to stimulate pedestrian activity along a Public Frontage.

AGRICULTURE, URBAN

The use of land and buildings including rooftops. Urban Community Gardens does not include husbandry or the raising of animals.

ARCADE FRONTAGE

A Private Frontage Type that has a series of arches or openings carried by columns or piers, and provides a covered walkway with access to adjacent storefronts compliant with Storefront Frontage requirements.

ARTISAN PRODUCTION

The production of small-scale art, craft, baked goods, prepared and packaged foods for on-site consumption and/or sold on premises. Small scale production includes but is not limited to arts and crafts, musical instrument makers, toy makers, and custom furniture makers. Artisan Production does not include sale or production of goods produced off-site through industrial-scale methods.

BASEMENT

Any story of a building that full underground or is partly underground which has more than 1/2 its interior height, measured from floor to finished ceiling of a habitable space, below the Grade Plane. Stories of a building with more than 1/2 the interior height above the Grade Plane shall be counted as a Story Above Grade Plane.

BUILD-TO-LINE

A line parallel to the curb closest to a Street at a distance defined by the Street Type or a line at the edge of an approved Pedestrian Way.

BUILD-TO-ZONE

The portion of a lot between the established Build-To-Line and a line parallel to the Build-To-Line defined by the Public Frontage Type. The width between these two lines is the zone where the Street Wall / Civic Space is counted towards a given private frontage requirement.

BUILDING HEIGHT

The vertical distance between the Grade Plane and the average height of the roof structure as defined with exceptions by the New York State Building Code.

COMMUNITY GARDENS, URBAN

Facilities managed by a private, public or not-for-profit organization or association and used to grow produce or ornamental plants for household use, sale, or donation.

CURB CUT

Any point of access along a street where the Face of Curb line is broken in order to permit the passage of vehicles to another street, an access lane, a loading area, parking area, an enclosed parking structure, or open parking lot.

DATA INFORMATION CENTER

A facility dedicated to the provision of information services and the management of data processing that also houses needed operational equipment at a commercial scale.

DEFINED DISTRICT

An area of planned development contained within a district boundary and controlled by a regulating plan as defined within Article XII.

DRIVE LANE

The portion of a Traveled Way dedicated to the public access and movement of people, goods, and services by vehicle. Vehicles may include personal mobility devices such as mopeds, bicycles, and scooters.

EDGING ELEMENTS

Structures, walls, or landscaping within a Private Frontage which define and enclose the private use of a site from an adjacent Public Frontage.

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SECTION 60.4 DEFINITIONS

EDUCATIONAL USE

Provision of educational services, including but not limited to primary and secondary schools, nursery schools, colleges and universities, music schools, dance schools, vocational schools, apprenticeship programs, and facilities designed to provide skills instruction or vocation.

ENTERTAINMENT/CULTURAL/ARTS FACILITY

Any facility for public entertainment including theaters, museums, galleries, cinemas and indoor amusement establishments.

HORIZONTAL EXPRESSION LINE

Architectural elements that define the base, middle and top of a building and unify the Street Wall along a Public Frontage through use of moldings, changes of material and depth, and through the use of cornices.

FACE OF CURB

The edge (or line) of pavement marking the boundary betwee the Traveled Way and the Public Frontage. The Face of Curb, while typically a raised feature, may be a flush demarcation instead, depending on Street Type.

FORECOURT FRONTAGE

Private Frontage type, where a portion of the building façade is set back to allow for large private gardens, bio-retention areas, or similar uses.

FRONTAGE OCCUPANCY

The percentage of the Site frontage that is occupied by a Street Wall or an approved Civic Space within the Build-To-Zone.

FRONTAGE, PRIMARY

Frontage facing the street type with the highest priority where A streets are the highest and F streets are the lowest. Where pedestrian paths are labeled as P Streets they have a priority equivalent to F Streets.

FRONTAGE, PRIVATE

A zone provided within a site between the Build-To-Line and a line parallel to it 16' feet behind the Street Wall. Where there is no Street Wall, the Private Frontage shall be considered the Build-To-Zone.

FRONTAGE TYPES, PRIVATE

The Private Frontage Types, as further defined in this Section, are:

1 - Storefront Frontage
2 - Arcade Frontage
3 - Urban Frontage
4 - Stoop Frontage
5 - Porch Frontage
6 - Lightwell Frontage
7 - Forecourt Frontage
8 - Terrace Frontage

FRONTAGE, PUBLIC

A space between the Face of Curb and the Build-To-Line.

FRONTAGE, SITE

The length of a Site's perimeter abutting an established Build-To-Line, which is used to calculate Frontage Occupancy, typically measured in feet.

FRONTAGE, TOTAL SITE

The sum of all Site Frontage on a contiguous Site.

FRONTAGE TRANSITION ZONE

The portion of the Public Frontage between the Pedestrian Clearway and a Build-To-Line which allows for the incursion doorways, building fixtures (e.g. lighting, signage, projected architectural elements), landscaping fixtures, furnishings, removable planters, and signage.

GRADE PLANE

A reference plane representing the average of finished ground level adjoining the building at exterior walls. Where the finished ground level slopes away from the exterior walls, the reference point shall be established by the lowest points with the area between the building and the lot line or, where the lot line is more than 6 feet from the building, between the building and a point 6 feet from the building.

HOTEL

A facility offering transient lodging accommodations to the general public containing suites or condominium units which may also provide amenities or services, such as restaurants, meetings rooms, banquet halls, entertainment, and recreational facilities.

INDOOR RECREATION

A business and/or club, which offers indoor recreational services, including but not limited to gyms, health clubs, martial arts studios, educational use, indoor sports, children's play facilities, bowling alleys, rock climbing gyms, indoor tennis clubs and similar establishments.

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SECTION 60.4 DEFINITIONS

LANDSCAPE AND FURNISHING ZONE

The area of Public Frontage between the Face of Curb and the Pedestrian Clearway where placement of street furniture and landscaping is allowed.

LIGHTWELL FRONTAGE

Private Frontage Type, typically residential, where the façade is set back to allow for below-grade entrances or windows designed to allow light into a basement story.

LINER BUILDING

A building are designed to screen a structure without an Active Edge (such as a parking lot or parking structure) from view at the street and from civic spaces.

LIVE-WORK

A single demised premises that serves as the primary dwelling and the primary place of business of the leaseholder and which in addition to other commercial undertaking is used for showcasing, advertising or purveying goods and services to clients as would be done in a storefront space or business office.

MEDICAL OFFICE

Offices of physicians and dentists, including outpatient medical and surgical services and facilities, medical labs, and also including animal hospitals.

MIXED USE

A building or site designed for and containing more than one permitted use as regulated by a defined district.

MULTI-FAMILY DWELLING

Three or more dwelling units in a building.

PEDESTRIAN CLEARWAY

The portion of a Public Frontage that is deadicated to the free movement of pedestrians along a sidewalk, designed to be clear of any obstructions of public passage.

PEDESTRIAN WAY

A Street Type that is intended for use primarily by pedestrians.

PORCH FRONTAGE

Private Frontage type, typically residential, where the façade is set back from an attached porch that may not be screened or glazed, and is no less than 5 feet deep.

PRINCIPAL ENTRANCE

The main point of access for pedestrians into a building.

PROFESSIONAL SERVICES

Services rendered by a Professional Person or Persons.

RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT

The systematic study and application of knowledge or understanding, directed toward the production of useful materials, devices, and systems or methods, including design, development, and improvement of prototypes and new processes to meet specific requirements, excluding High Hazard Group H occupancies, per New York State Building Code, Chapter 3, Section 307.

RESIDENTIAL CARE FACILITY

An adult care facility where compensation and/or reimbursement of costs is paid to an operator, pursuant to State or Federal standards, licensing requirements, or programs funding residential care services.

RETAIL USE

Sale of goods and/or provision of personal services directly to the ultimate consumer.

RIGHT-OF-WAY

Public or private land along a specific route dedicated to property access, passage of vehicles and/or pedestrians, the movement of goods, and the provision of utilities.

SETBACK

The distance between a lot line and the front, side, or rear of a building.

SIGNIFICANT CORNER

A corner location providing a distinguishing vantage point for the display of architectural elements, massing, and composition of building features to signify the importance of the corner. Architectural elements include materials, textures, colors, window, cornices, balconies, and other features which visually distinguish the corner.

SITE, (DEVELOPMENT SITE)

One or more contiguous lots controlled through an individual owner, contract vendee, or a group of owners acting together under the provisions of Article XII of the Village's Zoning (Chapter 245).

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SECTION 60.4 DEFINITIONS

SMALL-SCALE RENEWABLE ENERGY

Use of a structure or Improvement for the generation of energy from renewable resources, including, but not limited to, wind, solar, hydroelectric, methane, wood, biomass and alcohol, not to exceed a generating capacity of 100 Kilowatts.

STEPBACK

A portion of a building set back above the Street Wall before the total height of the building is achieved. The position of the stepback is controlled by a specified distance from the required Street Wall.

STOOP FRONTAGE

Private Frontage type, typically residential, with an elevated first floor to sufficiently secure privacy for the windows, with entrance accessed from an exterior stair and landing that may be a perpendicular or parallel to the sidewalk, located within Build-To-Zone.

STOREFRONT FRONTAGE

A Private Frontage primarily for retail or restaurant use, with substantial glazing and Active Edge, complying with Storefront Frontage requirements.

STORY

That portion of a building included between the upper surface of a floor and the upper surface of the floor or roof next above. A story is measured as the vertical distance from top to top of two successive tiers of beams or finished floor surfaces and, for the topmost story, from the top of the floor finish to the top of the ceiling joists or, where there is not a ceiling, to the top of the roof rafters.

STORIES ABOVE GRADE PLANE

Any story above the Basement story (see definition for Basement).

STREET

A public right-of-way, bounded by lot lines and/or natural boundaries on both sides.

STREET TYPE

A typology assigned to all streets within the district boundary which denote the standards of permitted Public Frontages and corrisponding Private Frontages.

STREET WALL

The exterior walls of a building located within an established Build-To-Zone facing a Public Frontage.

STREET WALL HEIGHT

The vertical distance from the mean grade of a sidewalk at the Street Wall to the highest point of a cornice or roof line before a required Stepback. (Note: Street Wall height does not refer to total building height. See the definitioon for “Building Height” to determine maximum heights relative to development standards.)

TERMINATING VISTA

A location at the axial conclusion of a street providing a distinguishing architectural element, building massing, or a composition of architectural elements, to signify the importance of such location. Architectural elements may include distinguishing materials, textures, colors, fenestrations, cornices, balconies, or similar elements designed to feature a location.

TOWNHOUSE

A single dwelling unit attached by a common party wall to another building in which each unit has its own entry.

TRAVELED WAY

The portion of a Street located between the Face of Curb and an opposing Face of Curb or the edge of Right of Way. The traveled way is typically composed of one or more drive lanes or access lanes and may contain center medians or other features between two or more lanes.

URBAN FRONTAGE

A Private Frontage with a less substantial Active Edge and glazing at the sidewalk level than a Storefront Frontage.

UTILITIES

Facilities and structures used for production, generation, transmission and distribution of services including but not limited to electric, gas, water, sewer, telephone, and internet access, excluding local services directly provided to buildings by cables, wires, poles and pipes.

WHOLESALE USE

The sale of goods to other businesses or individuals not open to the general public, generally offering goods in larger volume than customary for retail sales.

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CHAPTER 245 - ARTICLE XII: SECTION 61 RESERVED

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CHAPTER 245 - ARTICLE XII: SECTION 62 RESERVED

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CHAPTER 245 - ARTICLE XII: SECTION 63 CHAIR FACTORY DISTRICT STANDARDS

SECTION 63.1 DISTRICT STANDARDS

A. The Chair Factory District is comprised of a single contiguous area. The Chair Factory District is hereby established and incorporated into this Article, with boundaries of the designated Pilot District shown on District Standards Map 63.1B(3).

SECTION 63.1A DISTRICT MAP & STREET TYPES MAP

A. The Chair Factory District Standards Map designates a series of design standards and civic elements which regulate built forms most appropriate to the Chair Factory District based on features of the street, block and lot. This map regulates Street Types, Civic Spaces, Terminating Vistas, Significant Corners and permitted Frontage Types. Assigned Street Types are identified in Map 63.1C(1) a corrisponding list of Street Types is provided in Table 63.1C(2).

(1) Street Types

The Chair Factory District permits seven ordered Street Types, which regulate the allowable Frontage Types:

(a) A Street
(b) B Street
(c) C Street
(d) D Street
(e) E Street
(f) F Access Lane/Pedestrian Way
(g) P Pedestrian Path

(2) Significant Corners

The District Standards Map designates locations of permitted Significant Corners as defined in Section 60.4.

(3) Terminating Vistas

The District Standards Map designates locations of permitted Terminating Vistas, as defined in Section 60.4.

(4) Required Frontage Types

The District Standards Map designates certain locations where Storefronts or Frequent Entryways are required according to the standards established in Section 63.4(E). Certain limitations on permitted residential uses located on the first floor also apply to these designated Storefront locations, as provided in Section 63.4E.

See Section 63.2 for Public Frontage Standards, Section 63.3 for Permitted Civic Space Standards, & Section 63.4 for Private Frontage Standards.

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SECTION 63.1B(1) DISTRICT STANDARDS LEGEND

LEGEND

- DISTRICT BOUNDARY
- PILOT DISTRCT
- (#) BLOCK NUMBER

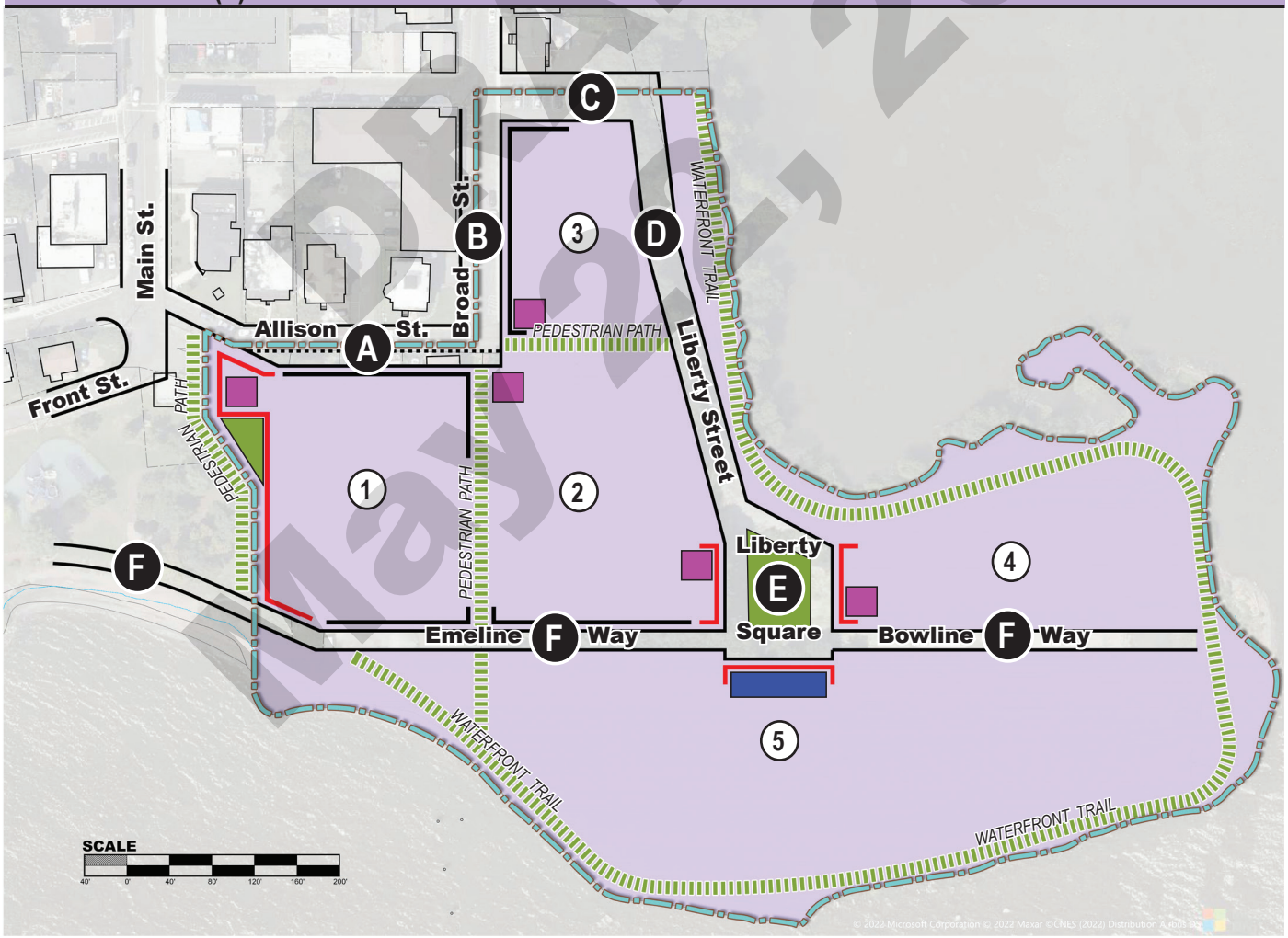
ZONING STANDARDS CONTROLS

- STOREFRONT REQUIRED[1]
- FREQUENT ENTRYWAYS REQUIRED[2]
- PEDESTRIAN PATH PERMITTED
- (B) ESTABLISHED STREET TYPE
- SIGNIFICANT CORNER ALLOWED
- TERMINATING VISTA ALLOWED
- CIVIC SPACE REQUIRED

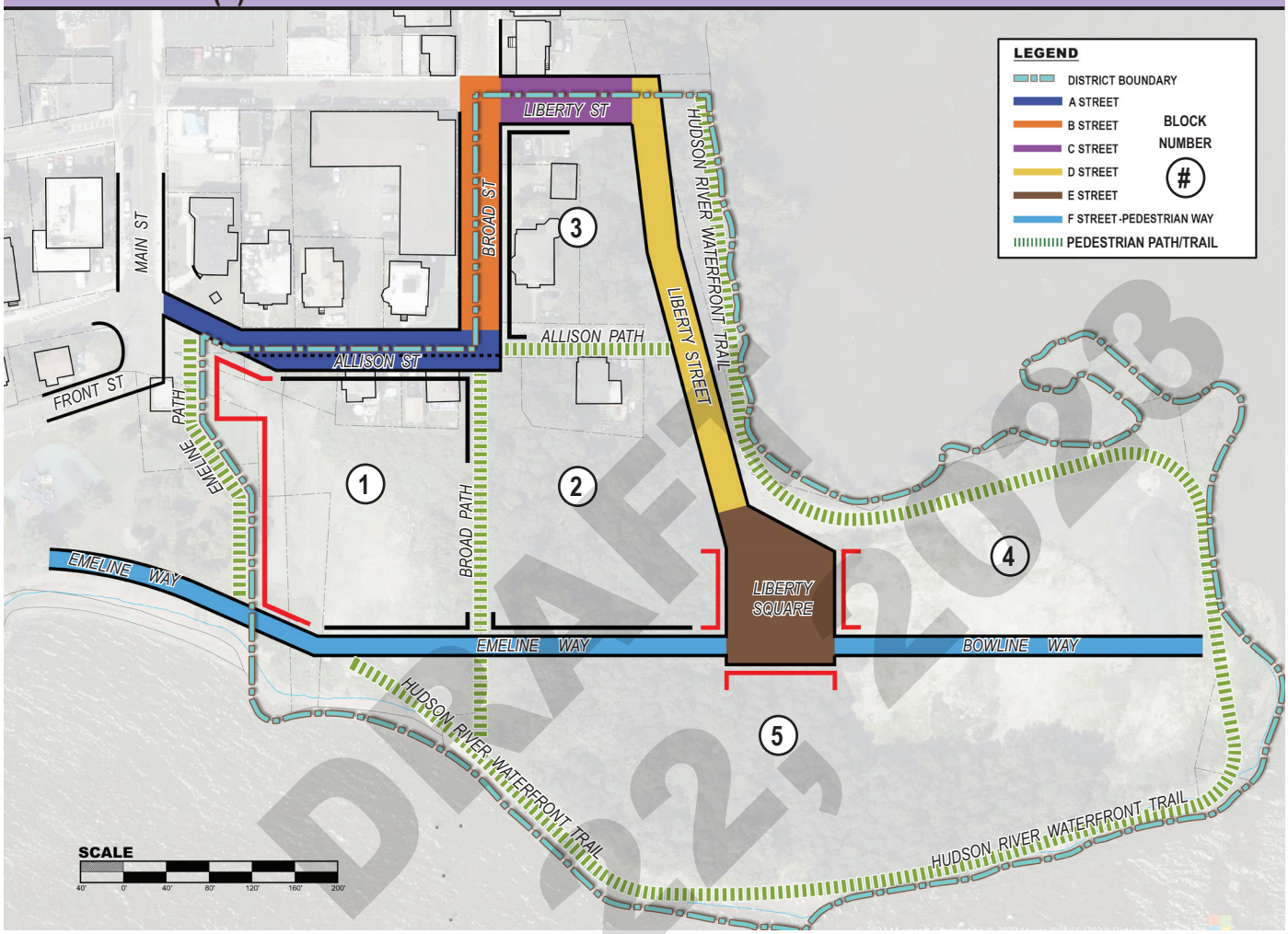
1) Where storefront required is designated within the district standards map, a storefront frontage, arcade frontage, or urban frontage shall be provided and active frontage standards in section 63.4e(5)(c) shall apply.
2) Where Frequent Entryways Required is designated within the District Standards Map, Active Frontage standards in Section 63.4E(5)(d) apply.
3) Pedestrian Paths designated on the district standards maps in section 63.1 shall comply with the standards in 63.2.

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SECTION 63.1B(2) DISTRICT STANDARDS MAP



SECTION 63.1C(1) STREET TYPES MAP



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SECTION 63.1C(2) STREET TYPES TABLE

Street Name	Street Type	Between
Allison Street	**A**	Main & Broad
Broad Street	**B**	Allison & Broadway
Liberty Street	**C**	Broad & East Edge of Block 3
Liberty Street	**D**	North Edge of Block 3 & Liberty Plaza
Liberty Square	**E**	Emeline, Liberty, and Bowline
Bowline Way	**F**	Liberty Plaza & Water Line
Emeline Way	**F**	Liberty Plaza & Front

Street Name	Street Type	Between
Emeline Path	**Path**	Allison & Emeline
Broad Patht	**Path**	Allison & Emeline
Allison Path	**Path**	Allison & Liberty
Hudson River Waterfront	**Trail**	District Boundary

SECTION 63.2 STREET AND PUBLIC FRONTAGE STANDARDS

(1) The combination of the Traveled Way, Public Frontage, and Private Frontage defines the character of the public realm.

(2) The Street Type is a typology assigned to a Street, Lane, or Way that determines the width of the Traveled Way as well as the width of Public Frontage components to form a control distance from Face of Curb to a Build-To-Line. The Street Type also controls the width of the Public Frontage components as follows: A) the Furnishing Zone, B) the Pedestrian Clearway, and C) the Transition Zone. Other controls of the Street Type include permitted Private Frontages, and variations of the Street Wall condition.

(3) The Private Frontage Type regulates the depth of the Build-To-Zone and the Minimum Frontage Occupancy, minimum clear glazing area, dimensional depth of the visible use of the ground floor, allowable placement of parking, and permitted Private Frontage Edging Elements.

63.2A STREETS, LANES, AND WAYS STANDARDS

(1) Street Type Designations

(a) District Street Types Table in Section 63.1C assigns Street Types to Streets, Lanes, Ways, Paths, and Trails.

(b) Through the process of block development and land subdivision or re-subdivision as described in this Article, the project applicant shall propose new and recongiured streets based on the Street Types of the map and table (63.1C). The Village Board can make a determination to accept new streets as proposed or change the new street type to reflect relevant pedestrian and commercial activity, development forms, and the need for traffic management at a given street.

(2) Street Responsible Parties

(a) The design, maintenance and rehabilitation of an existing street shall be the responsibility of the owner of such traveled way (e.g. Village, County, State or Private Owner).

(b) The design and construction of new streets shall be the responsibility of the applicant proposing new streets. New Streets shall comply with construction standards as approved by the Village Engineer and shall be offered for dedication to the Village of Haverstraw.

(3) New Streets

(a) Design of Streets, Access Lanes, and Pedestrian Ways

[1] A Design Guidelines Manual (Section 68) guides the design of new and reconfigured Streets, Lanes, Ways, Paths, and Trails. The Village Board may require zoning overlay applicants to comply with any or all provisions of the design standards guide.

(4) Streets Access Standards

(a) The Village Board may require sites to provide for pedestrian, service, and/or loading access at a reasonable distance from a public street or public right of way.

(b) The Village Board may require emergency access to a given site. A minimum 16 foot wide access lane at one or more locations within the site and/or at the side(s) of the site will be provided at the Grade Plane.

(c) The Village Board may require the Applicant to design streets, lanes, and ways to connect to other streets, lanes, ways, loading areas, parking lots, and/or parking structures on the applicant's site and/or to other existing access points on adjacent sites.

(d) The Village Board may require the Applicant to create Streets, Lanes, or Ways within the designated access easements, and may require these ways, lanes or streets to connect to existing public streets.

(5) Pedestrian Paths

(a) For those Sites facing a Pedestrian Path designated as Street Type P on the District Street Types Table in Section 63.1C, the applicant shall provide the Pedestrian Path at the approximate location shown on the District Standards Map in Section 63.1B(2). At the discretion of the Applicant, they may request to establish additional Build-To-Line(s) at a location on a Pedestrian Path which is acceptable to the Village Board. The Village Board may approve Build-To-Lines along Pedestrian Path at a location deemed appropriate based on the request.

(b) Pedestrian Paths with an established Build-To-Line shall provide an access easement which is accessible to public at least 16 hours a day. Any portion of a Pedestrian Path may be located within a building provided that it maintains the intent of the permitted Public and Private Frontages specified in the table found in Section 63.2B.

(5) Pedestrian Trails

(a) Pedestrian Trails are not an applicable Street Type for establishing a Build-To-Line or any form of Frontage. No Site shall use a Trail as part of its Frontage calculation.

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63.2B PUBLIC FRONTAGE AND PRIVATE FRONTAGE STANDARDS TABLE

		Street Type A	Street Type B	Street Type C	Street Type D	Street Type E	Street Type F	Street Type P
PUBLIC FRONTAGE	Distance from Face of Curb to Build-To-Line (Full Zone)	10'-0"	8'-0"	7'-0"	6'-0"	8'-6"	8'-6"	8'-6"
	Furnishing Zone	2'-0"	2'-0"	2'-0"	2'-0"	1'-0"	Not Applicable	Not Applicable
	Pedestrian Clearway	6'-0"	5'-0"	5'-0"	4'-0"	5'-0"	Shared with Access Lane	10'-0" Path
	Transition Zone	2'-0"	1'-0"	0'-0"	0'-0"	2'-6"	8'-6"	8'-6" for Paths N/A for Trails

			Street Type A		Street Type B		Street Type C		Street Type D		Street Type E		Street Type F		Street Type P	
PRIVATE FRONTAGE	Private Frontage Types	Min. Clear Glazing Area Required	Build-To-Zone (BTZ) Width	Min Frontage Occupancy	Build-To-Zone (BTZ) Width	Min Frontage Occupancy	Build-To-Zone (BTZ) Width	Min Frontage Occupancy	Build-To-Zone (BTZ) Width	Min Frontage Occupancy	Build-To-Zone (BTZ) Width	Min Frontage Occupancy	Build-To-Zone (BTZ) Width	Min Frontage Occupancy	Build-To-Zone (BTZ) Width	Min Frontage Occupancy
	Storefront Frontage[1]	65%[3]	5'-0"	80%	X	X	X	X	X	X	5'-0"	80%	5'-0"	60%	5'-0"	90%
	Arcade Frontage[1]	65%[3]	15'-0"[2]	80%	X	X	X	X	X	X	15'-0"[2]	80%	16'-0"[2]	60%	X	X
	Urban Frontage	50%[3]	5'-0"	80%	X	X	X	X	X	X	5'-0"	80%	5'-0"	60%	5'-0"	90%
	Stoop Frontage	20%[4]	X	X	8'-0"	80%	12'-0"	80%	16'-0"	60%	X	X	16'-0"	60%	10'-0"	90%
	Porch Frontage	20%[4]	X	X	8'-0"	80%	12'-0"	80%	16'-0"	60%	X	X	16'-0"	60%	10'-0"	90%
	Lightwell Frontage	20%[4]	X	X	8'-0"	80%	12'-0"	80%	16'-0"	60%	X	X	16'-0"	60%	X	X
	Forecourt Frontage	20%[4]	X	X	8'-0"	70%	12'-0"	70%	16'-0"	50%	8'-0"	70%	16'-0"	50%	10'-0"	80%
	Terrace Frontage	20%[4]	X	X	8'-0"	70%	12'-0"	70%	16'-0"	50%	8'-0"	70%	16'-0"	50%	10'-0"	80%

[1] Frontages on the District Standards Map designated as "Storefront Required" (see Section 60.4 for definition), a Storefront, Arcade, or Urban Frontage is required.

[2] Provided that the structural columns remain within property line and outside of the Furnishing Zone.

[3] Minimum clear glazing area measurements are taken for the area between 2' and 8' above the sidewalk.

[4] Minimum clear glazing area required between the first floor slab and underside of the second floor slab.

X - Frontage Not Permitted

Stepback Requirements	Street Type A	Street Type B	Street Type C	Street Type D	Street Type E	Street Type F	Street Type P
7 foot Stepback Required per 63.4E(4)	Above Street Wall	Above Street Wall	Above Street Wall	Not Required	Above Street Wall	Above Street Wall	Not Required

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63.2C PUBLIC FRONTAGE

(1) Public Frontage Standards

(a) The design, rehabilitation and construction of public frontages within the public right-of-way, including curbs, shall be the responsibility of the Applicant, according to the design standards established in this Article and any associated design guidelines adopted by the Village Board. The Applicant is responsible for obtaining approval of such improvements from all agencies with jurisdiction over the public right-of-way.

(b) All Sites shall provide Public Frontages along Streets.

(c) Where the required Build-To-Line as identified herein would be located within the public street right-of-way, the Build-To-Line shall instead be placed at the front lot line(s).

(d) No building or portion thereof shall be located within the Public Frontage, except as provided in 63.4H Projections and Encroachments. The Village Board may modify these minimum standards to address existing or proposed conditions where:

[1] Existing buildings are closer than the required Build-To-Line

[2] Pedestrian demand for a narrower Pedestrian Clearway is demonstrated and mitigated.

[3] The Furnishing Zone requires additional space for transit facilities.

(e) To qualify for development using the provisions of this Article, all sites shall meet the minimum Site Area and Site Frontage requirements as defined in Section 63.4B(2) and comply with the Build-To-Line in Section 63.2D and Build-To-Zone requirements in Section 63.4.

(f) All Public Frontages contain some combination of A) Furnishing Zone, B) Pedestrian Clearway Zone and C) Transition Zone according to the minimum dimensions established in Table 63.2B. for the designated Street Type along each Public Frontage.

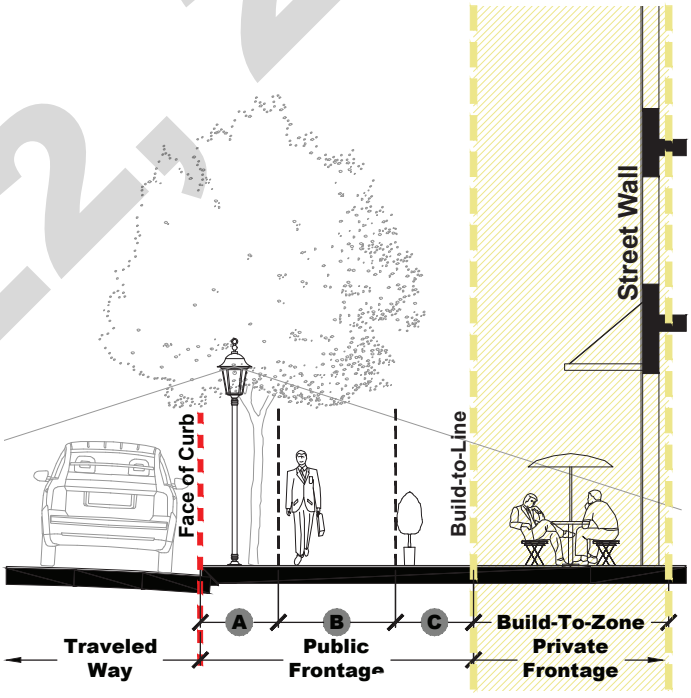
[1] The Furnishing Zone establishes an area for the placement of parking fee meters, street signage, street lighting, bike racks, refuse receptacles, street trees and bio-retention areas, transit stop waiting, seating furniture, or similar items. (See Section 68.4A for more details)

[2] The Pedestrian Clearway establishes an area for the clear passage of pedestrians. (See Section 68.4B for more details)

[3] The Transition Zone establishes an area for placement of building fixtures (lighting, signage, projected architectural molding etc), grade transitions, removable planters, and signage board, seating furniture, extended outdoor dining, landscaped areas or similar items while it also serves as an extended entrance and storefront interaction area. (See Section 68.4C for more details)

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63.2C(1)(g) PUBLIC FRONTAGE DIAGRAM



Note: The frontage standards table in Section 63.2B establishes dimensional requirements of frontages based on the location of the Face of Curb. More detailed guidance on Public Frontages is provided in the Section 68.4 titled Design Standards Manual Public Frontages Design Standards.

63.2D BUILD-TO-LINE

(1) Build-To-Line Standards

(a) The Build-To-Line shall be set parallel to the face of a curb for a distance regulated by the Table in Section 63.2B Public Frontage and Private Frontage Standards.

(b) All existing and new streets within the District shall require a Build-To-Line.

(c) Where an existing building is closer to the Street than the designated Build-To-Line, the Village Board has the authority to establish an alternate Build-To-Line at a location to allow the existing Street Wall to remain within the Build-To-Zone.

(d) Where a Pedestrian Way is provided according to Section 63.2A(4), the Village Board may permit the Build-To-Line to be placed at alternate locations as requested by the applicant.

(e) Where irregular lot line and face of curb conditions exist (such as inside corners of lot or sidewalk bump outs), the applicant shall present a plan which uses best effots to carry the Build-to-Line in the location of normal conditions.

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SECTION 63.3 CIVIC SPACE STANDARDS

A. Applicability**:** This Section applies to those developments that:

(1) Choose to develop civic space on an approved development site in compliance with the standards of Section 63 in order to achieve greater flexibility in the placement of buildings or;

(2) Are required to develop a civic space where designated on the District Standards Map (Section 63.1B).

B. Minimum Civic Space Standards

To qualify for approval by the Village Board as a civic space during the site plan review process, the space shall:

(1) Be in a form of ownership acceptable to the Village of Haverstraw.

(2) Provide public access at least 16 hours per day.

(3) Be located at the ground level or within one floor of the ground level and provide clear visual connections for pedestrians to access the civic space.

(4) Adhere to the standards established for civic spaces in this Section.

C. Maintenance

(1) Privately-Owned civic space shall be maintained by its owner or a private entity such as a Property Owners Association.

(2) Publicly-Owned civic space shall be maintained by its public owner or a contracted entity such as a Municipal Improvement District or Business Improvement District as approved by the applicable government agency.

D. Civic Space Programming, Placement and Design Criteria

(1) The following programming and design considerations, among others, shall be evaluated by the Village Board in the course of site plan and/or subdivision approval and design as considerations in determining the acceptable location for civic space:

(a) Solar orientation of civic space

(b) Amenities such as water features, public bathrooms, informational kiosks, drinking fountains, play & entertainment areas

(c) Facilities for the use, retention and recharging of rainwater

(d) Projected public access and likelihood of use

(e) Seasonal programming of the space

(f) Intensity of adjacent private frontage(s)

(2) The Village Board shall consider the following during its site plan review process to determine whether the civic space design is acceptable:

(a) All civic spaces shall provide pedestrian access from a Street, Lane, or Pedestrian Way. Access to a civic space must be open to the public at least 16 hours per day.

(b) A civic space must provide active or passive uses designed to bring regular pedestrian, civic and/or commercial activity to the space.

(c) Where a civic space is proposed on a development site adjacent to an existing building not controlled by the Applicant, the Applicant shall provide Edging Elements as defined in Section 63.2 and landscaping to buffer any adjacent areas of blank walls or service uses.

(d) A civic space may include one-story buildings and temporary structures provided that they are designed to activate the civic use of the space and provide public access.

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SECTION 63.3 CIVIC SPACE STANDARDS

(3) Civic Space Frontage Occupancy

(a) Civic spaces shall be mapped and measured on the site plan to designate a Build-To-Zone with a total linear length along the edges of the proposed civic space excluding the length of the edge along any Street, Access Lane, or Pedestrian Way conforming to its Private Frontage requirements.

(b) Civic spaces shall provide a minimum 60% civic space frontage occupancy, unless the Village Board determines that a lower standard is permitted. Civic space frontage occupancy shall be calculated by measuring the length of the Street Wall in the civic space Build-To-Zone divided by the length of the perimeter of the civic space established above in Section 63.2B.

(4) New buildings contiguous to a civic space shall provide Build-To-Zone(s)and Street Wall(s) as required by the Street Type designated on the nearest Street on the District Standards Map.

SECTION 63.3A PERMITTED CIVIC SPACE TYPES

(1) To qualify for designation as a civic space each proposed civic space shall comply with the intent of one of the permitted civic space types are defined in the Civic Space Design Standards (see section 68.5) and fulfill the requirements associated with the civic space type used.

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SECTION 63.4. USES AND DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

63.4A(1) PERMITTED USES BY DISTRICT

(1) The schedule of uses permitted within the District is shown in Section 63.4A(2) Table of Uses. Uses are listed as Permitted (P), Allowed by Special Permit (SP), or Accessory (A).

(a) All uses require site plan approval. See Section 64 "Administration" for the procedural approval process.

63.4A(2)TABLE OF PERMITTED USES

MIXED USE[1]	ALLOWANCE
Mixed Use	P
RETAIL	
Retail	P
Restaurant	P
Wholesale	SP
OFFICE	
Office	P
Medical Office	P
Research & Development	P
Professional Service	P
RESIDENTIAL[1]	
Multifamily Dwelling	P
Townhouse	P
Live-Work	P
ENTERTAINMENT/ CULTURAL/ ARTS	
Entertainment/Cultural/Arts[2]	P
Catering Hall/ Event Space	P
Micro-brewery	A

HOSPITALITY[1]	ALLOWANCE
Hotel	P
Inn / Bed & Breakfast	P
Residential Care Facility	SP
INSTITUTIONAL / CIVIC	
Institutional	SP
Municipal	P
Library	P
Community Facility	P
Indoor Recreation	P
Educational Use	P
LIGHT INDUSTRIAL	
Artisan Production	P
Data Information Center	P
Urban Agriculture	P
Small-Scale Renewable Energy	SP
ACCESSORY PARKING FACILITIES	
Parking Enclosed	P
Parking Open	P
UTILITIES	
Utilities	P

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P Permitted
SP Allowed by Special Permit from the Village Board
A Accessory to a Permitted Principal Use
* Allowed if and to the extent permitted by the underlying district

(1) Suites/units associated with Hospitality Uses and residential dwellings are prohibited within the Private Frontage area on the first floor of Store-front Frontages and Arcade Frontages. Common areas of residential and hospitality building such as lobbies, gyms and similar spaces servicing the primary use may occupy the ground floor of a storefront as long as it complies with the active edge requirements.

(2) Entertainment/ Cultural/ Arts includes theater, museum, gallery, cinema, indoor amusement establishments.

63.4B SITE DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS AND INCENTIVES

(1) Sites may qualify for the provisions of this article by meeting the site frontage and site area minimum requirements of one of the three development standards established in Section 64.4B(2). The building height requirements listed in Section 63.4B(2) under each development standard shall apply to those sites meeting the minimum requirements thereof.

63.4B(2) DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOR THE CHAIR FACTORY DISTRICT

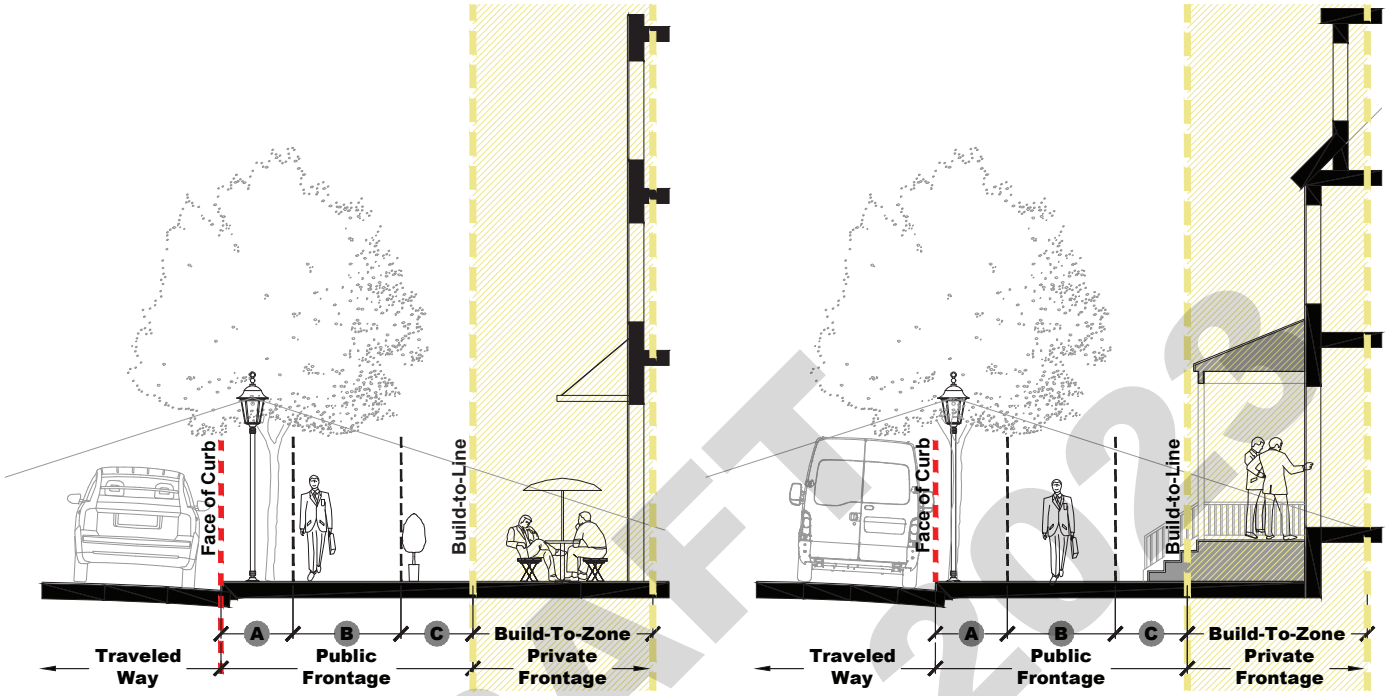
		Development Standard 1	Development Standard 2
	DISTRICT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS	Site Size, Frontage, and Height Requirements	
Total Site Frontage Min.[1]		150 feet	200 feet
Site Area Min.		15,000 SF	30,000 SF
Building Ht.[2]		2 stories min 5 stories / 65ft max elevation	3 stories min 6 stories / 85ft max elevation
Street Wall Height & Stepback		Street Wall Height Max. of 3 Stories for Dev. Standard 1, Max. of 5 Stories for Dev. Standard 3 Stepback depth minimum of 7'-0" from Street Wall on Street Types A, B, C, D, E, & F	
Parking		Standards & Placement - See Section 63.4J - Parking Standards and Placement	
Min side yard from other districts		No building may be constructed within 20 feet of a side yard of a parcel located within the first, second, or third residential districts abutting the Planned Development District boundary.	
Min rear yard setback from other districts		Where any parcel is contiguous to a parcel within the first, second, or third residential districts abutting the Planned Development District boundary, the rear yard shall be a minimum of 30 feet.	

[1] Total sum of all Site Frontages facing Streets, including those Site Frontages along Pedestrian Paths with a Build-To-Line.

[2] See Section 63.4G & 63.4H for building height standards, exceptions and permitted projections and encroachments.

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63.4D(1) PRIVATE FRONTAGE DIAGRAM



63.4D PRIVATE FRONTAGE STANDARDS

(2) Private Frontage Standards

(a) All Sites shall provide a Private Frontage along each Street and each Pedestrian Way, except:

[1] On F Streets Private Frontages are not required.

[2] Where a Site with multiple frontages has provided at least one Private Frontage of a minimum 100 feet in length along the Primary Frontage in compliance with the Frontage Occupancy, the Site's other frontages of less than 55 feet in length are not required to provide a Frontage Occupancy on a Private Frontage.

[3] Where a Site has three Site Frontages, and two of the highest priority Site Frontages comply with its Frontage Occupancy or where a Site has four Site Frontages, and three of the highest priority Site Frontages comply with its Frontage Occupancy, the Village Board may reduce or remove the Frontage Occupancy requirement for one Site Frontage that it deems to be of the lowest priority.

(b) All buildings shall provide a Principal Entrance on the Primary Frontage.

(3) All Sites shall provide Private Frontages composed of one or more of the permitted Private Frontage Types as defined in Section 63.4B Public Frontage and Private Frontage Standards Private Frontage Types are: Storefront Frontage, Arcade Frontage, Urban Frontage, Stoop Frontage, Porch Frontage, Lightwell Frontage, Forecourt Frontage, Mid-Block Frontage

(4) Private Frontage Type standards are established in the definitions Section 60.4, regulated in Section 63.2B Public Frontage and Private Frontage Standards and further clarified below:

(a) Arcade Frontage Standards

[1] A clear distance for pedestrian access between the outer and inner arcade elevations shall be minimum of 6'

[2] A minimum clear vertical height between sidewalk and the arcade ceiling shall be 10'

(b) Urban Frontage Standards

[1] Where a development provides a parking structure facing any Street Type except an A or B Street, a minimum of 50% of the street-level, street facing building area located between 2' & 8' above the sidewalk shall provide architectural openings designed to appear as windows, however glass may be replaced with non-glazed openings designed to look like windows.

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63.4E(1). BUILD-TO-ZONE

(a) Structural elements of a front building facade, known as a Street Wall, shall be located within the Build-To-Zone if they are to be counted towards the calculation of the Frontage Occupancy.

(b) To satisfy Frontage Occupancy requirements the face of the building for the required minimum Street Wall Height and minimum length of the building shall occupy the Build-To-Zone as defined by each Street Type frontage in Section 63.2B. Where a Site complies with the Significant Corner and Terminating Vista standards defined in 63.4E(8) and 63.4E(9) certain portions of the Street Wall shall permit the maximum Street Wall to be taller than otherwise required.

(c) The Build-To-Zone allows building entrance alcoves and expanded sidewalk area for outdoor dining, building facade articulation, inclusion of projected and/or recessed building elements, and building alignment with existing neighboring buildings.

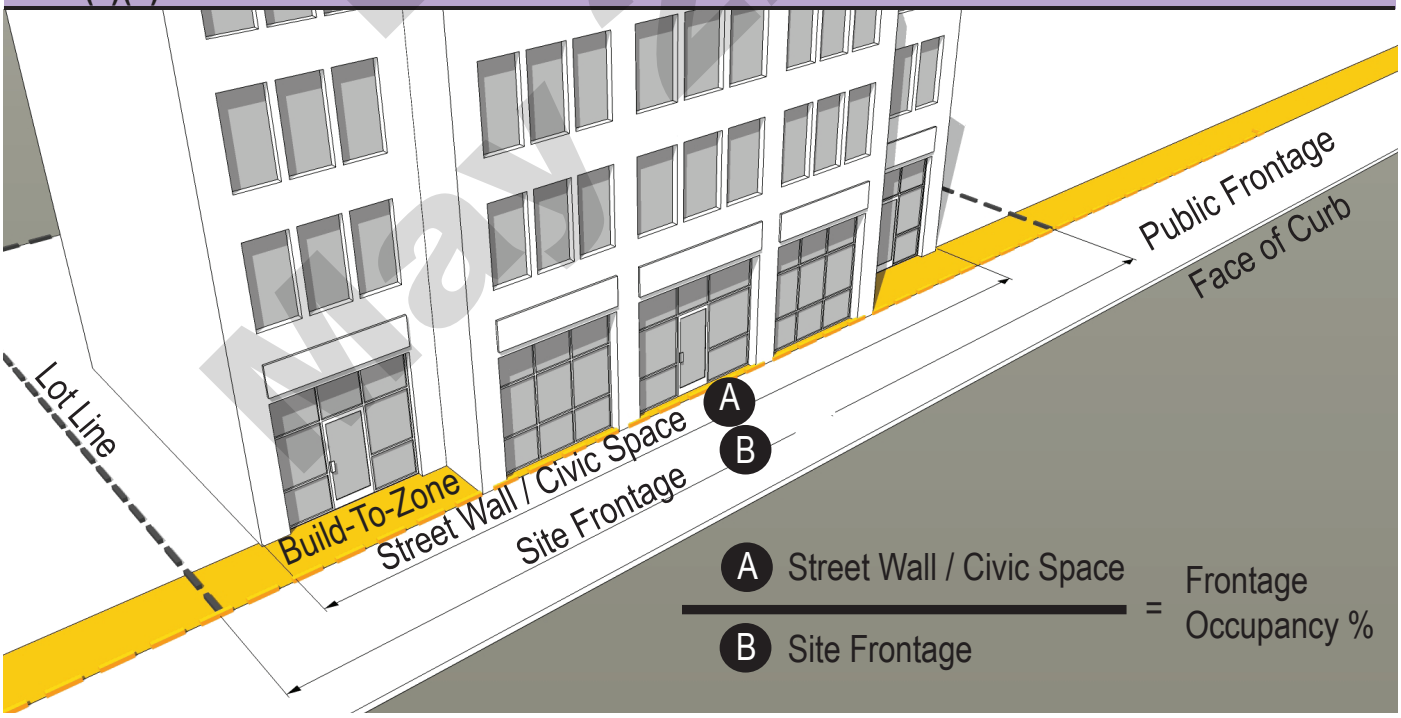
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63.4E(2). FRONTAGE OCCUPANCY

(a) All developments in the Planned Development District require buildings to occupy a minimum Frontage Occupancy within the Build-To-Zone as defined by the District Standards Map in Section 63.1B and Street Types Table in Section 68.2A.

(b) Frontage Occupancy shall be calculated as a percentage by measuring the length of a Street Wall or Civic Space within the Build-To-Zone divided by the length of site frontage.

63.4E(2)(d) BUILD-TO-ZONE AND FRONTAGE OCCUPANCY DIAGRAM



63.4E(3). STREET WALL

(a) Where a Street Wall is required, it shall comply with the following:

[1] Minimum Street Wall Height shall be no less than two-stories tall regardless of applied development standard.

[2] Maximum Street Wall Height shall be no more than 3 stories for development standard 1 and 5 stories for development standard 2. Building stories above the maximum street wall height shall follow the requirements of a Stepback in the building facade as defined in 63.4E(4).

63.4E(4). STEPBACK

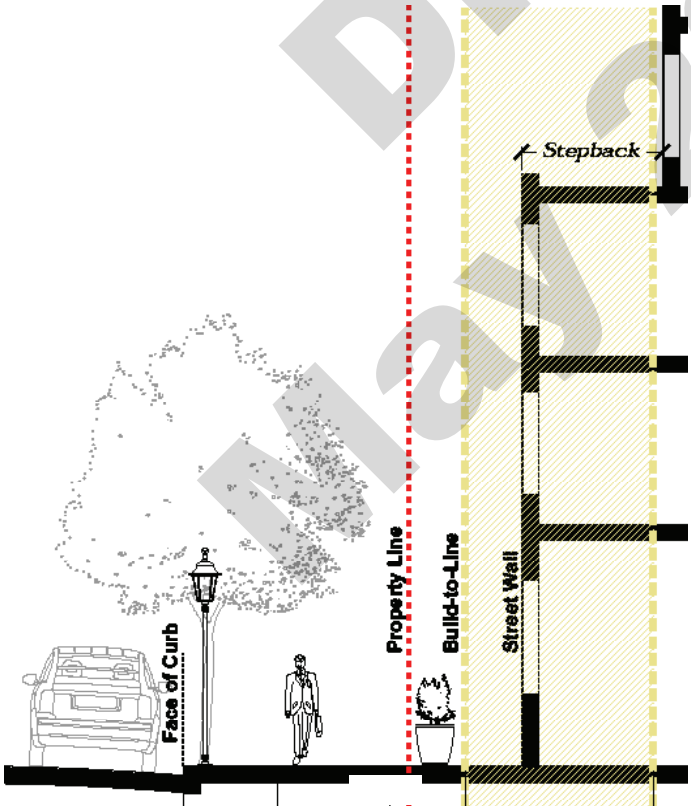
(a) Those sites with frontages on Street Types A, B, C, E, & F shall require a Stepback of a minimum of 7 feet from the Street Wall.

(b) Where the District Standards Map in Section 63.1B designates a Significant Corner, the development may qualify for an exemption from the Stepback requirement for up to 30 percent of the Site Frontage, provided they meet the standards in Sec 63.4E(8).

(c) Where the District Standards Map in Section 63.1B designates a Terminating Vista, the development may qualify for an exemption from the Stepback requirement for up to 30 percent of the Site Frontage, provided they meet the standards in Section 63.4E(9).

(d) Where the Village Board determines sites qualify for more than one Stepback exemption, up to a max. of a 60 percent site frontage Stepback exemption.

63.4E(4)(e) STEPBACK DIAGRAM FIGURE



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63.4E(5) ACTIVE EDGE FRONTAGE REQUIREMENTS

(a) All sites shall endeavor to create an active edge along streets and sidewalks through the design and frequent placement of entryways and clear glazing to promote pedestrian activity and commerce in the Chair Factory District.

(b) Street Walls with an Active Frontage requirement shall provide a minimum separation between entryways to promote pedestrian activity on sidewalks as defined by this Section.

(c) Storefront Required: Those Public Frontages designated on the Section 63.1 District Standards Map as "Storefronts Required" shall comply with the following standards:

[1] A development shall comply with minimum standards of either a Storefront Frontage or an Arcade Frontage as defined in Figure 63.2B.

[2] The Private Frontage area within a Site behind the glazing at the Street Wall shall provide an Active Edge including frequent placement of entrances, storefronts, display areas and/or areas designed for multiple users designed to stimulate and concentrate pedestrian activity along the Public Frontage

[3] A Storefront Frontage shall be provided at the designated street and shall extend a minimum of 20 feet around the corner along the Build-To-Zone of the intersecting Streets and Pedestrian Ways.

[4] The architectural design for the ground floor street level shall provide frequent entryways no further than 60 feet from the end of the building at the Street Wall and the edge of each entryway shall be no greater than 60 feet from a consecutive entryway as measured along the Build-To-Line.

(d) Frequent Entryways Required: Those Public Frontages designated on the Section 63.1 District Standards Map as "Frequent Entryways Required" shall comply with the following standards:

[1] The architectural design for the ground floor street level shall provide frequent entryways no further than 80 feet from the end of the Street Wall and the edge of each entryway shall be no greater than 80 feet from an adjacent entryway as measured along the Build-To-Line.

(e) Large Retail Occupancy Standard: Where a site requires either Frequent Entryways or Storefronts and where a single retail occupancy is provided for 20,000 SF or greater the architectural design for the ground floor street level shall provide frequent entryways no further than 100 feet from the end of the building at the Street Wall and the edge of each entryway shall be no greater than 100 feet from a consecutive entryway as measured along the Build-To-Line.

63.4E(6) GLAZING REQUIREMENTS

(a) The first story of all Street Walls shall provide a minimum area of window glazing according to standards established in Section 63.2B for the permitted Private Frontage Types as further defined below:

[1] The window glazing shall be clear, transparent glass unless otherwise provided in Section 63.4D(4)(b).

[2] At Storefront Frontage, Arcade Frontage and Urban Frontage the Glazing area percentage shall be determined by measuring the surface area of the Glazing divided by the surface area of the Street Wall located between 2' and 8' above the elevation of the nearest sidewalk.

[3] At Stoop Frontage, Porch Frontage, Lightwell Frontage, Forecourt Frontage, and Terrace Frontage the Glazing area percentage shall be determined by measuring the Glazing surface area divided by the surface area of the Street Wall located between the first floor elevation and the underside of the second floor slab.

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63.4F EDGING ELEMENT STANDARDS

(1) Permitted Edging Elements may be provided within the Build-To-Zone for 100% of the Site Frontage except where approved Street Walls, curb cuts, entryways are provided. Edging elements must conform to the requirements of Section 63.4F(2) and Section 63.4F(3).

63.4F(2) TABLE OF PERMITTED EDGING ELEMENTS

Private Frontage Type	Edge Structure	Ornamental Fence	Privacy Fence	Planters	Landscaped Edge
	EE-1	EE-2	EE-3	EE-4	EE-5
PF-1 (Storefront)	P	X	X	P	P
PF-2 (Arcade)	P	X	X	P	P
PF-3 (Urban)	P	P	X	P	P
PF-4 (Stoop)	P	P	X	P	P
PF-5 (Porch)	P	P	X	X	P
PF-6 (Lightwell)	P	P	X	X	X
PF-7 (Forecourt)	P	P	X	P	P
PF-8 (Terrace)	P	P	P	P	P

P = Permitted; X = Prohibited

* Additional building standards for railings may apply.

** Privacy fences shall be used for screening of utility, refuse, and service areas and shall be no taller than 6 feet.

63.4F(3) EDGING ELEMENT DESIGN STANDARDS

Edging Element Design Standards are summarized in the table below, and further detailed in the Design Standards Manual (see section 68.6I)

Edging elements	ID	Description	Maximum Height	Prohibited Material
Edge Structure	EE-1	A low masonry wall, platform or stair.	42"	-
Ornamental Fence	EE-2	A semi-transparent fence.	42"	Chain Link
Privacy Fence	EE-3	An opaque fence or wall for screening utility and service areas.	72"	Chain Link
Planters	EE-4	Landscaped planters with spacing of not less than 8' clear.	72"	-
Landscaped Edge	EE-5	A hedge or row of plants and/or flowers.	42"	-

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63.4G ARCHITECURAL DESIGN STANDARDS

Architectural Design Standards detail the controls for Significant Corners, Terminating Vistas, Finished Floors of Buildings, Horizontal Expression Lines, Building Massings, Building Materials, and Signage. The Architectural Design Standards Manual is found in section 68.7.

63.4H BUILDING HEIGHT

(1) Ground floor uses with Storefront, where required, shall have a minimum clear height of 10 feet.

(2) Height Exceptions are permitted in accordance with Section 1510 (Rooftop Structures) of the New York State Building Code.

(3) Building Height at Stepbacks
- (a) See Sec 63.4E(4) for maximum building height at building stepbacks.

63.4I PROJECTIONS AND ENCROACHMENTS

(1) Building projections shall be permitted to encroach into a front, side or rear yard setback, and across a Build-To-Line provided that:
- (a) Structural encroachments shall provide a minimum of 14 feet of clearance over a public sidewalk or right of way.
- (b) Architectural encroachments such as cornices or canopies that are not occupied space shall provide a minimum of 10 feet of clearance over a public sidewalk or right of way.
- (c) Projections shall not be included in the calculation of building or impervious coverage.
- (d) Signs, awnings, overhangs and similar elements, if determined by the Village Board to be consistent with the regulations and intent of the frontages, may encroach beyond a Build-To-Line.

63.4J DISTRICT PARKING STANDARDS & PLACEMENT

(1) Parking, on-street or off-street, in open lots, and/or in enclosed structures, are permitted as accessory to any permitted use.

(2) District parking standards are applicable to all uses. Accessory off-street parking spaces, open and/or enclosed, shall be provided for any any use specified in the Table of Permitted Uses specified in Section 63.4A(2).

(3) District Parking Placement
- (a) There shall be no open or enclosed parking at the sidewalk level within 16' of the Build-To-Line unless the Village Board determines that requests for such parking is incidental and needed for the function of the site.
- (b) No more than 6% of the Chair Factory District's total land area shall be used for off-street open surface parking.
- (c) On-Street parking spaces along the frontage of a lot, shall count towards satisfying total parking demand for a site.

(4) District Standards for, and Placement of, Loading Spaces
- (a) Loading, on-street or off-street, in open lots, and/or in enclosed structures, are permitted as an accessory use to any permitted use of a site.
- (b) Loading spaces may be designed to the dimensions needed to accomodate specific types of vehicles based on the activity and permitted use for which the loading is required.
- (c) Loading spaces may serve and count towards multiple functions of a site. For instance, a loading space may also double as a marked drop-off space.
- (d) Loading spaces may have signed use restrictions based on day of the week, time of the day, or hours of operation.
- (e) On-street spaces marked for the purposes of loading within the frontage of a site, shall count towards meeting loading requirements of a permitted use.

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63.4K SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PARKING AND LOADING STANDARDS

RATIOS	PARKING /	LOADING
RETAIL		
Retail	1sp/400sf	0sp for 0sf to 4,999sf 1sp for 5,000 to 14,999sf 2sp for 15,000 to 29,999sf 3sp for for 30,000 to 59,999sf 1 additional space per +40ksf
Restaurant	1sp/150sf	
Wholesale	1sp/2,000sf	
OFFICE		
Office	1sp/400sf	0sp for 1sf to 4,999sf 1sp for 5,000sf to 75,000sf 1 additional space per +70ksf
Medical Office	1sp/350sf	
Research & Development	1sp/400sf	
Professional Service	1sp/400sf	
RESIDENTIAL(1)		
Multifamily	1.15sp/du	1sp/building which may be used for parking by building maintenance staff/vehicle(s).
Townhouse	1.15sp/du	
Live-Work	1.15sp/du	
ENTERTAINMENT/ CULTURAL/ ARTS		
Entertainment/Cultural/Arts(2)	1sp/150sf	No requirement for dedicated Off-Street Loading Space
Catering Hall/ Event Space	1sp/150sf	
Micro-brewery	1sp/150sf	

HOSPITALITY(1)	PARKING /	LOADING
Hotel	0.8sp/room	1sp/100 rooms 1sp/100 beds
Inn / Bed & Breakfast	1sp/room	
Residential Care Facility	0.25sp/bed	
INSTITUTIONAL / CIVIC		
Institutional	1sp/500sf	No requirement for dedicated Off-Street Loading Space
Municipal	1sp/500sf	
Library	1sp/750sf	
Community Facility	1sp/750sf	
Indoor Recreation	1sp/350sf	
Educational Use	1sp/500sf	
LIGHT INDUSTRIAL		
Artisan Production	1sp/1,000sf	No requirement for dedicated Off-Street Loading Space
Data Information Center	1sp/1,000sf	
Urban Agriculture	1sp/2,000sf	
Small-Scale Renewable Energy	(None)	

Parking Schedule Units of Measure:

sp	Parking Spaces
sf	Square Feet
ksf	Square Feet (in Thousands)
room	Guest Suites (of Hotels or Inns)
bed	Bedrooms (of Residential Care Facilities)

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63.4L DISTRICT PARKING STANDARDS

(1) Shared use of parking.

(a) The total number of parking and loading spaces required for a given site shall be the sum of the requirements for each individual use, except that such total may be reduced in the Chair Factoir District by the Village Board where the applicant demonstrates that the capacity of the facility will satisfy the purposes of this chapter by reason of variation in the probable time of peak use by residents, visitors, patrons, deliverers and/or employees as well as use of certain alternative modes of transportation.

(2) The applicant may submit a Parking Management Plan by using the standards provided in the most recent edition of Shared Parking published by the Urban Land Institute and/or other supporting nationally and locally recognized standards to demonstrate to the maximum aggregate parking demand required after calculating for each use of a site. Where two or more uses on the Site (or Off-Site locations) are able to share the same parking spaces because their peak parking demands occur at different times, the same parking spaces may be counted towards the satisfaction of the parking requirements for each use. This calculation of peak demand may be formalized through the approval of a Parking Management Plan by the Village Board. Any Parking Management Plan submitted for approval shall include:

(a) The names of the uses that will share the parking.

(b) The location and number of parking spaces to be shared.

(c) An analysis showing that the peak parking times of the uses occur at different times and that the parking area will be large enough for the anticipated demands of all uses as prepared by a parking consultant or traffic engineer.

(d) A legal instrument such as a lease, easement or deed restriction that guarantees the parking will be provided on-site or off-site so long as the associated uses remain, access to the parking for multiple uses according to an approved Parking Management Plan, the time periods under which each use will have rights to count spaces for purposes of the space requirements, and restrictions on the hours of operation of each use, which shall be submitted to the Village Board for review and approval.

(3) Approval of Shared Parking: The Village Board may grant an application for shared parking associated with a Parking Management Plan if it finds that:

(a) The analysis provided presents a realistic projection of parking demands likely to be generated.

(b) Peak demand is sufficiently distinct so that the Village Board is able to clearly identify a number of spaces for which there will be limited overlap of parking demand.

(c) Rights to the use of spaces are clearly identified so as to facilitate enforcement.

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63.4L PARKING WITHIN THE CHAIR FACTORY DISTRICT

(1) Where applicants can demonstrate that parking space reductions are justified, the minimum number of parking spaces required to be provided by an applicant seeking Site Plan approval, may be reduced. The following parking space reductions from the total requirements may be granted by the Village Board where an applicant demonstrates to the Village Board such reductions are justified:

(a). Non-Reserved Parking:

i. For parking facilities of greater than 50 spaces applicants are eligible for up to a 10% parking reduction where 100% of the residential parking is not reserved or dedicated for individuals or groups.

ii. The approval and allowance of such reductions-shall be at the discretion of the Village Board.

(b) Attendant and Valet Parking:

i. For parking facilities, or portions of, greater than 50 spaces offering attendant parking facilities operated at least 16 hours per day, up to a 15% parking reduction shall be available at the discretion of the Village Board.

ii. Parking facilities, or portions of, designed exclusively for use by attendant parking facilities may be designed to permit tandem parking and other compact parking formats.

(c) Car Share Parking:

i. For facilities, or portions of, with 20 spaces or more, total required parking spaces may be reduced by 3 conventional parking spaces for every one Car Share space provided up to a maximum of a 15% reduction of the total parking required.

(d) Maximize Shared Parking

i. The Applicant shall work with the Village Board to ensure that, to the extent possible, any new parking is available for shared use and/or public use.

(3) After considering all parking reductions permitted above, in no event shall the total required parking be reduced by more than 20% below the base requirements

(4) Off-Site Parking

(a) Off-Site Municipal or Private Parking may be provided within 1,350 feet from such site.

(b) Up to 100% of on-site parking demand may be fulfilled through off-site parking arrangements.

(5) Mechanical Parking

(a) Applicants seeking to utilize mechanically-assisted and/or automated parking facilities must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Village Board that safety, operational, and dimensional design considerations have been met in order to receive permission to use such assisted facilities as an alternate parking facility type.

(6) Fee-In-Lieu

(a) Where an Applicant seeks to reduce the required number of required parking spaces, the Applicant shall pay a fee in-lieu to the applicable agency according to a fee schedule established by the Village Board.

(b) The fee schedule shall establish a one-time fee-in-lieu payment and may set an annual fee-in-lieu payment.

(c) The fee-in-lieu payments, including one-time and on-going fees, applicable to a specific site plan application shall be established at site plan approval and shall remain in place according to a fixed schedule of payments.

(d) The fee-in-lieu payments shall be dedicated to:

i. The construction and operation of shared use and/or public use parking facilities.

ii. Construction and operation of transit facilities and/or transit service(s) that will reduce the overall demand for parking within the Chair Factory District.

(e) The Village may accept such fees to replace a portion of the required parking spaces which will not be provided on site, however in no case shall the reduction of parking exceed the standards established in this section. Where appropriate, the Village Board may require the submission of studies and plans by the applicant demonstrating that practical considerations preclude the provision of the minimum number of parking spaces on site.

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SECTION 64.0 ADMINISTRATION & AUTHORITY

(1) The Village Board of Trustees shall have site plan approval authority for all applications under Chapter 245, Article XII.
(2) All applications will require site plan approval in accordance with the procedures outlined in §245-16 and as modified by the provisions of Section 64.1.
(3) All or any portion(s) of land area within a district defined of Article XII may be subdivided either horizontally or vertically for purposes of sale, lease or mortgage and/or (to the extent permitted by law) tax lot creation provided that all lots, parcels or development sites so created shall be developed and used in accordance with the standards of Article XII.
(4) A subdivision plat shall be recorded in accordance with the adimistrative procedures of the Subdivision Regulations of the Village. The authority to approve site plans and subdivisions of land in a Defined District of Article XII are vested in the Board of Trustees of the Village.
(5) An applicant for subdivision approval shall submit a subdivision plat that meets the intent of the Subdivision Regulations of the Village. All applications for subdivision approval must reasonably conform to the approved concept development plan. All applications for subdivision must be approved by the Village Board of Trustees.

64.1A PRELIMINARY APPLICATION PROCESS

(1) Prior to the filing of an application for site plan or subdivision approval for a development under the standards of a Defined District of Article XII, the applicant and/or their designated representative shall meet in person with the Technical Advisory Committee, which shall consist of the Village Engineer, Village Planner, and the Building Inspector. The applicant and technical advisory commitee will use the meeting to discuss the site plan and/or subdivision, and the necessary steps to be undertaken to achieve the requirements of site development.
(2) The applicant shall submit preliminary plans which define any proposed street types, public frontages, civic spaces, private frontates, and/or any regulated architectural components of the zoning overlay to the Technical Advisory Committee for review and comment.
(3) The Technical Advisory Committee, shall review the plans and accompanying documents to ascertain what development standard(s) will apply to the project, and determine general conformity with a defined district of Article XII.
(4) The Village's Technical Advisory Committee, will hold an advisory response meeting to a preliminary site plan and/or subdivision submission with regard to changes deemed advisable and with regard to the need for requesting relief from any provisions of the Village's Administrative and/or General Legislation prior to submitting an official site plan application to the Village Board.
(5) After the preliminary site plan submission and response process is complete, an official site plan application shall be prepared by the applicant or designated representative in keeping with §245-16 and in accordance with the provisions of Section 64.1B.

64.1B OFFICIAL PLAN SUBMISSION REVIEW

(1) After the required preliminary submission and response meeting outlined in Section 64.1A, formal application for site plan approval shall be submitted to the Building Department. The Building Department shall promulgate administrative procedures on submission requirements. The Department shall distribute submission documents to Village Board for review.
(2) Applications for site plan and/or for subdivision approval may be referred by the Mayor to the Planning Board and/or Architectural Review Board, after a determination that the application is complete. The Planning Board of the Village shall review and produce an advisory report for the Board of Trustees within 45 days of the request. The Planning Board shall submit its report to the Technical Advisory Committee, which may recommend plan modifications and/or conditions of approval.
(2) If the Planning Board fails to submit a report to the Mayor within 45 days of a request, it will be assumed that the Planning Board has no comments and the Board of Trustees will advance with rendering its decision on the referred application.

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64.1C ARTICLE AMENDMENTS

(1) Article XII may be amended from time to time in accordance with State Environmental Quality Review Act. Prior to adopting an amendment, the Mayor shall refer such proposed amendment(s) to the Planning Board and the Master Developer (if a Master Developer Agreement is in effect) for comment.

(2) If comments are not received within 30 days of such referral, the Village of Haverstraw may enact the amendment without receiving such comment. All such amendments shall be consistent with the most current Recommended Action Plan and the SEQRA Statement of Findings.

64.1E SITE PLAN AMENDMENTS

(1) Proposed amendments to site plans shall be presented first to the Village Planner, who shall determine whether they require an additional pre-submission conference, review, and approval by the Village Board (for major amendments) or an expedited review and administrative approval by the Village Planner (for minor amendments).

(2) The Technical Advisory Committee, with the approval of the Mayor, may establish and adopt criteria for determining the degree of change to a site plan that triggers the need for a new application and full approval process.

64.1F DURATION OF APPROVALS

(1) All site plans and/or subdivisions approved under the provisions of Article XII shall remain valid for a period of two years from the date of site plan approval and an applicant shall obtain necessary building permits and other approvals from permitting agencies and commence construction within such time period.

(2) Approvals shall expire after two years unless the applicant can show good cause for its failure to obtain a building permit, in which case an extension of up to one year may be granted by the Village Board. If construction is suspended for a period greater than six months, the Village Board shall be empowered to notify the applicant and revoke the suspension if such suspension is not found to be for good cause.

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SECTION 65.0 COMPLIANCE WITH THE STATE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY REVIEW ACT (SEQRA)

(1) In accordance with the State Environmental Quality Review Act (SEQRA) and the regulation issued thereunder, the Village of Haverstraw has accepted and approved a Draft and Final Environmental Impact Statement (SEIS) and a Statement of Findings which analyze the potential environmental impacts of adoption of this Zoning Overlay. The Statement of Findings, summarizes the Village's findings on these potential impacts and establishes conditions and thresholds for development under this Article and the extent to which further SEQRA review may be required for site-specific impacts of projects to be built under the terms of this Article.

(2) The Findings Statement includes conditions and thresholds for defined district(s) within Article XII. All development within a defined district that is subject to SEQRA shall comply with the conditions and thresholds in the Findings Statement

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CHAPTER 245 - ARTICLE XII: SECTION 66 RESERVED

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CHAPTER 245 - ARTICLE XII: SECTION 67 RESERVED

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SECTION 68 DESIGN STANDARDS MANUAL

SECTION 68.1 INTENT AND PURPOSE

(1) In order to create buildings that contribute to the redevelopment and revitalization of the Village of Haverstraw as intended by the Village's Recommended Action Plan (Adopted on XX/XX Month and Day of 2023) and based on the Village of Haverstraw's input as documented, and to contribute to the long-term sustainability of the Village, street, frontage, and street wall design shall be guided by the standards contained in this Section, as well as the other Sections as defined in Chapter 245, Article XII.

(2) The primary purpose of this Section is to institute legally enforceable regulations pertaining to regulated design elements of Traveled Way, Public Frontages, and Private Frontages within the defined district(s) of the zoning overlay. Where guidelines are created, the purpose is to clarify the intent and ensure that the integrity of this Article is achieved through visual appeal of the public realm.

(3) Where terms "may", "can", "should", or their synonyms are used, the intent is to provide guidance to achieve the intent of this section.

(4) All applications for building construction are required to conform to applicable New York State Building Codes and other applicable local life safety ordinances, laws, and regulations. Other applicable local codes include Chapter 141 Flood Damage Prevention, Chapter 197 Stormwater Management and Erosion and Sediment Control, Chapter 150 Landmark and Historic Preservation, along with other codes enumerated by the Village as Administrative and General Legislation.

SECTION 68.2 STREET TYPE DESIGN STANDARDS

(1) The standards in this section apply to Streets, Access Lanes, Pedestrian Ways. Where appropriate it can also define features of Pedestrian Paths and Pedestrian Trails.

(2) Section 68.2(A) is a Table of Permitted (and prohibited) Private Frontages for Street Types A, B, C, D, E, & F.

(3) Section 68.3(A) is a Table of Permitted (and prohibitied) Private Frontages types for Pedestrian Paths.

(4) Pedestrian Trails are also shown in Table 68.3(A) but are not an applicable condition for establishing a Built-To--Line and/or for permitting Private Frontages.

(5) **Drive Lane**
All Drive Lanes on New Streets shall be 10 feet or as otherwise approved by the Village Board.

(6) **Access Lane**
All New Access Lanes should endeavor for a 10 foot width and/or serve dual a purspose as a Pedestrian Way.

(7) **Drainage**
(a) All New Roads shall utilize natural drainage or alternate systems (such as infiltration wells) as approved by the Village Board, provided that they are engineering feasible and ecologically sound and supported by the Village Engineer.

(8) **Cul-de-sacs**
Cul-de-sacs shall be prohibited unless a connection to a Pedestrian Way or Pedestrian Trail is provided at the terminus.

(9) **Bicycle Lane**
Where a Bicycle Lane is planned or intended, it will be incorporated into design as recommended by the Superintendent of Public Works.
(a) Bicycle Lanes shall be striped, singed, and marked.
(b) All Shared Lanes shall provide signage and markings.

(10) **Curb, Crosswalks, and Ramps**
(a) The Curb Return Radii should strive for achieving 8 feet to 12 feet on new streets, with an understanding that accomodations for larger effective turning radii shall be accomodated for the movements of emergency vehicles along critical response paths.
(b) Curbs can be rolling or flat where alternate drainage systems including bioswales are provided.
(c) Crosswalks shall be marked.
(d) Curb extensions with perpendicular curb ramps and landscaping shall be incorporated at crosswalks where possible.
(d) New and reconfigured streets shall meet ADA standards in all areas and features where feasible.

(11) **Center Medians**
When center medians are included in street types, they shall be designed in keeping with the shown dimentions for the street type.

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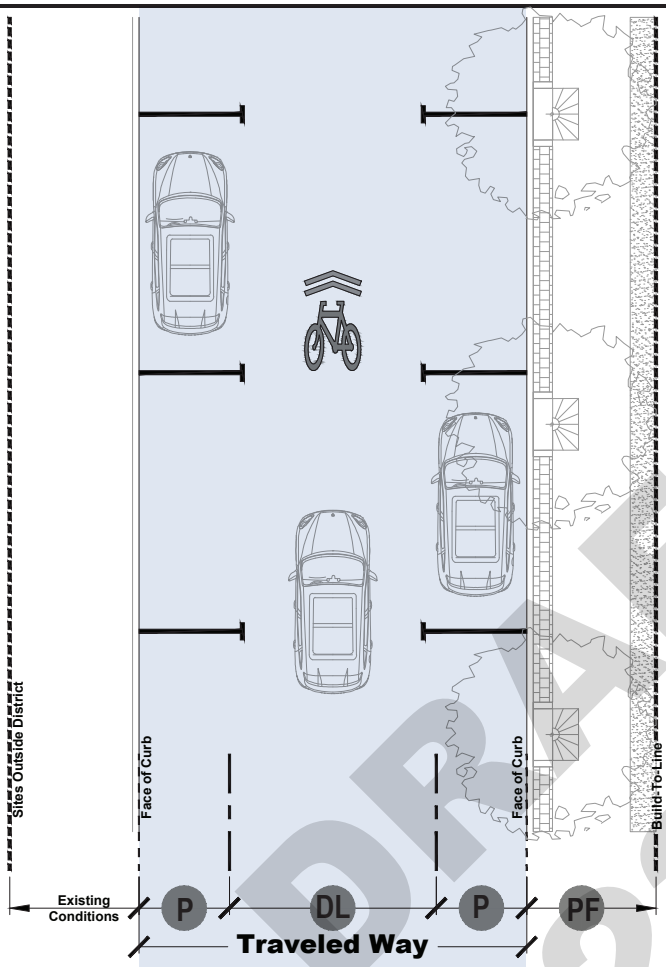
SECTION 68.2A TABLE OF PERMITTED PRIVATE FRONTAGES

STREET TYPE / FRONTAGE		PF-1 STOREFRONT	PF-2 ARCADE	PF-3 URBAN	PF-4 STOOP	PF-5 PORCH	PF-6 LIGHTWELL	PF-7 FORECOURT	PF-8 TERRACE
A-1	Street	P	P	P	X	X	X	X	X
B-1	Street	X	X	X	P	P	P	P	P
C-1	Street	X	X	X	P	P	P	P	P
D-1	Street	X	X	X	P	P	P	P	P
E-1	Square	P	P	P	X	X	X	P	P
F-1	Access/Way	P	P	P	X	X	X	P	P

P = Permitted
X = Prohibited
N/A = Not Applicable

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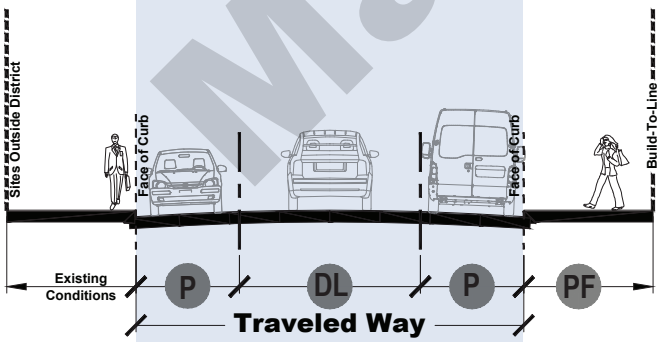
68.2B STREET A-1



Street with one-way travel, parallel parking both sides. Bicycles share Drive Lane

Minimum Street Section Widths

ID	Width	Description
DL	14’	Drive Lane (Shared Bike Lane)
P	8’	Parallel Parking
PF	10’	Public Frontage



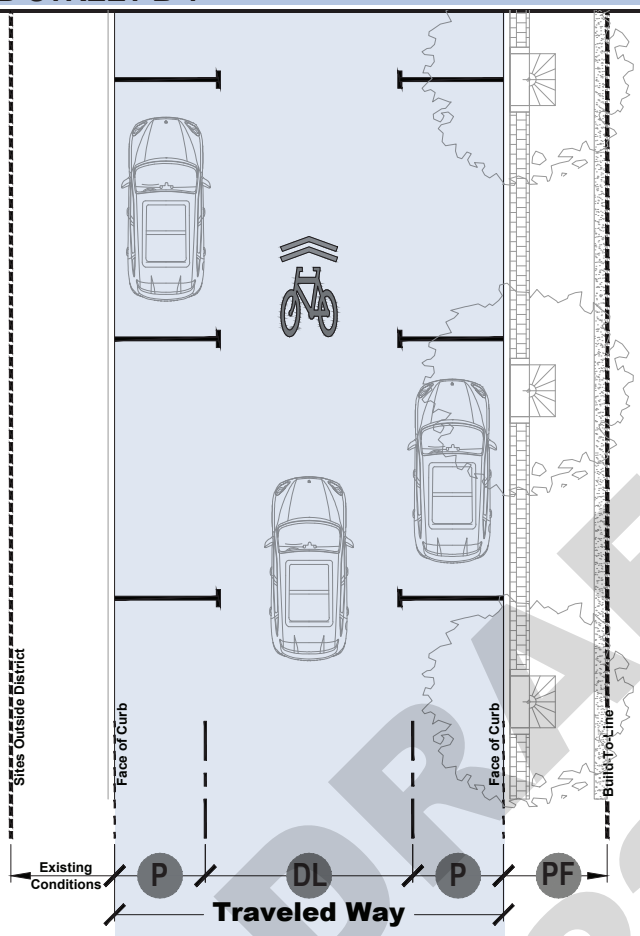
LEGEND

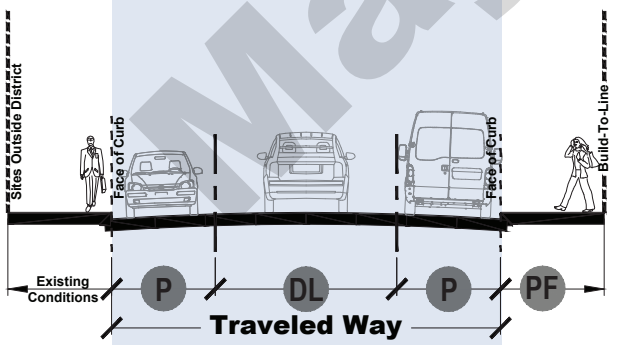
DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Traveled Way Shown in Blue

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68.2D STREET B-1





Street with one-way travel, parallel parking both sides. Bicycles share Drive Lane

Minimum Street Section Widths

ID	Width	Description
DL	14’	Drive Lane (Shared Bike Lane)
P	8’	Parallel Parking
PF	8’	Public Frontage

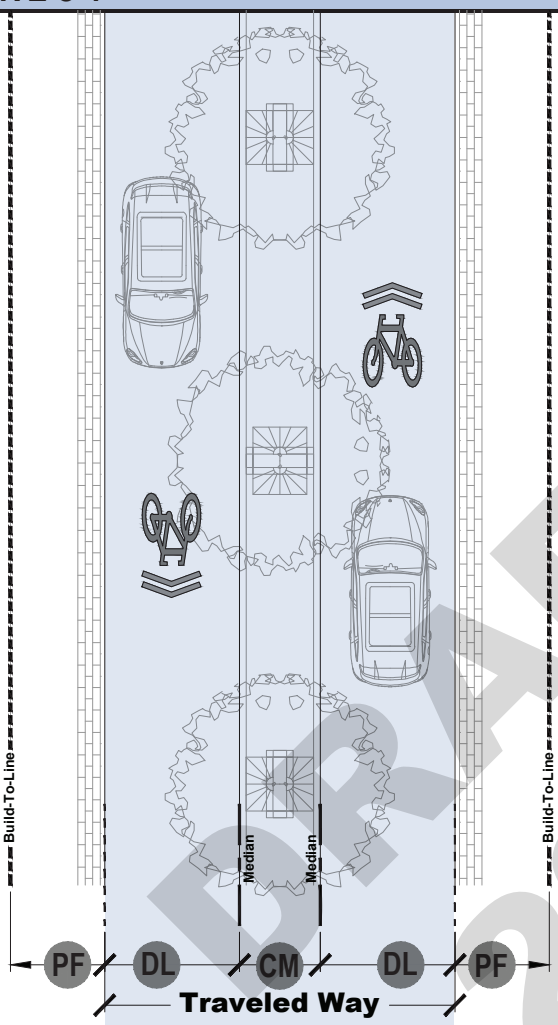
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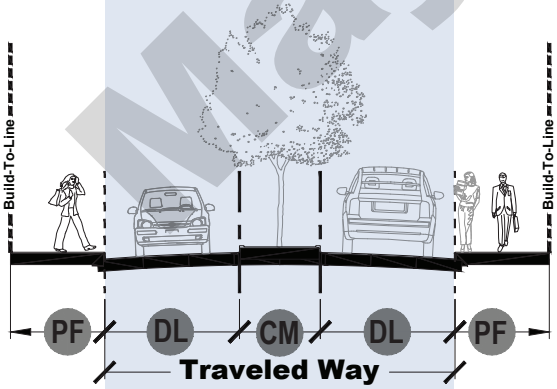
DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Traveled Way Shown in Blue

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68.2F DRIVE C-1





Street with two-way travel,
with center median.
No on-street parking.
Bicycles share Drive Lane.

Minimum Street Section Widths

ID	Width	Description
DL	10’	Drive Lane (Shared Bike Lane)
CM	6’	Center Median
PF	7’	Public Frontage

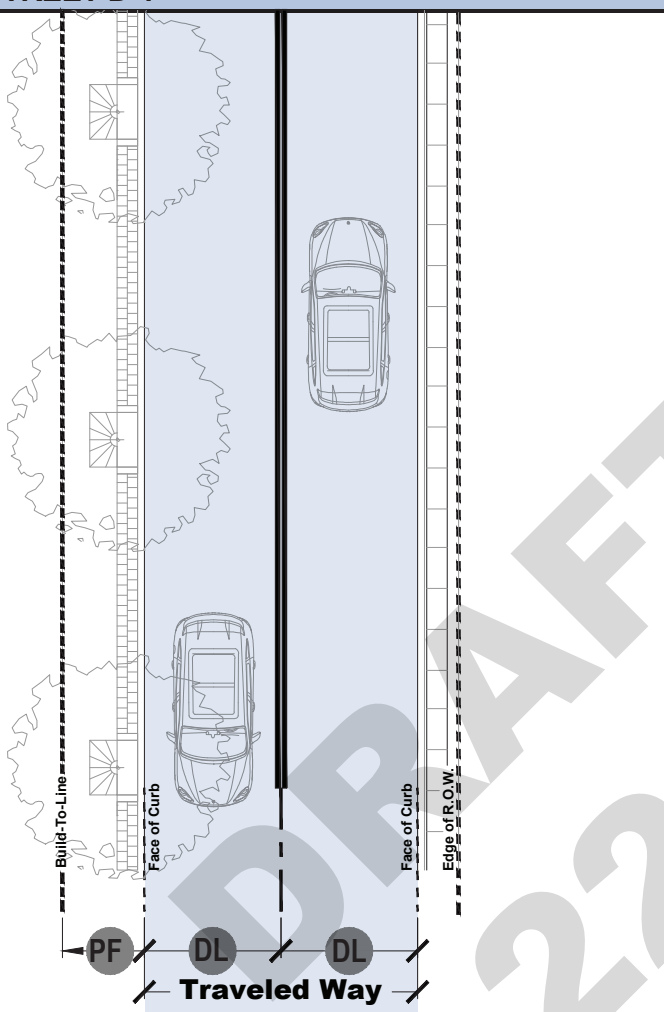
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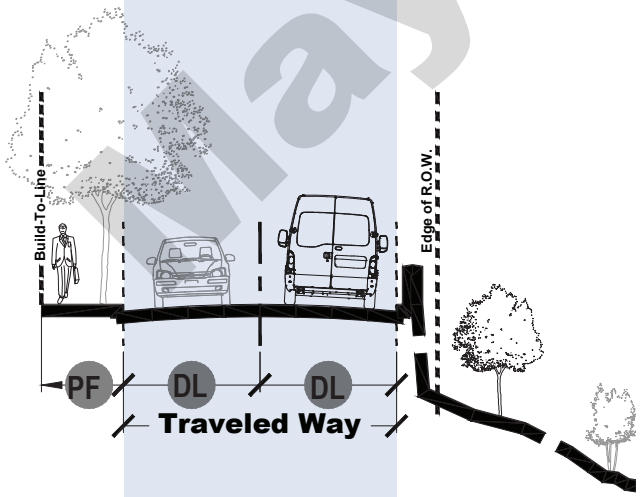
DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Traveled Way Shown in Blue

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68.2G STREET D-1





Street with two-way travel, no on-street parking. Bicycle Lanes not marked.

Minimum Street Section Widths

ID	Width	Description
DL	10’	Drive Lane
PF	6’	Public Frontage

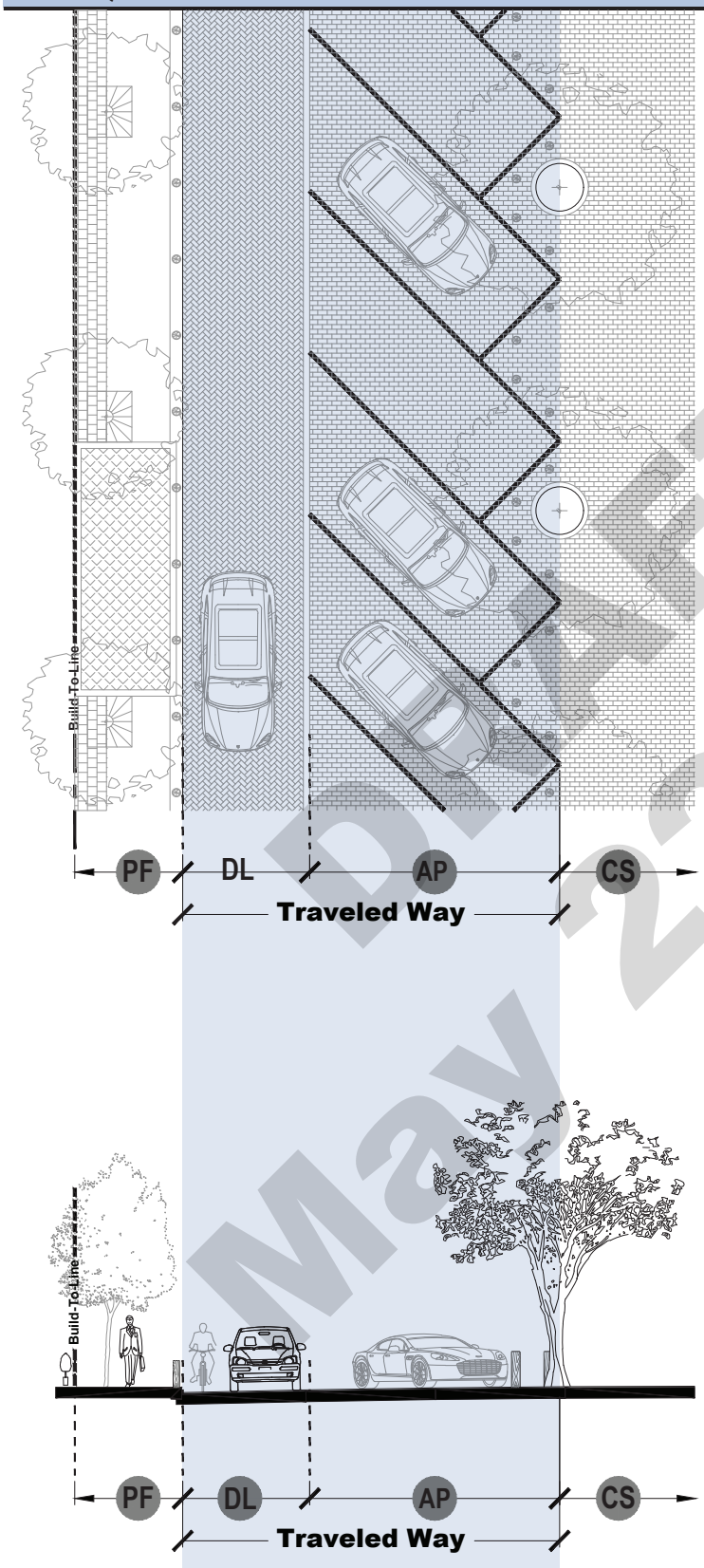
LEGEND

DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Traveled Way Shown in Blue

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68.2I SQUARE / GREEN E-1



Street with Square or Green in the center and two-way travel, no on-street parking. Bicycles share Drive Lane.

Minimum Street Section Widths

ID	Width	Description
DL	10’	Drive Lane
PF	8’-6”	Public Frontage
AP	+/-20’	Angled Parking

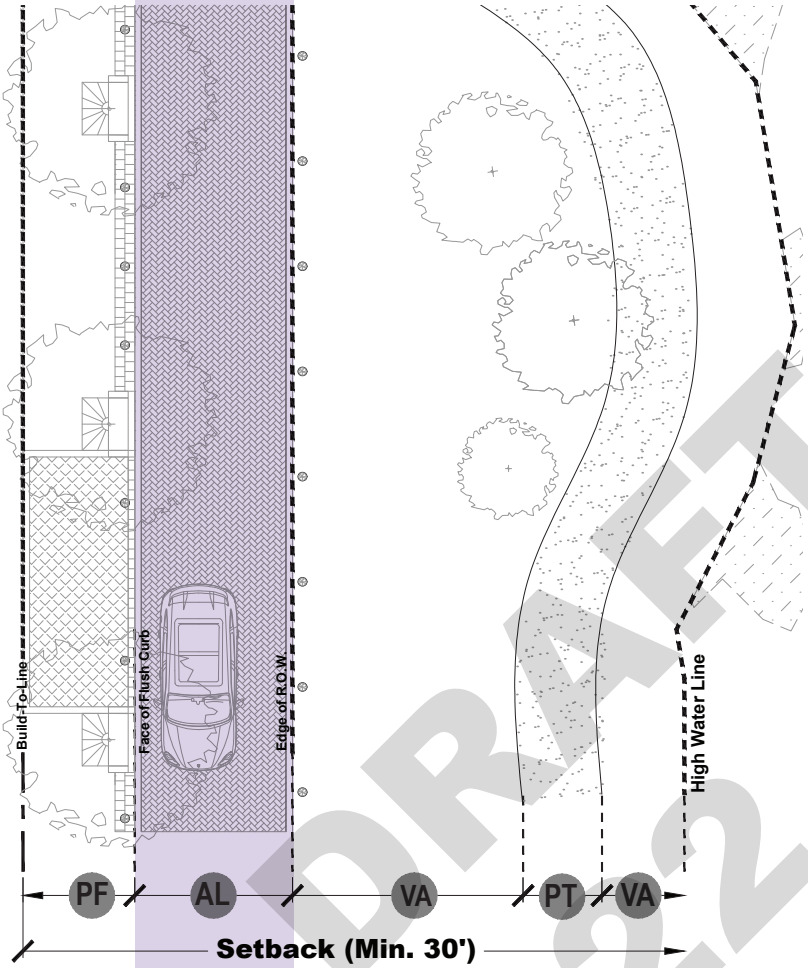
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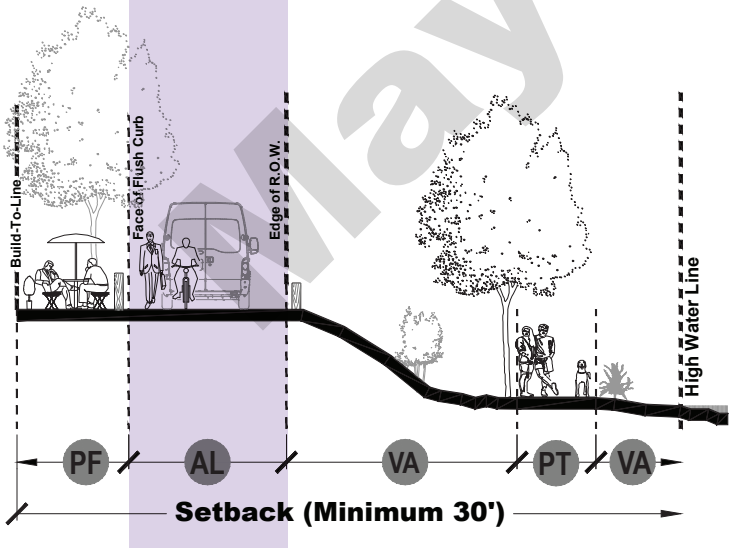
DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Traveled Way Shown in Blue

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68.2K ACCESS LANE / PEDESTRIAN WAY F-1





Emergency Access / Pedestrian Way, vehicular access limited, no on-street parking. Bicycles share Access Lane with Pedestrians.

Minimum Lane / Way Widths

ID	Width	Description
AL	18'	(2-Way Access Drive Lane)
AL	16'	(Emergency Access Lane)
AL	10'	(Min. Service Access Lane)
AL	8' (Min.)	Pedestrian Way
VA	(Varies)	Vegetaged Area
PT	6'	Pedestrian Trail
PF	8'-6"	Public Frontage

LEGEND

DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Access / Way Shown in Purple

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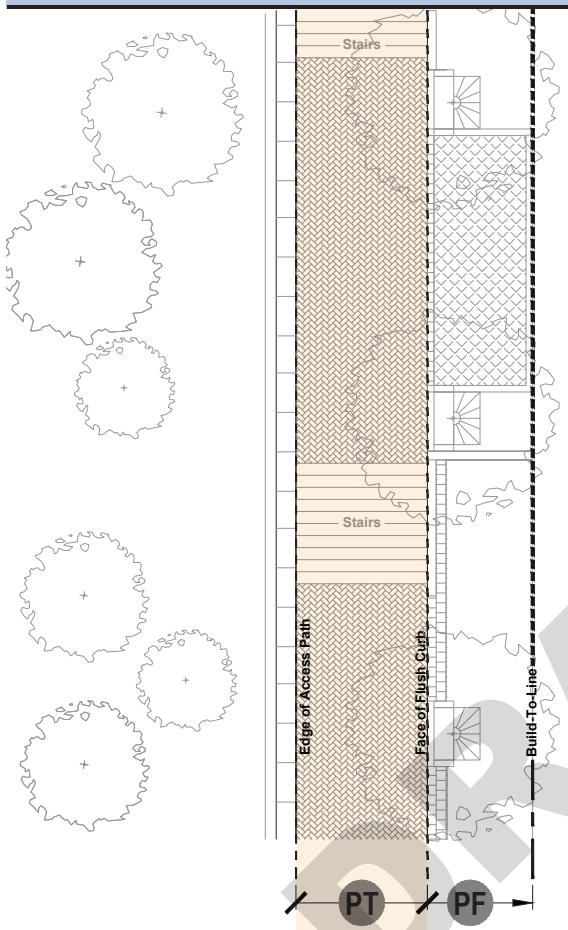
68.3A PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL PRIVATE FRONTAGE ALLOWANCE TABLE

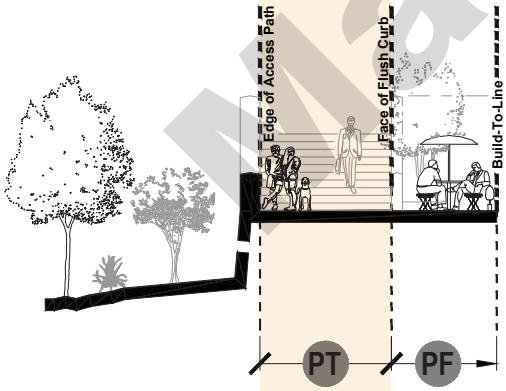
STREET TYPE / FRONTAGE		PF-1 STOREFRONT	PF-2 ARCADE	PF-3 URBAN	PF-4 STOOP	PF-5 PORCH	PF-6 LIGHTWELL	PF-7 FORECOURT	PF-8 TERRACE
P-1	Pedestrian Path	P	X	P	P	X	X	P	P
P-2	Pedestrian Path	P	X	X	P	P	X	P	P
T-1	Pedestrian Trail	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
T-2	Pedestrian Trail	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

P = Permitted
X = Prohibited
N/A = Not Applicable

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68.3B PEDESTRIAN PATH P-1





Pedestrian Path, either in public way or Acess Easement.

Minimum Pedestrian Path Widths

ID	Width	Description
PT	10’	Pedestrian Path
PF	8’-6”	Public Frontage (Transition Zone Only)

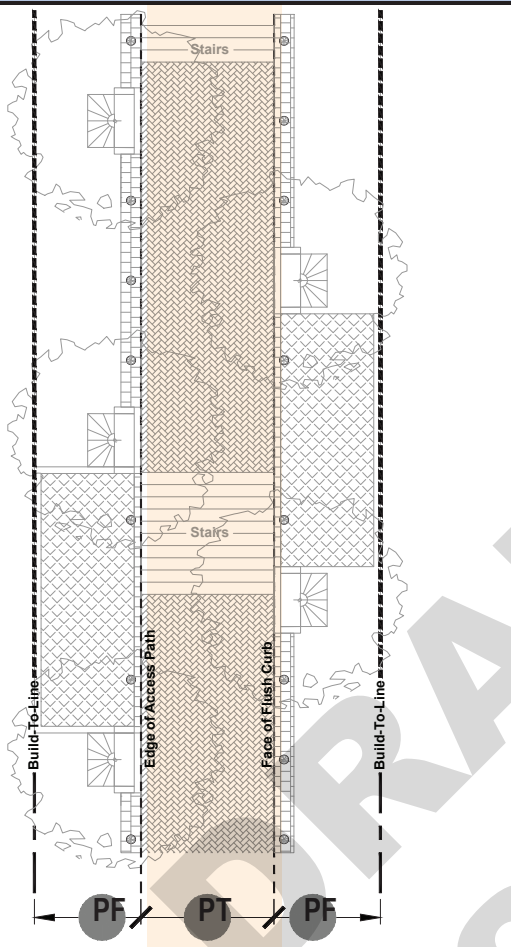
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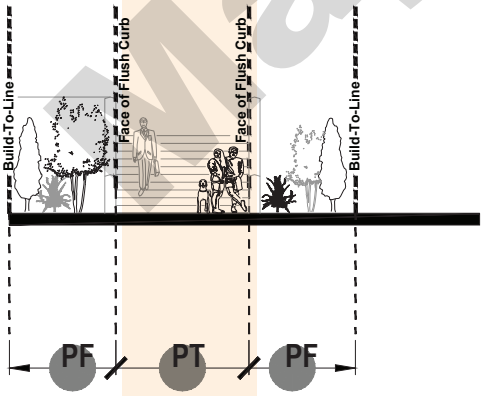
DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Pedestrian Path / Trail Shown in Yellow.

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68.3C PEDESTRIAN PATH P-2





Drive with two-way travel, no on-street parking. Bicycle Lanes as part of Multi-use Path or Trail.

Minimum Pedestrian Path Widths

ID	Width	Description
PT	10’	Pedestrian Path
PF	8’-6”	Public Frontage (Transition Zone Only)

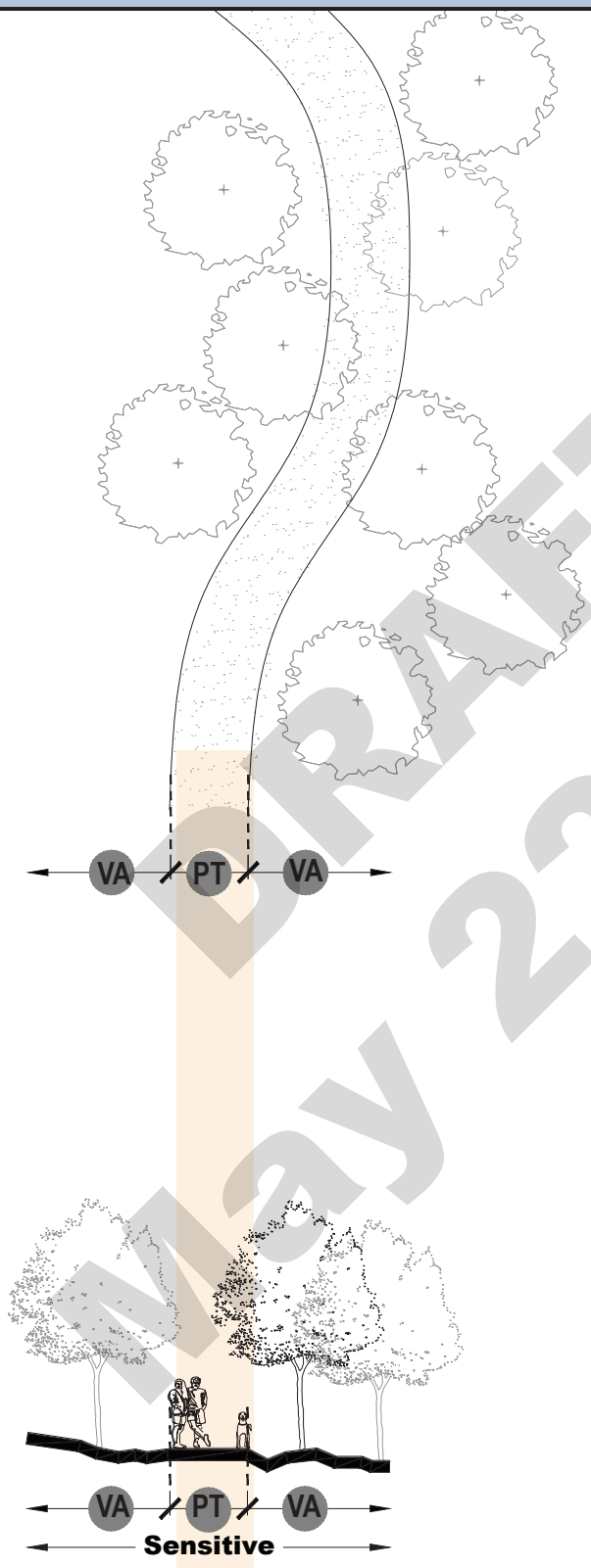
LEGEND

DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Pedestrian Path / Trail Shown in Yellow.

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68.3D PEDESTRIAN TRAIL T-1



Pedestrian Trail on sensitive environmental conditions. Trail either on public lands or private property with easement.

Minimum Pedestrian Trail Widths

ID	Width	Description
PT	6'-0" (Min.)	Pedestrian Trail
VA	(Varies)	Vegetative Area

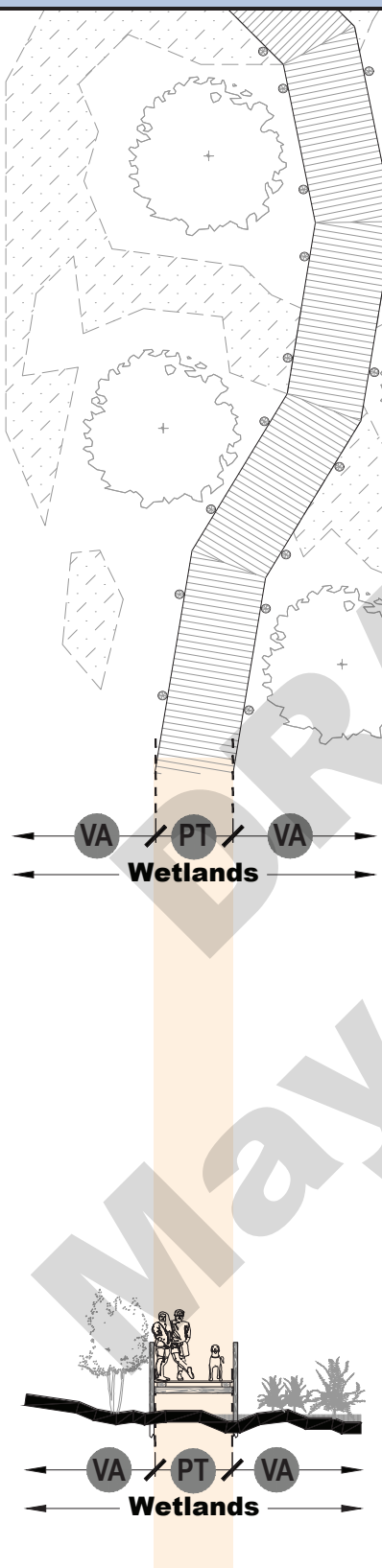
LEGEND

DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Pedestrian Path / Trail Shown in Yellow.

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68.3E PEDESTRIAN PATH T-2



Pedestrian Trail on wetland or over water conditions. Trail either on public lands or private property with easement.

Minimum Pedestrian Trail Widths

ID	Width	Description
PT	6'-0" (Min.)	Pedestrian Trail
VA	(Varies)	Vegetative Area

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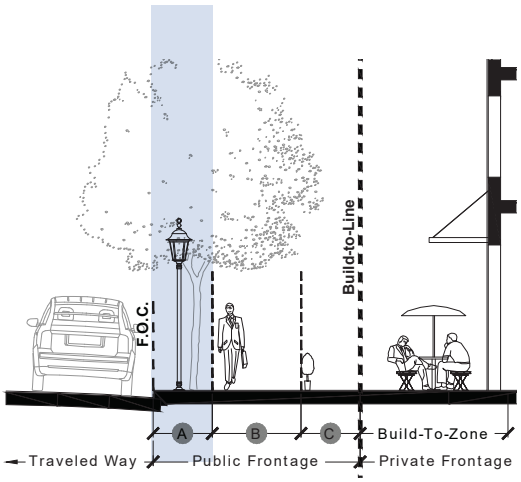
LEGEND

DL	DRIVE LANE	P	PARALLEL PARKING
CL	CENTER LANE	AP	ANGLED PARKING
AL	ACCESS LANE / WAY	CS	CIVIC SPACE
PF	PUBLIC FRONTAGE	PT	PEDESTRIAN PATH / TRAIL
VA	VEGETATED AREA	CM	CENTER MEDIAN PLAZA / MALL

Pedestrian Path / Trail Shown in Yellow.

SECTION 68.4 PUBLIC FRONTAGE DESIGN STANDARDS

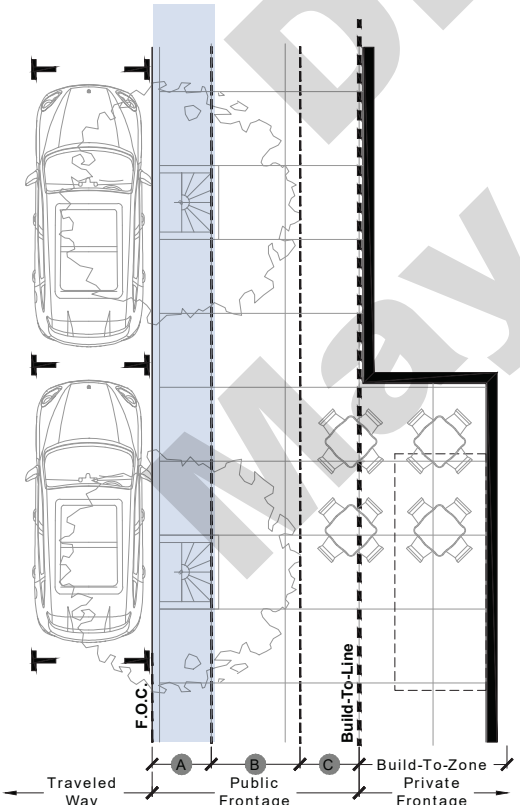
SECTION 68.4A LANDSCAPE AND FURNISHING ZONE DESIGN STANDARDS



LANDSCAPE AND FURNISHING ZONE — A

PEDESTRIAN CLEARWAY — B

TRANSITION ZONE — C



(a) The intent of the Landscape and Furnishing Zone is established in Section 63.4C and minimum dimensional regulations are provided in Section 63.2B Table of Standards.

(b) Street trees shall be planted within the Landscape and Furnishing Zone, using best tree planting practices

[1] The distance between the planted trees shall be at intervals best suited for the approved species and in coordination with the function and design of the adjacent parking type.

[2] Planted trees shall be of an approved species grown under the same climatic conditions, free of insect pests and disease, suitable for street use and durable under the maintenance contemplated.

[3] Planting shall consist of native species where possible and practical.

[4] Tree size shall be set by the Village Engineer.

[5] Trees can be planted in Tree pits where Storefronts are required or provided and the paved sidewalk extends to the street.

[a] Tree pits shall be minimum 3'6" in size

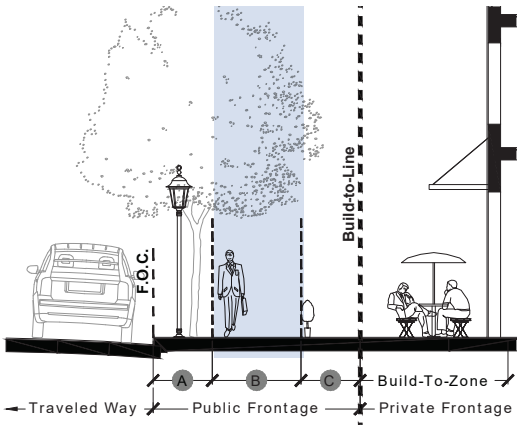
[b] Tree pits shall provide grates where Store fronts are required in the Planned Development District, as indicated on District Standards Map

[c] Tree pits can be exchanged for Verge, where raingarden, bioretention or vegetated swale is provided.

[6] An exception to tree planting requirement may be considered by the Board where native woodlands and understory plants are deemed a desirable component of the localized landscape worthy of natural resources protection, and where the introduction of formal street trees form an alien intrusion into such landscapes.

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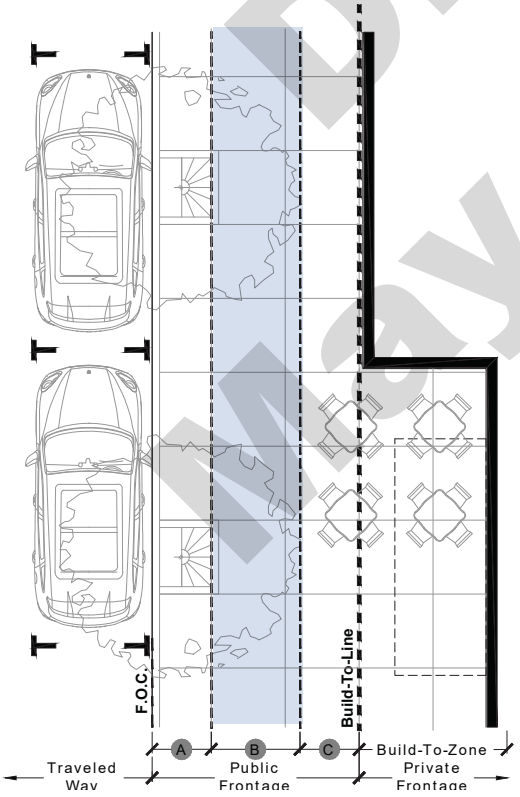
SECTION 68.4B PEDESTRIAN CLEARWAY DESIGN STANDARDS



LANDSCAPE AND FURNISHING ZONE — A

PEDESTRIAN CLEARWAY — B

TRANSITION ZONE — C



(a) The Pedestrian Clearway is the area of the Public Frontage allowing for a clear passage of pedestrians of a minimum dimensional regulations provided in Section 63.2B Table of Standards.

(i) Pedestrian Clearway shall connect to extended areas of sidewalk in Landscape and Furnishing and Transition Zones, where provided, to create larger sidewalk areas that extend from the curb to the face of the buildings.

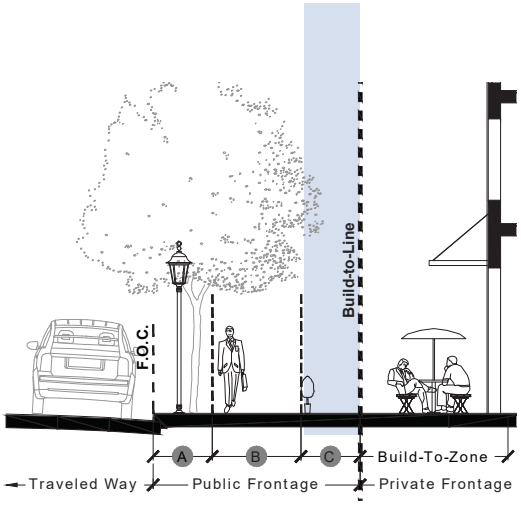
(ii) Pedestrian Clearway shall to the extent possible align with street crossings.

(b) Where constructed of different materials, Pedestrian Clearway shall provide a surface that is leveled, without breaks, at slopes per ADA requirements.

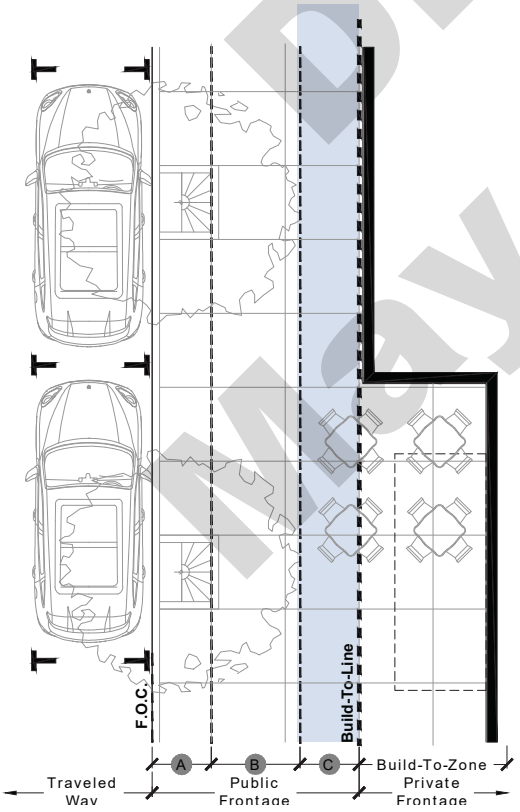
(c) Pavement materials shall be approved by the Village Board.

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SECTION 68.4C TRANSITION ZONE DESIGN STANDARDS



LANDSCAPE AND FURNISHING ZONE — A
PEDESTRIAN CLEARWAY — B
TRANSITION ZONE — C



(a) The intent of the Transition Zone is established in Section 63.2C and minimum dimensional regulations are provided in Section 63.2B Table of Standards.

(b) Transition zone provides for variations within Private Frontage conditions, to best accommodate for change in building use and building facade movement as permitted by Section 63.2B Table of Standards.

(c) Transition Zone shall provide for storefront interaction area and allow for Active Edge requirements per Section 63.4E(5) Active Edge Frontage Requirements.

(d) At building entrances:

(i) Transition Zone shall ensure flush connection between the Pedestrian Clearway and building entryway as required by ADA standards.

(ii) Transition Zone shall ensure that entryway door operation or building fixtures and signage does not encroach into Pedestrian Clearway

(e) Tables and seating furniture are permitted within this area for extended outdoor dining or resting areas.

(f) Temporary product displays are permitted if not encroaching into the Pedestrian Clearway and are removed at the close of each business day.

(c) Landscaping of Transition Zone is encouraged and shall be set by the Village Engineer.

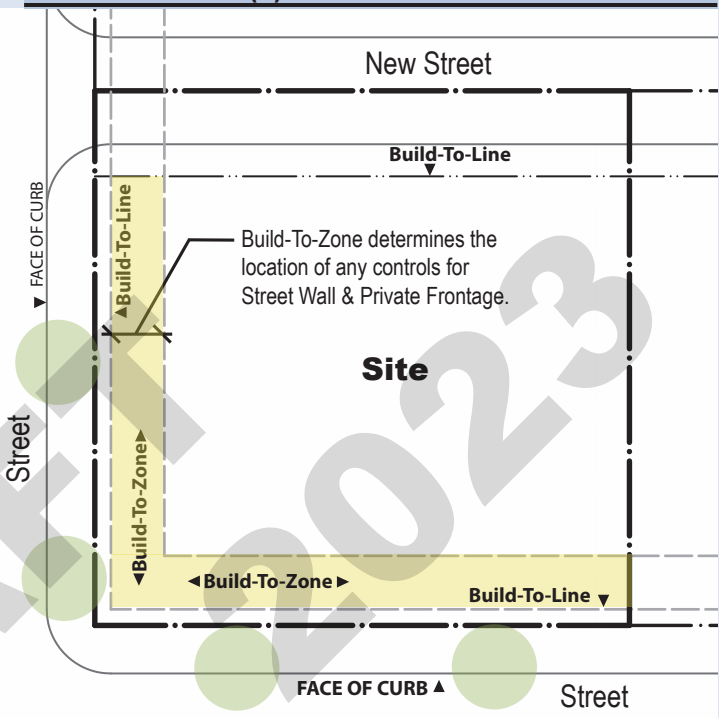
DRAFT May 22, 2023

SECTION 68.4D SITE LAYOUT ILLUSTRATIONS

SECTION 68.4D(1) SITE LAYOUT

a. Site layout is for reference only, to assist applicants in applying the standards for the Downtown Overlay Zone. The figures in this section are provided as a courtesy to applicants and do not supersede or modify the standards established in other sections of Article XII.

SECTION 68.4D(2) SITE LAYOUT DIAGRAM



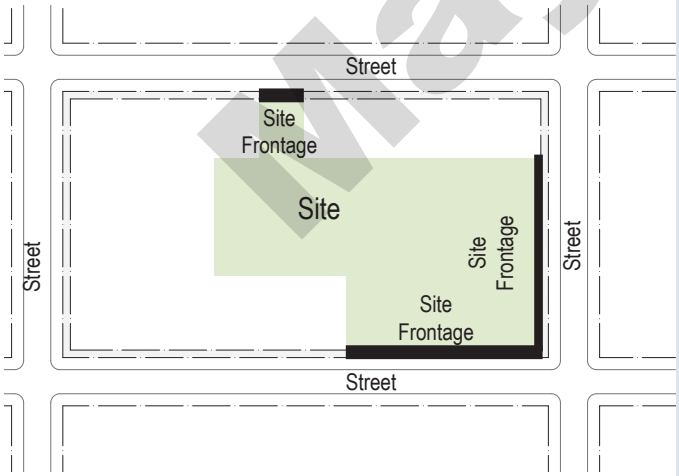
SECTION 68.4D(3) SITE FRONTAGE

FRONTAGE, SITE

The length of a Site fronting on a Street or Pedestrian Way, measured in feet along the Build-To-Line.

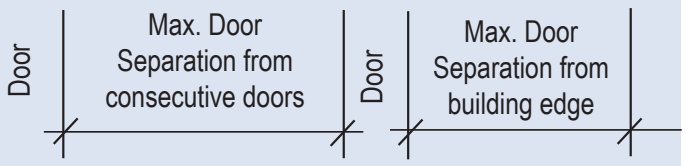
FRONTAGE, TOTAL SITE

The sum of all Site Frontages facing one or more Streets, measured in feet, located on one contiguous Development Site, excluding frontages along Pedestrian Ways.



SECTION 68.4D(4) FREQUENT ENTRYWAYS





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SECTION 68.4D SITE LAYOUT ILLUSTRATIONS

SECTION 68.4D(5) BUILD-TO-ZONE CORNER

a. Whereas the Face of Curb is a control for establishing the Build-To-Line and susequently the Build-To-Zone for Private Frontages, some additional controls for corners may be needed.

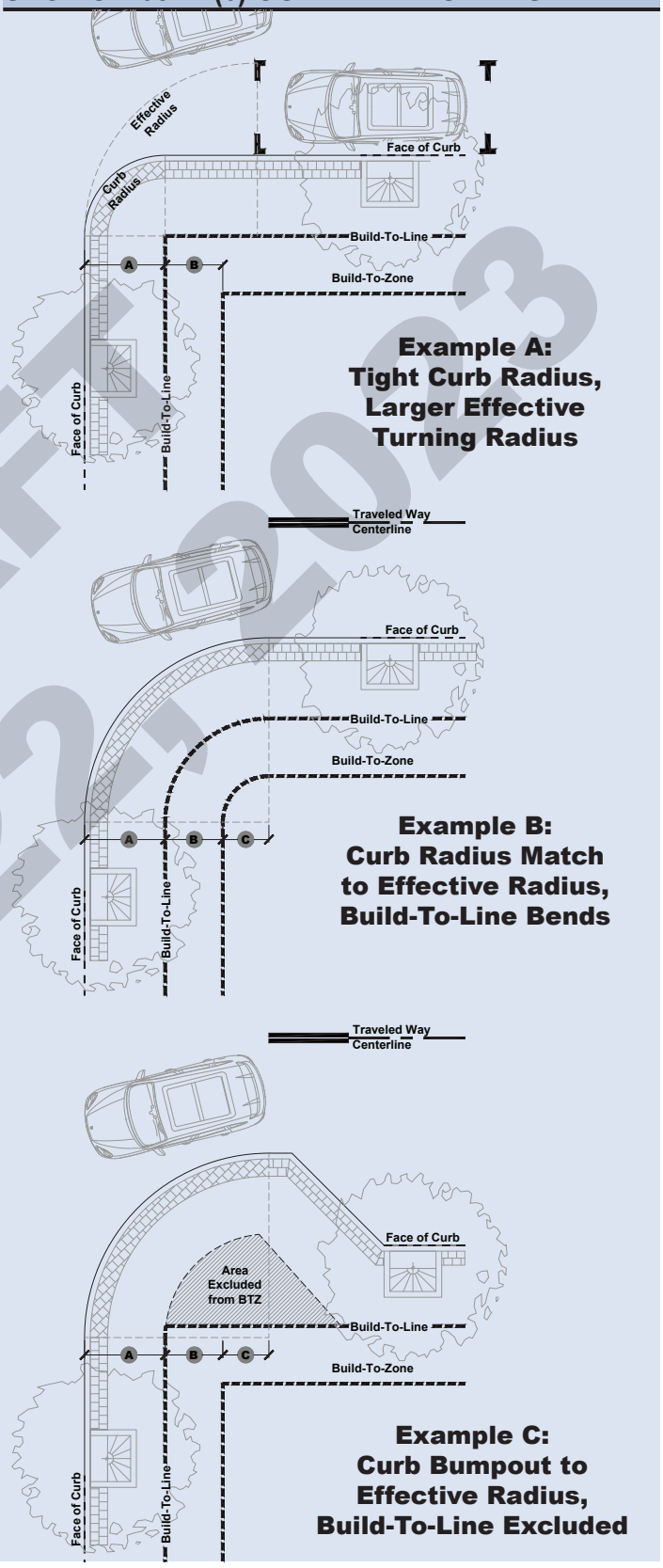
b. The corner diagrams in Section 68.4D(6) give three examples of how an Effective Radius and Curb Radius interact with the Build-To-Line.

[1] Example A illustrates a Traveled Way with on-street parking between the Drive Lane (or Access Lane) and the Face of Curb. This condition creates a larger Effective Turning Radius than the Curb Radius which allows for more flexibility in how the movement of larger vehicles can be accomodated. In this condition, the Build-To-Line and Build-To-Zone are typically unchanged from the normal location.

[2] Example B illustrates how a larger Curb Radius can conincide with the Effective Radius of the Traveled Way. In any condition where the Curb Radius exceeds the width of the Public Frontage (shown as “A” dimension string), then a Radius of the Build-to-Line will be introduced to maintain a parallel width between the Face of Curb and the Build-To-Line. Under these conditions, the Build-To-Zone maintains a width from the Build-To-Line as defined in this Article.

[3] Example C illustrates how a Face of Curb can bump out towards the center of a Traveled Way (typically when on-street parking ends). Under these corner conditions, the Build-To-Line will not follow the bumped out portion of a Curb. Where a bumped out curb exists at a corner, the Build-To-Line will maintain a location consistent with the normal Face of Crub condition. In other words, the area that would be created from a change in Curb location at a bump out, is excluded from the Build-To-Zone.

SECTION 68.4D(6) CORNER DIAGRAMS



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SECTION 68.5 CIVIC SPACE DESIGN STANDARDS

(1) The following programming and design considerations, among others, shall be evaluated for Civic Spaces by the Planning Board in making their recommendation to the Village Board:

(a) Solar orientation of Civic Space
(b) Amenities such as water features, public bathrooms, informational kiosks, drinking fountains, play & entertainment areas
(c) Facilities for the use, retention and recharging of rainwater
(d) Public access and likelihood of use
(e) Seasonal programming of the space
(f) Intensity of adjacent private frontage(s).

(2) To qualify for designation as a Civic Space each proposed Public Civic Space or Privately Owned Civic Space must comply with one of the following permitted Civic Space Types and fulfill the requirements associated with that Civic Space:

(A) Plaza - See 68.5A
(B) Corner Plaza - See 68.5B
(C) Piazza - See 68.5C
(D) Square - See 68.5D
(E) Green - See 68.5E

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68.5A PLAZA



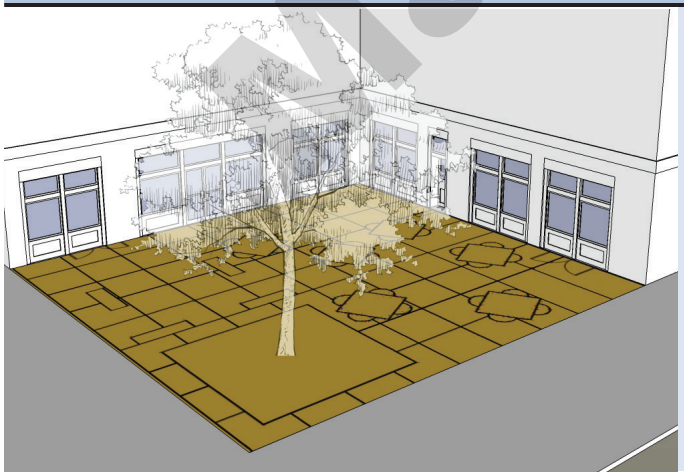
[1] The Civic Space Type fronting on A or B Street or Pedestrian Way with established Frontage, framed by buildings on 3 sides.

[2] Plaza shall be designed to match importance of the adjacent A Street or Pedestrian Corridor, and contain Private Frontages as permitted on those Streets and Corridors.

[3] The intensity of its areas are typically expressed through more intensively used “harder” landscaping.

[4] Provide at grade access to buildings with commercial uses.

68.5B CORNER PLAZA



[1] The Civic Space Type fronting on A or B Streets or Pedestrian Way with established Frontage, framed by buildings on 2 sides.

[2] Corner Plaza shall be designed to match importance of the adjacent Streets or Pedestrian Corridors, and contain Private Frontages as permitted on those Streets and Corridors.

[3] The intensity of its areas are typically expressed through more intensively used “harder” landscaping.

4] Provide at grade access to buildings with commercial uses.

68.5C PIAZZA



[1] The Civic Space Type placed within a Block, framed by buildings on at least 3 sides and providing Public Frontage on more than 1 side, in addition to Frontages satisfying requirements at Block perimeter.

[2] Piazza is a highly active public place programmed with retail, restaurant, hospitality, entertainment, cultural and/or civic uses.

[3] The significance and intensity of a its areas is typically expressed through more intensively used "harder" landscaping.

[4] The Piazza must connect to at least 3 perimeter streets directly or via other civic spaces.

[5] Provide at grade access to buildings with commercial uses.

68.5D SQUARE



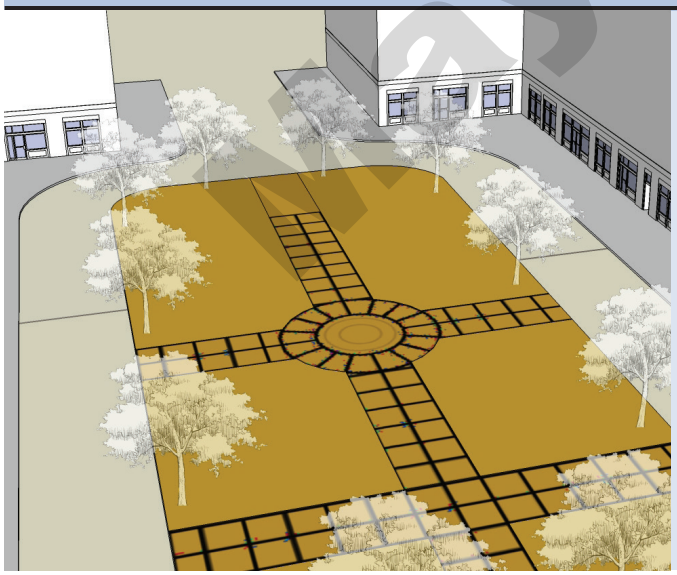
[1] The Civic Space Type surrounded by streets on at least 3 sides, that forms focal points in the public space network, featuring a community gathering place with trees, paved area, sitting area.

[2] Square tends to be more formal and urban in nature, in contrast to a Green.

[3] Square and may have a cultural, civic or commercial building generally open to the public and activating its use.

[4] Provide at grade access to buildings with commercial uses.

68.5E GREEN



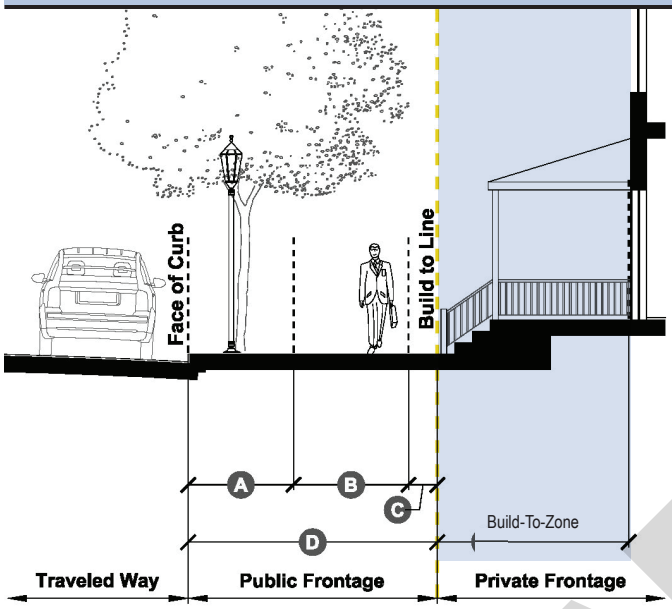
[1] The Civic Space Type surrounded by streets on at least 2 sides featuring a community gathering place with trees, paved area, sitting area and may have a cultural, civic or commercial building generally open to the public.

[2] Green tends to be less formal and urban in nature, in contrast to a Square, with more "soft" landscaped areas.

[3] Green may provide structures (e.g. gazebo) and furnishing for public use, active recreation areas, playgrounds and similar.

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SECTION 68.6 PRIVATE FRONTAGE DESIGN STANDARDS



(1) The Standards for Private Frontage Types, as regulated by Street Types, are provided in 63.2B Table of Standards.

(2) All sites in Planned Development District shall endeavor to create an Active Edge along streets and sidewalks, with intensity appropriate for the most intense Riverside District

(a) Active Edge shall be achieved through the design and frequent placement of entryways and increased clear glazing to promote pedestrian activity and commerce.

(b) The architectural design for the ground floor street level shall provide entryways no further than 80 feet from the end of the Street Wall and the edge of each entryway shall be no greater than 80 feet from an adjacent entryway as measured along the Build-To-Line.

(3) The first story of all Street Walls shall provide a minimum area of window glazing according to standards established in 63.2B Table of Standards

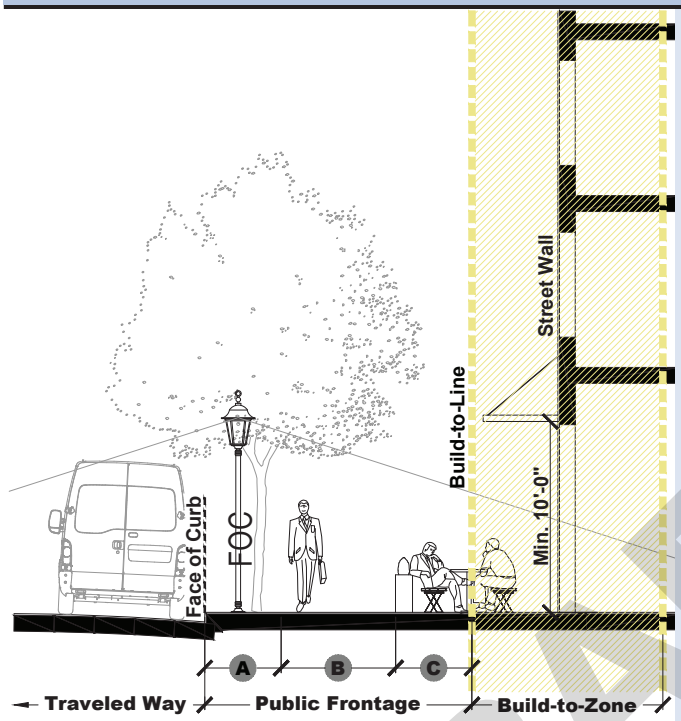
(a) The window glazing shall be clear, transparent glass.

(b) Minimum Clear Glazing shall be measured at specified heights above sidewalk where maximized transparency is required

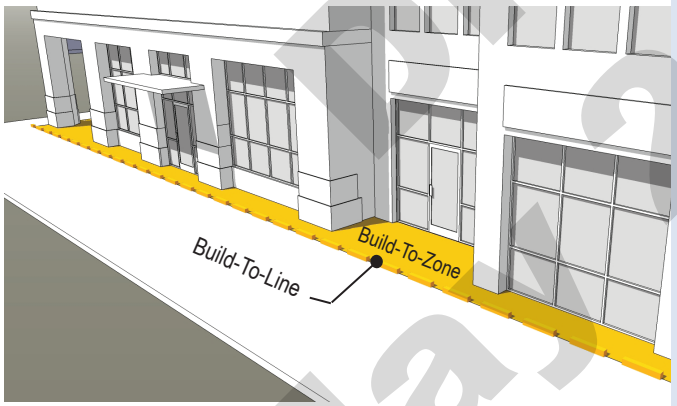
(c) The Glazing area percentage shall be determined by measuring the Glazing surface area divided by the surface area of the Street Wall located between the first floor elevation and the ceiling of the second floor.

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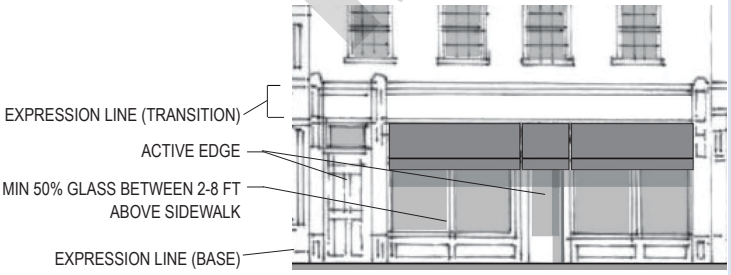
68.6A STOREFRONT FRONTAGE PF-1



68.6A (1) - Storefront frontage



68.6A (2) - Storefront frontage Build-To-Zone



68.6A (3) - Storefront frontage Build-To-Zone

Storefront Frontage PF-1

Allowed frontage edging elements

EE-1 EE-4 EE-5

Glazing requirement

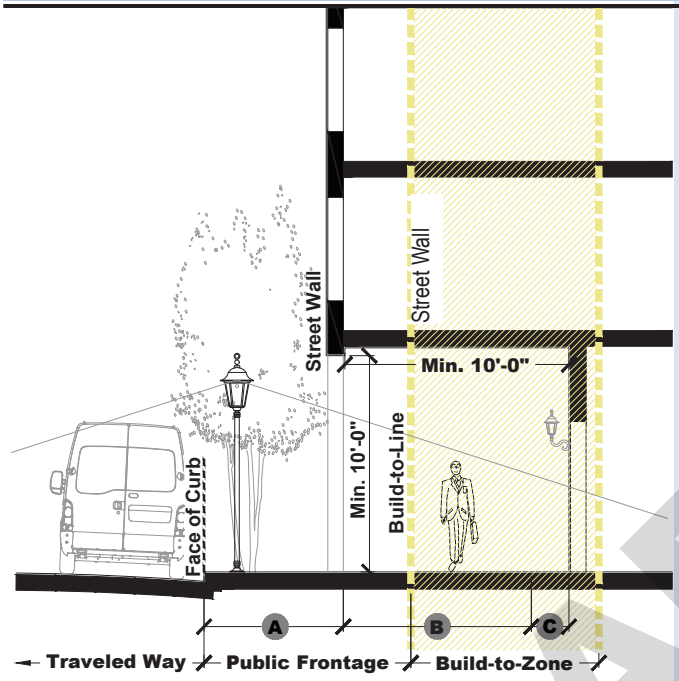
A minimum of 50% of the street-level, street facing building area located between 2' & 8' above the sidewalk shall provide clear, non-reflective glass.

Function of the Build-To-Zone (BTZ)

(a) Allows for entrance alcoves and expanded sidewalk area for outdoor dining.
(b) Allows for facade articulation and inclusion of recessed building elements.
(c) Allows for alignment with existing neighboring buildings.

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68.6B ARCADE FRONTAGE PF-2



68.6B (1) - Arcade frontage

Arcade Frontage PF-2

Building Street Wall shall remain within the Build-To-Zone if structural columns are placed outside of the Build-To-Zone, up to the Front Line, as permitted by the Village Board

ALLOWED FRONTAGE EDGING ELEMENTS

EE-1 EE-4 EE-5

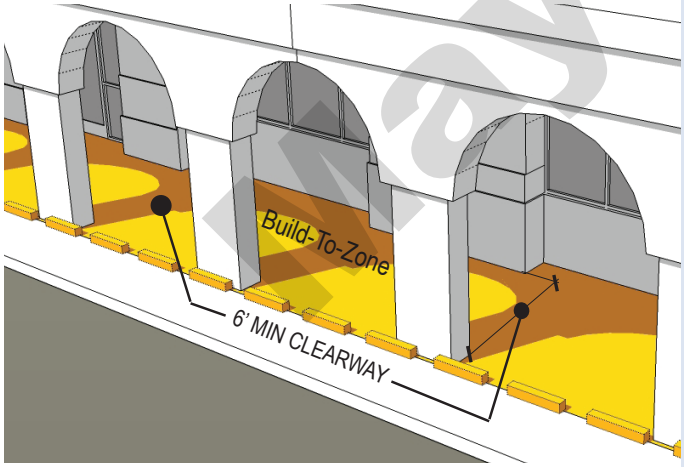
ARCADE CLEARWAY REQUIREMENT

a) A clear distance for pedestrian access between the outer and inner arcade elevations shall be minimum 6 feet.

b) A clear vertical height between sidewalk and the arcade ceiling shall be 10 feet

GLAZING REQUIREMENT

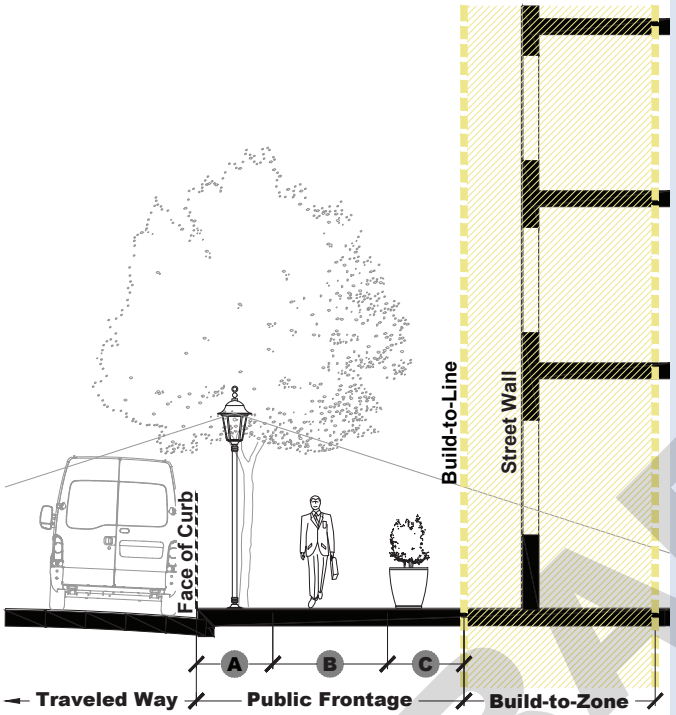
(a) A minimum of 50% of the street-level, street facing building area recessed behind structural arcade elements (posts or columns) located between 2' & 8' above the sidewalk shall provide clear, non-reflective glass.



68.6B (2) - Arcade frontage

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May 22, 2023

68.6C URBAN FRONTAGE PF-3



68.6C (1) - Urban frontage



68.6C (2) - Urban frontage

Urban Frontage PF-3

ACTIVE EDGE REQUIRED - DOOR SEPARATION DISTANCE 50' MAX

ALLOWED FRONTAGE EDGING ELEMENTS

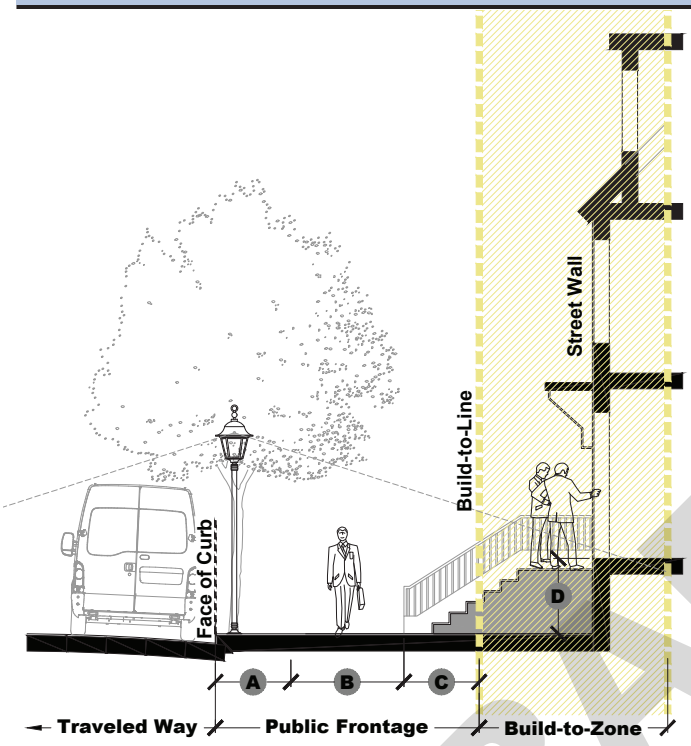
EE-1 EE-2 EE-4 EE-5

GLAZING REQUIREMENT

A minimum of 40% of the street-level, street facing building area located between 2' & 10' above the sidewalk shall provide clear, non-reflective glass.

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68.6D STOOP FRONTAGE PF-4



68.6D (1) - Stoop frontage

Stoop frontage PF-4 defines residential frontages with elevated entrance. Up to three stair raisers can be placed within transition zone, and the ground plane within the BTZ can be hardscape continuation of sidewalk or landscaped (e.g. rain gardens).

ALLOWED FRONTAGE EDGING ELEMENTS

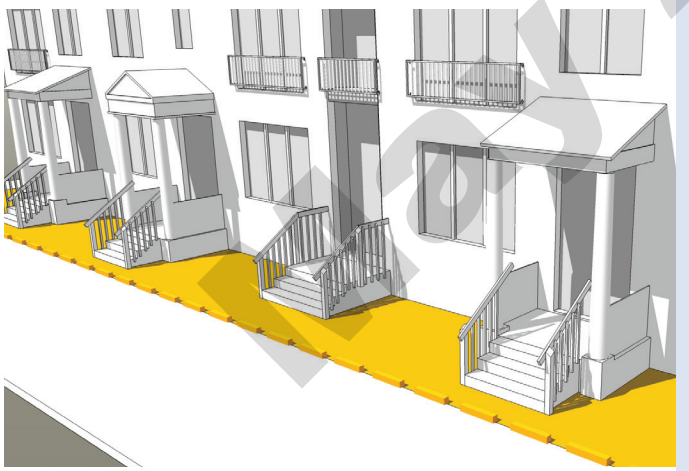
EE-1 EE-2 EE-4 EE-5

GLAZING REQUIREMENT

(a) A minimum of 30% of the street-level, street facing building area located between 4' & 13' above the sidewalk shall provide clear, non-reflective glass.

FUNCTION OF THE BUILD-TO-ZONE (BTZ)

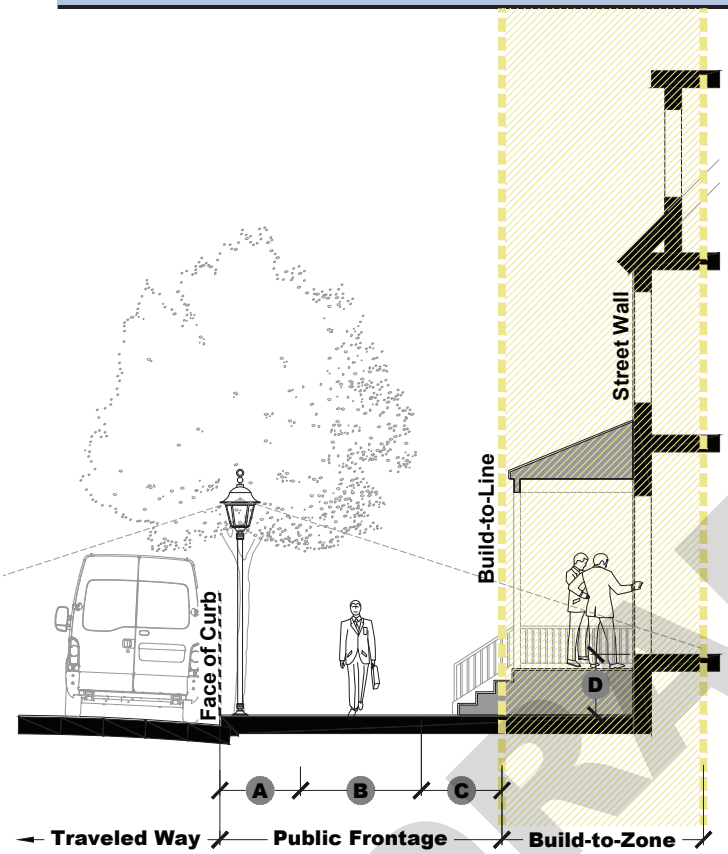
(a) Allows for entrance alcoves.
(b) Allows for facade articulation and inclusion of pronounced and/or recessed building elements.
(c) Allows for alignment with existing neighboring buildings.



68.6D (2) - Stoop frontage

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68.6E PORCH FRONTAGE PF-5



68.6E (1) - Porch frontage

Porch frontages PF-5 defines residential frontages with elevated entrance. Up to three stair raisers can be placed within transition zone, and the ground plane within the BTZ can be hardscape continuation of sidewalk or landscaped (e.g. rain gardens).

PERMITTED FRONTAGE EDGING ELEMENTS

EE-1 EE-2 EE-4 EE-5

GLAZING REQUIREMENT

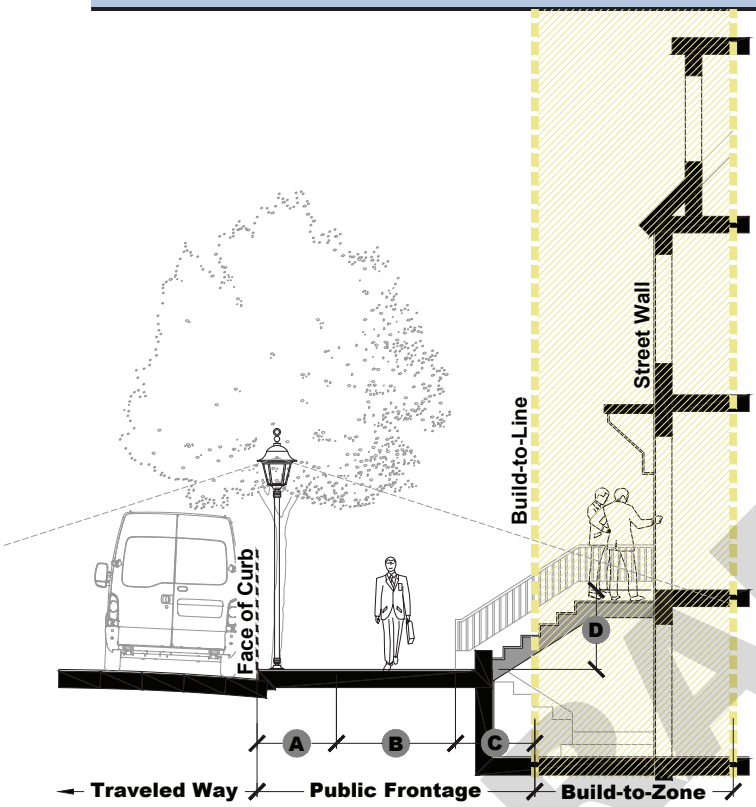
(a) A minimum of 30% of the street-level, street facing building area located between 4' & 13 above the sidewalk shall provide clear, non-reflective glass.



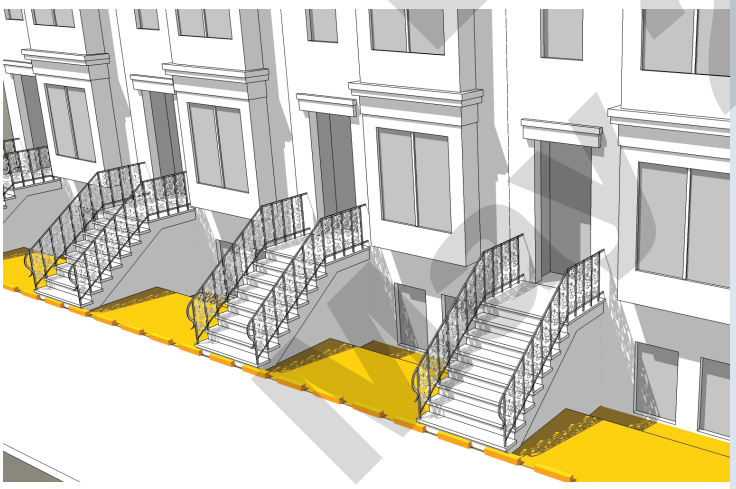
68.6E (2) - Porch Frontage

DRAFT May 22, 2023

68.6F LIGHTWELL PF-6



68.6F (1) - Lightwell Frontage



68.6F (2) - Lightwell Frontage

Lightwell frontage PF-6

FRONTAGE EDGING ELEMENTS ALLOWED

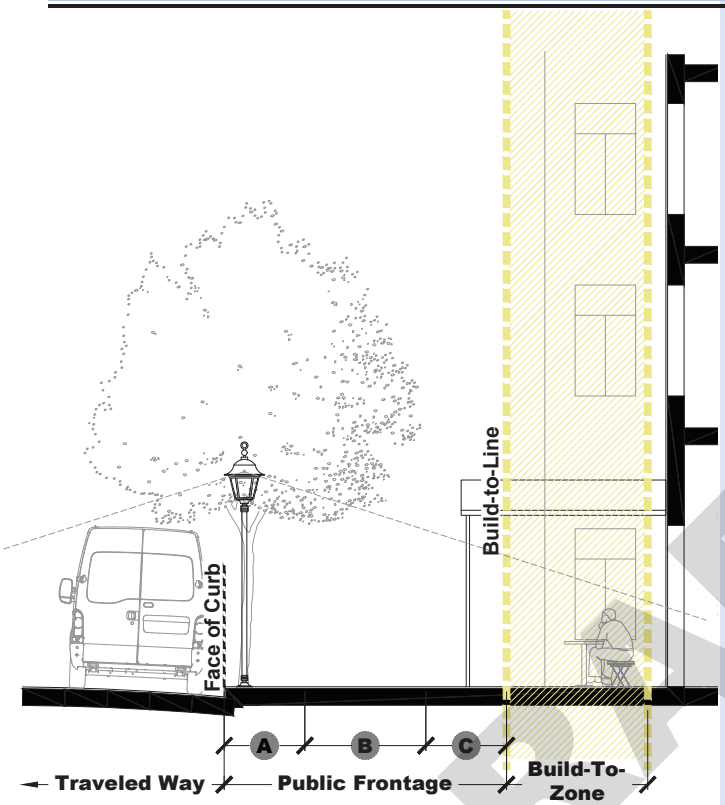
EE-1 EE-2 EE-4 EE-5

GLAZING REQUIREMENT

(a) A minimum of 30% of the street-level, street facing building area located between 4' & 7' above the sidewalk shall provide clear, non-reflective glass.

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MAY 22, 2023

68.6G FORECOURT FRONTAGE PF-7



68.6G (1) - Forecourt Frontage



68.6G (2) - Forecourt Frontage

Forecourt frontage PF-7 allows longer building recessed areas for gardens and bioretention areas.

PERMITTED FRONTAGE EDGING ELEMENTS

EE-1 EE-2 EE-4 EE-5

GLAZING REQUIREMENT

(a) A minimum of 30% of the street-level, street facing building area located between 4' & 13' above the sidewalk shall provide clear, non-reflective glass.

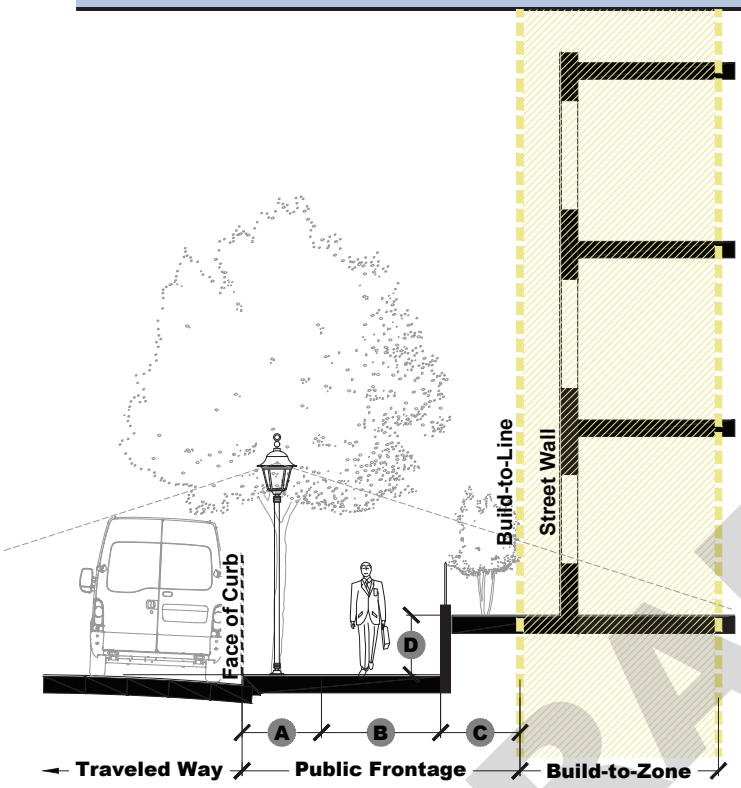
FUNCTION OF THE BUILD-TO-ZONE

(a) Allows for entrance alcoves.
(b) Allows for facade articulation and inclusion of recessed building elements.
(c) Allows for alignment with existing neighboring buildings.

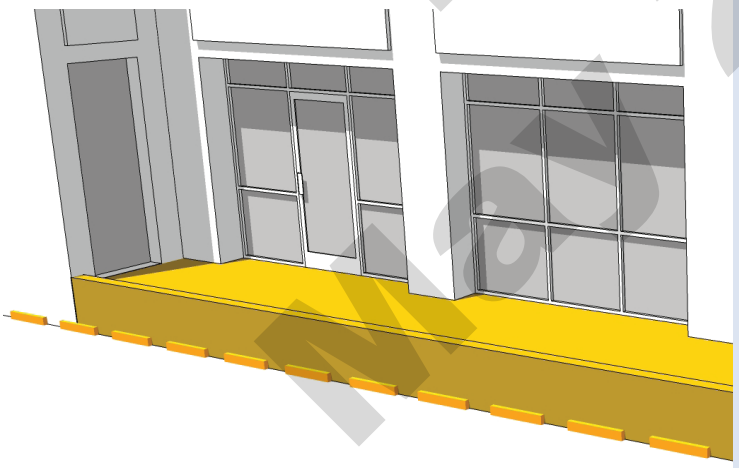
DRAFT May 22, 2023

68.6H TERRACE

PF-8



68.6G (1) - Terrace Frontage



68.6G (2) - Terrace Frontage

Terrace frontage PF-8

FRONTAGE EDGING ELEMENTS ALLOWED

EE-1 EE-2 EE-4 EE-5

GLAZING REQUIREMENT

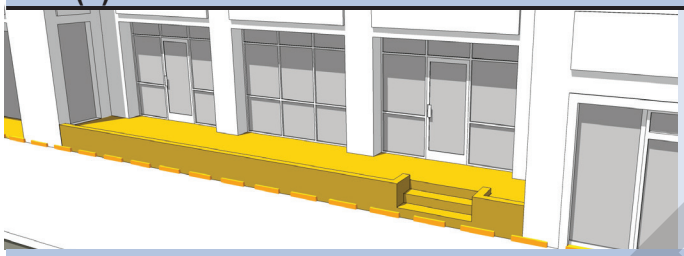
(a) A minimum of 30% of the street-level, street facing building area located between 4' & 7' above the sidewalk shall provide clear, non-reflective glass.

DRAFT May 22, 2023

68.6I EDGING ELEMENT DESIGN STANDARDS

(1) Edging Elements shall be designed to define and enclose the edge of the Public Frontage and create a transition between a public private frontages. Edging elements complement other article controls of the Build-To-Zone.

68.6I(2) EDGE STRUCTURE — EE-1



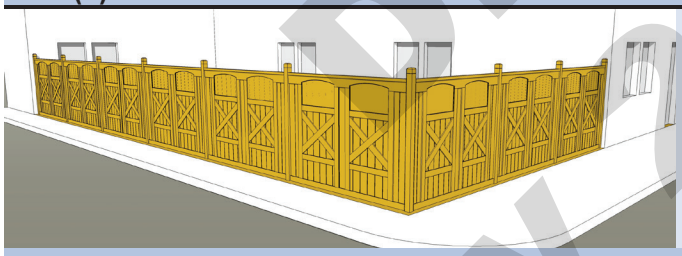
The intent is to separate areas with different intensity of use with up to 24" of difference in floor planes.

68.6I(3) ORNAMENTAL FENCE — EE-2



An transparent ornamental fence, not chain link, with a maximum height of 42 inches.

68.6I(4) PRIVACY FENCE — EE-3



A Privacy Fence with a maximum height of six feet.

68.6I(5) PLANTERS — EE-4



Planters no higher than 42 inches in height.

68.6I(6) LANDSCAPED EDGE — EE-4



A Landscaped edge of flowers, plants or a hedge.

DRAFT
May 22, 2023

68.7 ARCHITECTURAL DESIGN STANDARDS

68.7A SIGNIFICANT CORNER



(1) Buildings may use the provisions of a Significant Corner in locations designated on the District Standards Map in Section 63.1B, with the intent to visually attract a viewer's attention at important corner locations.

(2) Where a Civic Space is considered at a designated Significant Corner, the requirement for the Significant Corner can be met outside of the Build-To-Zone.

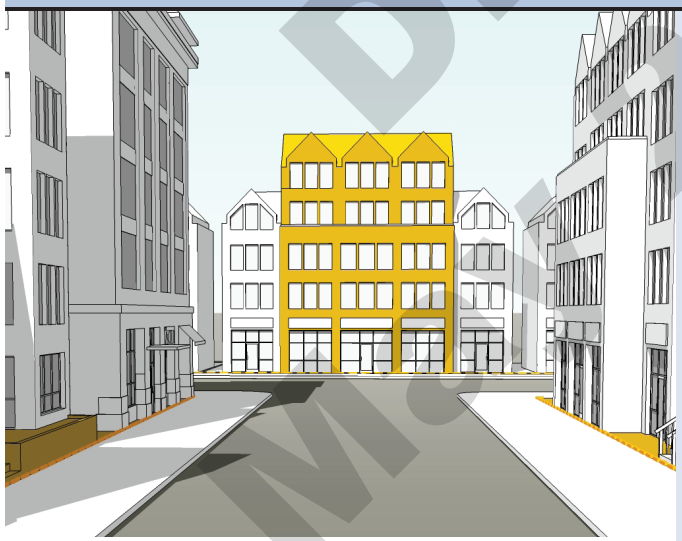
(3) The intent may be achieved by provision of towers, corner towers, an architecturally embellished entry, or other similar distinctive architectural elements.

(4) Buildings providing tower elements may have the tower element exceed the maximum building height by one story providing that the overall area of the extended height does not exceed 10% of the floor area of the floor where it is appearing.

(5) Significant Corners are exempt from the Streetwall Stepback requirements of Section 63.4E(4).

(6) Building shall not have more than two tower elements that qualify as Significant Corner or Terminating Vista, as approved by the Village Board.

68.7B TERMINATING VISTA



(1) Buildings may use the provisions of a Terminating Vista in locations of axial conclusion of a street or exposed viewshed as designated on the District Standards Map in Section 63.1B, with the intent to visually attract a viewer's attention at the end of such visual axis.

(2) Where a Civic Space is considered at a designated Terminated Vista, the requirement for the Terminated Vista can be met outside of the Build-To-Zone.

(3) Vista termination may include towers, corner towers, symmetrical facades centered on a visual axis, an architecturally embellished entry, or other similar distinctive architectural elements.

(4) Buildings providing tower elements may have the tower element exceed the maximum building height by one story, providing that the overall area of the extended height does not exceed (10% of the area)

(5) Terminating Vistas are exempt from the Streetwall Stepback requirements of Section 63.4E(4).

(6) No single building shall have more than two tower elements that qualify as Significant Corner or Terminating Vista, as approved by the Village Board.

DRAFT
May 23, 2023

68.7C FINISHED FLOOR OF BUILDINGS

Finished Floor Elevation of buildings other than commercial, mixed-use, and multi-family buildings shall be set with a finished floor a minimum of 18" above finished grade within the Private Frontage.

(1) For Residential and Non-residential Structures located in Coastal High Hazard Areas, the lowest floor shall be located two feet (24") above the Base Flood elevation in accordance with Chapter 141 of the Village of Haverstraw Code.

(2) Floor-to-floor height shall be minimum 12 feet for the first floor of commercial uses, and minimum 8 feet for upper floors.

(3) Stoop and Porch frontages shall have a minimum of 2 risers at the stoop or porch at the lead-walk.

68.7D HORIZONTAL EXPRESSION LINE



(1) All buildings should provide two or more horizontal expression lines appropriate for the scale of the building to:

(i.) differentiate between the base, middle or top of buildings

(ii.) emphasize a massing transition or change of use.

(2) Expression lines should be articulated through the use of material, moldings, shading devices, changes of material, changes of color, cornices, and other similar architectural elements.

(3) Expression Lines may consist of a continuous element (e.g a trim), or interrupted lines that visually connect across the facade at the same height, formed by a balcony, a short setback or protruded element (e.g. a bay window), a slightly articulated trim course, or similar.

DRAFT May 22, 2023

68.7E BUILDING MASSING









(1) Streetwall façade elements, including visual structural elements, openings, and details should utilize a coherent system of proportion.

(1) A Streetwall should be composed of vertical proportions, whether in part or whole of the composition, and shall be designed so that assumed vertical loads are carried to the ground by a reasonable and convincing visible structure.

(2) Windows shall be vertical in proportion, except where Storefront or Arcade Frontage is required or provided.

(2) Streetwalls shall employ vertical of sections no wider than 80 feet.

(1) Vertical sections, while allowed to be identical, are an opportunity to introduce a visual change or a break in top expression line (parapet or cornice) of the streetwall. These breaks are achieved by, but not limited to, changes in material, recesses, cornice height, or roof type. Break in the cornice can be achieved through the regular and/or occational use of gables and/or dormers.

(2) Vertical sections also allow for breaks in the facade while maintaining the Streetwall within the Private Frontage to comply with Section 63.4D.

(3) In buildings with flat roofs massing shall be controlled by, and not limited to, more pronounced vertical breaks, change in height at the Streetwall. Breaks can also be achieved through changes in the type of parapet used, inclusion of more pronounced overhang elements, the inclusion of mansard roofs, changes in building material, and inclusion of pergolas for rooftop gardens.

(3) When bay windows are used, they should appear to be structurally supported in a manner matching the applied architectural style within the building section.

(4) When dormers are used, they shall light interior spaces.

(1) The body of a single-window dormer shall be vertically proportioned or square and shall be consistent with the architectural style. Dormer windows shall be proportioned similar to or slightly shorter than typical windows in the floor below, unless square.

(5) When shutters are used, they shall be sized to cover the windows, regardless of the shutter operablity.

DRAFT
May 22, 2023

68.8 BUILDING MATERIAL

A) Building materials shall be utilized in a manner appropriate to their intrinsic properties, including their structural capacities as demonstrated in openings and spans as approved by the Building Inspector.

(1) Heaviest appearing materials shall be kept at the base of the building and lighter appearing above.

(2) The rules numbered below, shall establish the guidelines for the acceptability of materials where substitute materials are used:

[1] Arm's Length Rule: Substitute materials must be indistinguishable from the materials they are representing if they are to be used below the second floor.

[2] Eyes' Only Rule: Substitute materials must be visually indistinguishable from the materials they are representing if they are to be used above the first floor.

B) No more than 3 wall materials, excluding fenestration, shall be visible on any exterior streetwall within a building section, not counting the foundation wall or piers.

(1) Material change should primary take place along a horizontal line or as a part of a change in vertical sections of the building (see section 68.7E(2)).

C) Colors shall be consistent with the architectural style and shall be selected from a single quadrant of the color wheel.

68.9 SIGNS

A) Signs shall be consistent with the architectural style.

(1) Neon, fluorescent, and LED signs, billboards, moving and flashing signs, and window or wall devices, are prohibited.

B) The permitted attached signs are

(1) The Band Sign: The band sign consists of a band of lettering across the entire width of the building. If lit, band signs shall be front-lit with gooseneck lights. Band signs shall be a maximum of 36" tall, and the bottom of the band sign shall not be installed less than 10 ft. above the sidewalk.

(2) The Board Sign: The board sign consists of painted or vinyl graphics on a signboard attached flush with the building wall.

C) The permitted projecting signs:

(1) Blade Signs: Blade signs hung from an architectural element shall be centered on that element. Blade signs projecting from the wall may project a maximum of 3 feet. The top of the blade sign shall be between 9 feet and 12 feet above the sidewalk. The blade sign shall be 32 inches tall maximum. Brackets or other suspension device shall match the architectural style of the building and shall not be computed as part of the allowable size of the sign.

E) Awning Signs: Signage may be painted either on the fringe of an awning and/or in the centre of the body of the awning. Awning signs shall be canvas. Back lit awnings are prohibited. Signs that occupy the fringe of the awning may fill the entire height and width of the fringe up to a maximum fringe height of 9".

F) Rooftop Signs: Roof top signs mean to be viewed from great distances shall be prohibited

G) Freestanding, off-site, and detached signs, excluding ground siges, are prohibited.

D) The premitted ground signs:

(1) Landscape Signs: A wide variety of natural materials native to the area may be used as Sculptural sign board placed in the center median or transition zone of a public frontage if the street type space is controlled by a private entity and the signage is used as part of a wayfinding system for the primary vehicular entry to a development. Landscape signs shall be no taller than 42" above the grade plane.

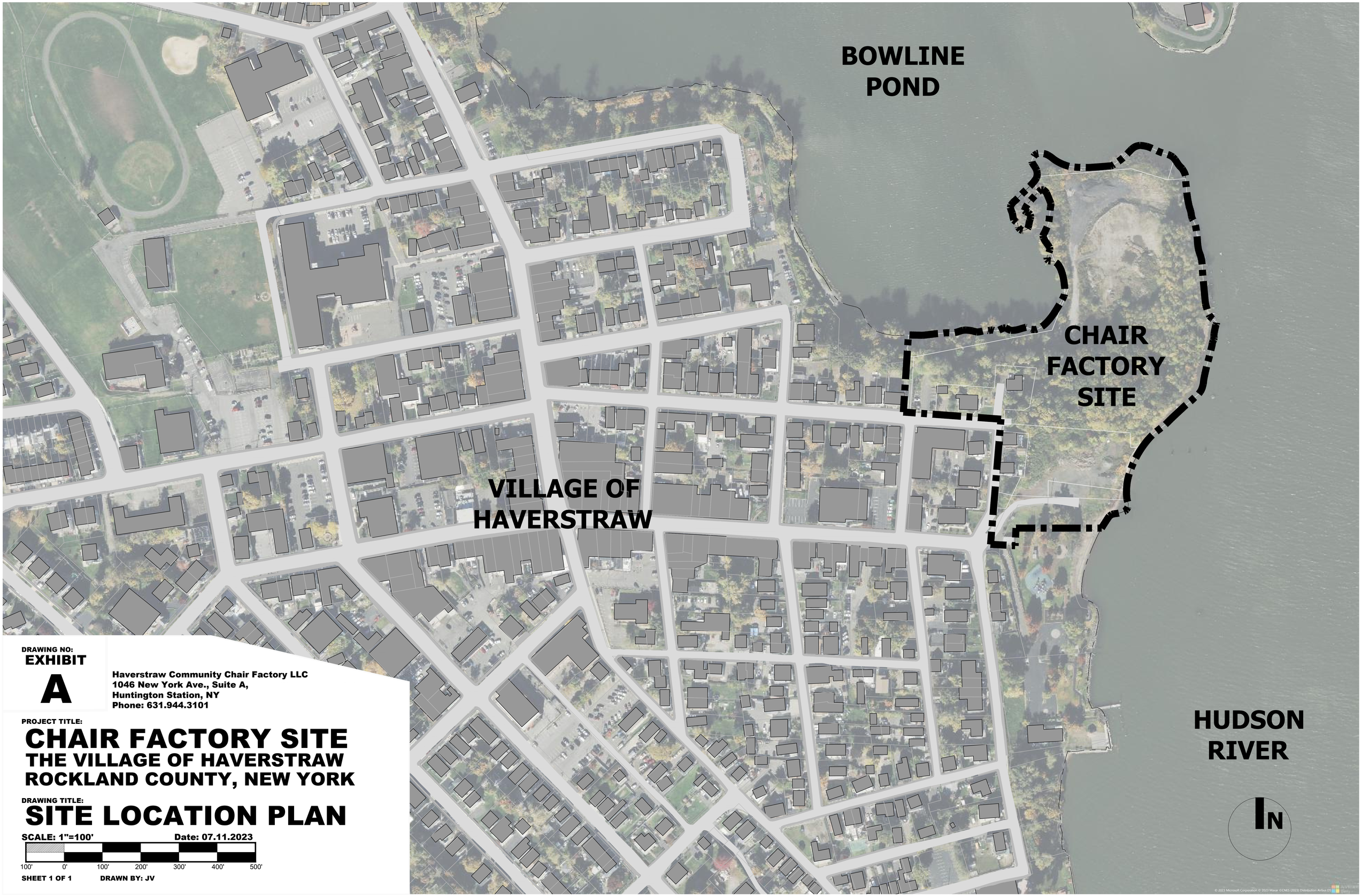
(2) Temporary Signs: Sculptural and A-frame sign boards placed in the transition zone of a public frontage if they placed adjacent to the entry for the business, activity, or event which they are advertising and on during the operating hours of such activity.

DRAFT May 22, 2023

CHAPTER 245 - ARTICLE XII: SECTION 69 RESERVED

DRAFT
May 22, 2023

CHAIR FACTORY SITE
VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW
GENERAL LOCATION MAP



DRAWING NO:
EXHIBIT

A

Haverstraw Community Chair Factory LLC
1046 New York Ave., Suite A,
Huntington Station, NY
Phone: 631.944.3101

PROJECT TITLE:

CHAIR FACTORY SITE
THE VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW
ROCKLAND COUNTY, NEW YORK

DRAWING TITLE:

SITE LOCATION PLAN

SCALE: 1"=100' **Date: 07.11.2023**

100' 0' 100' 200' 300' 400' 500'

SHEET 1 OF 1 **DRAWN BY: JV**

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CHAIR FACTORY SITE
VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW
CONCEPTUAL SITE PLAN



1 / C130 SITE PLAN
SCALE: 1" = 30'

MAP REFERENCE:

1. BASE MAP TAKEN FROM DRAWING 1 PREPARED BY ATZL, NASHER & ZIGLER P.C. ENTITLED "TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY", DATED MAY 4, 2023, PROJECT NO. 3395.

STORMWATER WATER QUALITY TREATMENT VOLUME:

REQUIRED = 28,870 CF
PROVIDED = 29,460 CF

STORMWATER FEATURES:

- GREEN ROOF / STORMWATER PLANTER
- POROUS PAVEMENT
- TREE PLANTERS

TAX PARCEL DESIGNATION:

TOWN OF HAVERSTRAW, ROCKLAND COUNTY, NEW YORK
27.05-2-6.6 ,27.09-1-3, 27.46-1-77, 27.46-1-78, 27.46-1-80, 27.46-1-81, 27.46-1-82, 27.46-1-83, 27.46-1-84, 27.46-1-85, 27.46-1-86, 27.54-2-16

SITE STATISTICS:

ZONE:	FORM BASED CODE
PROPOSED:	450 RESIDENTIAL UNITS (AT 441,500 SF), 15,000 SF OF COMMUNITY SERVING FACILITIES AND COMMERCIAL/RETAIL, AND A 82,800 SF HOTEL
FRONTAGE:	PER FORM BASED CODE
SETBACKS:	PER FORM BASED CODE
BUILDING HEIGHT:	PER FORM BASED CODE
PARKING:	91 = SURFACE PARKING SPACES 472 = SPACES WITHIN STRUCTURE 563 = TOTAL

LaBella
Powered by partnership.

4 British American Boulevard
Latham, NY 12110
518-439-8235

labellapc.com

STATE OF NEW YORK · ROGER E. KEATING · 083455 · LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
EXP: 8/31/2023
NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION

CERTIFICATE OF AUTHORIZATION NUMBER:
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERING: 018281
LAND SURVEYING: 017676
GEOLOGICAL: 018750

It is a violation of New York Education Law Art. 145 Sec. 7209 & Art. 147 Sec. 7307, for any person, unless acting under the direction of a licensed architect, professional engineer, or land surveyor, to alter an item in any way. If an item bearing the seal of an architect, engineer, or land surveyor is altered; the altering architect, engineer, or land surveyor shall affix to the item their seal and notation "altered by" followed by their signature and date of such alteration, and a specific description of the alteration.

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The Haverstraw Community Chair Factory LLC

HAVERSTRAW CHAIR FACTORY
VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW, NY

NO:	DATE:	DESCRIPTION:
Revisions		

PROJECT NUMBER: 2230414
DRAWN BY: SF
REVIEWED BY: REK
ISSUED FOR: REVIEW
DATE: 07/05/2023
DRAWING NAME:

SITE PLAN

DRAWING NUMBER:

C130

VERSION: 23.1
7/11/2023 6:30 PM

CHAIR FACTORY
DEVELOPMENT
AREA

RIPRAP REVETMENT

LIVING SHORELINE

RIPRAP REVETMENT

LIVING SHORELINE

ALLISON STREET

BROAD STREET

LIBERTY STREET

MAIN STREET

ALLISON STREET

PLAYGROUND

TL 27.54-2-16
N/F
VIL. OF HAVERSTRAW

PAVED PARKING

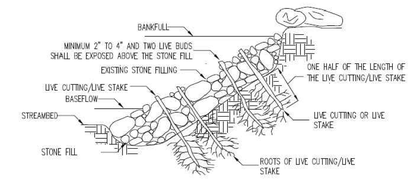
PAVED PARKING

PAVED PARKING

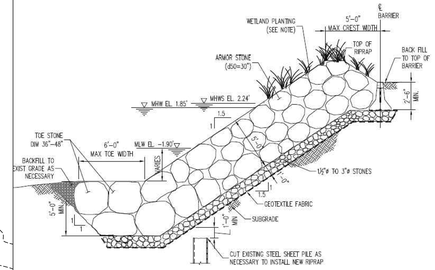
Schematic Estimate of Quantities - Public Access		
Item	Unit	Quantity
Rip-rap revetment	SY	3500
living shoreline	SY	2000

0 50 80 Feet

SYMBOL
LC/LS



LIVE CUTTING/LIVE STAKE JOINT PLANTING CROSS SECTION



A TYPICAL REPAIR SECTION - RIPRAP SHORELINE
SK-1

0 4' 8'
3/16"=1'-0"

1" = 30'
SKETCH PLAN 2022-05-23 JMS

NO.	DATE	REVISION	BY
1	MM/DD/YY	REVISION 1	INT

M. G. McLaren Engineering and Land Surveying P.C.
Woodcliff Lake, NJ 07677
T: 201.775.6000 www.mgmclaren.com

PROJECT

HAVERSTRAW CHAIR FACTORY

VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW ROCKLAND COUNTY NEW YORK

SEAL

STATE OF NEW YORK
DARREN M. BLOOM
LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

DARREN BLOOM, NYS P.E. 101160

SHEET TITLE

WATERFRONT ACCESS CONCEPT

PROJECT NO.	201285.01
SCALE	1" = 30'
DATE	07-11-2023
DRAWN BY	JMS
CHECKED BY	

DRAWING NO.

WF-01

OF SHTS

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FILE NAME:P:\Proj\00\20\1285.01\10_Dwgs\CADD\Sketch Plan 2022-05-24.dwg PLOT TIME: Tuesday, July 11, 2023 - 6:04 PM BY:Jay R. Glucksman, EIT

CHAIR FACTORY SITE
VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW
APPROVING AND INTRESTED AGENCY LIST

Approvals Required

The table below lists all approvals required for the development of the Proposed Action.

Project Approvals and Reviews

Agency	Approval/Review
Village of Haverstraw Village Board	• Zoning Text Amendment • Site Plan
Village of Haverstraw Building Department	• Street Opening Permit
Village of Haverstraw Architectural Review Board	• Review and Approval of Architectural Plans
Village of Haverstraw Planning Board	• Subdivision
Rockland County Health Department	• Water and Sanitary Sewer service
New York State Department of Environmental Conservation	• Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) • Tidal Wetlands • Excavation and Fill in Navigable Waters • 401 Water Quality Certification • SPDES
Haverstraw Waterfront Advisory Commission	• Waterfront Revitalization Program consistency review
Army Corps of Engineers	• Section 404 Clean Water Act; • Section 10 Rivers and Harbors Act
Haverstraw Flood Permit Administrator	• Construction within a Flood zone
Rockland County Drainage Agency	• Subdivision
Joint Regional Sewerage Board	• Sewer Permit
New York State Department of State	• Waterfront Revitalization Program Consistency
New York Division of Housing and Community Renewal	• Possible Funding
Empire State Development	• Possible Funding
Federal Emergency Management Agency	• Possible Map Amendment
New York State Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation	• Section 106 Review

CHAIR FACTORY SITE
VILLAGE OF HAVERSTRAW
PART I EAF

Instructions for Completing Part 1

Part 1 is to be completed by the applicant or project sponsor. Responses become part of the application for approval or funding, are subject to public review, and may be subject to further verification.

Complete Part 1 based on information currently available. If additional research or investigation would be needed to fully respond to any item, please answer as thoroughly as possible based on current information; indicate whether missing information does not exist, or is not reasonably available to the sponsor; and, when possible, generally describe work or studies which would be necessary to update or fully develop that information.

Applicants/sponsors must complete all items in Sections A & B. In Sections C, D & E, most items contain an initial question that must be answered either "Yes" or "No". If the answer to the initial question is "Yes", complete the sub-questions that follow. If the answer to the initial question is "No", proceed to the next question. Section F allows the project sponsor to identify and attach any additional information. Section G requires the name and signature of the applicant or project sponsor to verify that the information contained in Part 1is accurate and complete.

A. Project and Applicant/Sponsor Information.

Name of Action or Project: Haverstraw Chair Factory		
Project Location (describe, and attach a general location map): Village of Haverstraw SBL: 27.05-2-6.6, 27.09-1-3,27.46-1-77, 27.46-1-78, 27.46-1-80 thru 27.46-1-86, 27.54-2-16) (See Exhibit A)		
Brief Description of Proposed Action (include purpose or need): Adoption of zoning amendments to establish the a new form based code overlay district for the Chair Factory Redevelopment Site. The zoning will facilitate the development of 450 residential units (at 441,500sf), 15,000sf of community serving facilities and commercial/retail, an 82,800sf hotel, as well as 563 parking spaces in a mix of structured space (192,700sf) and surface parking spaces. Additionally, the project proposes to include shoreline stabilization, 4.2 acres of public open space, and the development of a waterfront multi-use trail.		
Name of Applicant/Sponsor: Haverstraw Community Chair Factory, LLC	Telephone: (516) 984-6868 E-Mail: rporter@mpactcollective.com	
Address: 1046 New York Avenue, Unit A		
City/PO: Huntington Station	State: NY	Zip Code: 11746
Project Contact (if not same as sponsor; give name and title/role): Ryan Porter	Telephone: (516) 984-6868 E-Mail: rporter@mpactcollective.com	
Address: 1046 New York Avenue, Unit A		
City/PO: Huntington Station	State: NY	Zip Code: 11746
Property Owner (if not same as sponsor): Village of Haverstraw	Telephone: 845-429-0300 E-Mail: michael.kohut@vohny.com	
Address: 40 New Main Street		
City/PO: Haverstraw	State: NY	Zip Code: 10927

B. Government Approvals

B. Government Approvals, Funding, or Sponsorship. ("Funding" includes grants, loans, tax relief, and any other forms of financial assistance.)

Government Entity	If Yes: Identify Agency and Approval(s) Required	Application Date (Actual or projected)
a. City Counsel, Town Board, or Village Board of Trustees ☑Yes ☐No	Village Board of Trustees- Site Plan approval, Zoning Text Amendment	TBD
b. City, Town or Village Planning Board or Commission ☑Yes ☐No	Village Planning Board - Subdivision Review	TBD
c. City, Town or Village Zoning Board of Appeals ☐Yes ☑No		
d. Other local agencies ☑Yes ☐No	See attachment on approvals	
e. County agencies ☑Yes ☐No	See attachment on approvals	
f. Regional agencies ☐Yes ☐No		
g. State agencies ☑Yes ☐No	NYSDEC See attachment on approvals	
h. Federal agencies ☑Yes ☐No	ACOE	

i. Coastal Resources.

i. Is the project site within a Coastal Area, or the waterfront area of a Designated Inland Waterway? ☑Yes ☐No

ii. Is the project site located in a community with an approved Local Waterfront Revitalization Program? ☑Yes ☐No

iii. Is the project site within a Coastal Erosion Hazard Area? ☐Yes ☑No

C. Planning and Zoning

C.1. Planning and zoning actions.

Will administrative or legislative adoption, or amendment of a plan, local law, ordinance, rule or regulation be the only approval(s) which must be granted to enable the proposed action to proceed? ☐Yes ☑No

- **If Yes,** complete sections C, F and G.
- **If No,** proceed to question C.2 and complete all remaining sections and questions in Part 1

C.2. Adopted land use plans.

a. Do any municipally- adopted (city, town, village or county) comprehensive land use plan(s) include the site where the proposed action would be located? ☑Yes ☐No

If Yes, does the comprehensive plan include specific recommendations for the site where the proposed action would be located? ☑Yes ☐No

b. Is the site of the proposed action within any local or regional special planning district (for example: Greenway; Brownfield Opportunity Area (BOA); designated State or Federal heritage area; watershed management plan; or other?) ☑Yes ☐No

If Yes, identify the plan(s):

Remediaton Sites:546031

c. Is the proposed action located wholly or partially within an area listed in an adopted municipal open space plan, or an adopted municipal farmland protection plan? ☐Yes ☑No

If Yes, identify the plan(s):

C.3. Zoning

a. Is the site of the proposed action located in a municipality with an adopted zoning law or ordinance. ☑ Yes ☐ No
If Yes, what is the zoning classification(s) including any applicable overlay district?
The Proposed Action will include the adoption of a new zoning district (see attachment)

b. Is the use permitted or allowed by a special or conditional use permit? ☐ Yes ☑ No

c. Is a zoning change requested as part of the proposed action? ☑ Yes ☐ No
If Yes,
i. What is the proposed new zoning for the site? Article XII: Zoning Overlay for Planned Developments (Chair Factory District)

C.4. Existing community services.

a. In what school district is the project site located? North Rockland Central

b. What police or other public protection forces serve the project site?
Town of Haverstraw Police Department

c. Which fire protection and emergency medical services serve the project site?
Haverstraw Fire Department

d. What parks serve the project site?
Emeline Park, Bowline Point Park

D. Project Details

D.1. Proposed and Potential Development

a. What is the general nature of the proposed action (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial, recreational; if mixed, include all components)? Residential, commercial, community, civic, recreational

b. a. Total acreage of the site of the proposed action? 14.98 acres
b. Total acreage to be physically disturbed? 8.0 acres
c. Total acreage (project site and any contiguous properties) owned or controlled by the applicant or project sponsor? 19.61 (W/Water) acres

c. Is the proposed action an expansion of an existing project or use? ☐ Yes ☑ No
i. If Yes, what is the approximate percentage of the proposed expansion and identify the units (e.g., acres, miles, housing units, square feet)? % _____ Units: _____

d. Is the proposed action a subdivision, or does it include a subdivision? ☑ Yes ☐ No
If Yes,
i. Purpose or type of subdivision? (e.g., residential, industrial, commercial; if mixed, specify types)
The site will be merged/divided by public/private ROW as defined in the regulating plan. The new blocks will form resulting parcels.
ii. Is a cluster/conservation layout proposed? ☐ Yes ☑ No
iii. Number of lots proposed? _____
iv. Minimum and maximum proposed lot sizes? Minimum _____ Maximum _____

e. Will the proposed action be constructed in multiple phases? ☑ Yes ☐ No
i. If No, anticipated period of construction: 48 months
ii. If Yes:
- Total number of phases anticipated 2
- Anticipated commencement date of phase 1 (including demolition) 11 month 2024 year
- Anticipated completion date of final phase 09 month 2029 year
- Generally describe connections or relationships among phases, including any contingencies where progress of one phase may determine timing or duration of future phases:
Buildings 1 through 4 are phase one, the Hotel is phase two.

f. Does the project include new residential uses? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes, show numbers of units proposed.

	One Family	Two Family	Three Family	Multiple Family (four or more)
Initial Phase	0	0	0	450
At completion of all phases	0	0	0	450

g. Does the proposed action include new non-residential construction (including expansions)? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes,

i. Total number of structures 1

ii. Dimensions (in feet) of largest proposed structure: 72' height; 150' width; and 150' length

iii. Approximate extent of building space to be heated or cooled: 82,800 square feet

h. Does the proposed action include construction or other activities that will result in the impoundment of any liquids, such as creation of a water supply, reservoir, pond, lake, waste lagoon or other storage? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes,

i. Purpose of the impoundment: Stormwater Managment

ii. If a water impoundment, the principal source of the water: ☐ Ground water ☐ Surface water streams ☐ Other specify: Stormwater runoff

iii. If other than water, identify the type of impounded/contained liquids and their source.

iv. Approximate size of the proposed impoundment. Volume: TBD million gallons; surface area: _____ acres

v. Dimensions of the proposed dam or impounding structure: _____ height; _____ length

vi. Construction method/materials for the proposed dam or impounding structure (e.g., earth fill, rock, wood, concrete): Earth Fill

D.2. Project Operations

a. Does the proposed action include any excavation, mining, or dredging, during construction, operations, or both? (Not including general site preparation, grading or installation of utilities or foundations where all excavated materials will remain onsite) ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes:

i .What is the purpose of the excavation or dredging? Preparation of the site for development of mixed use district.

ii. How much material (including rock, earth, sediments, etc.) is proposed to be removed from the site?

- Volume (specify tons or cubic yards): 0 proposed fill (with exception of unsuitable material)
- Over what duration of time? N/A

iii. Describe nature and characteristics of materials to be excavated or dredged, and plans to use, manage or dispose of them.

Mixed sands and gravel, clayey loams, debris containing concrete, brick, ceramics & coal fragments.

i*v.* Will there be onsite dewatering or processing of excavated materials? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes, describe. Trench and building dewatering is likely based on depth. Will be managed on-site in the erosion and sediment control plans. Pumped water to dewatering areas with the use of sediment traps and/or silt sacks.

v. What is the total area to be dredged or excavated? +/-8 acres

vi. What is the maximum area to be worked at any one time? <5.0 acres

vii. What would be the maximum depth of excavation or dredging? 20' to 25' feet

viii. Will the excavation require blasting? ☐ Yes ☑ No

ix. Summarize site reclamation goals and plan:

The site reclamation goals, and plan is to restore the site to waterfront development. Re-vegetation of disturbed areas, reuse of on-site materials as much as possible.

b. Would the proposed action cause or result in alteration of, increase or decrease in size of, or encroachment into any existing wetland, waterbody, shoreline, beach or adjacent area? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes:

i. Identify the wetland or waterbody which would be affected (by name, water index number, wetland map number or geographic description): Hudson River E1UBL6

ii. Describe how the proposed action would affect that waterbody or wetland, e.g. excavation, fill, placement of structures, or alteration of channels, banks and shorelines. Indicate extent of activities, alterations and additions in square feet or acres:
The proposed action will impact the Hudson River and Bowline Pond shoreline as a result shoreline stabilization work that will include living shoreline implementation and rip rap revetment construction. The approximate living shoreline is project to be 2000 SY and the rip rap revetment construction is projected to be 3500 SY.

iii. Will the proposed action cause or result in disturbance to bottom sediments? ☑ Yes ☐ No
If Yes, describe: The living shoreline and rip rap revetment toe will require disturbance to the bottom sediments.

iv. Will the proposed action cause or result in the destruction or removal of aquatic vegetation? ☐ Yes ☐ No
If Yes:

- acres of aquatic vegetation proposed to be removed: TBD subject to ongoing field survey work
- expected acreage of aquatic vegetation remaining after project completion: TBD subject to ongoing field survey work
- purpose of proposed removal (e.g. beach clearing, invasive species control, boat access): TBD subject to ongoing field survey work
- proposed method of plant removal: TBD subject to ongoing field survey work
- if chemical/herbicide treatment will be used, specify product(s): Chemical or herbicide treatment is not anticipated

v. Describe any proposed reclamation/mitigation following disturbance:
The living shoreline and revetment will aim to have a net zero impact

c. Will the proposed action use, or create a new demand for water? ☑ Yes ☐ No
If Yes:

i. Total anticipated water usage/demand per day: 83,680 gallons/day

ii. Will the proposed action obtain water from an existing public water supply? ☑ Yes ☐ No
If Yes:

- Name of district or service area: Haverstraw Low PD 33
- Does the existing public water supply have capacity to serve the proposal? ☑ Yes ☐ No
- Is the project site in the existing district? ☑ Yes ☐ No
- Is expansion of the district needed? ☐ Yes ☑ No
- Do existing lines serve the project site? ☑ Yes ☐ No

iii. Will line extension within an existing district be necessary to supply the project? ☑ Yes ☐ No
If Yes:

- Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project:
  8" DIP water main extension down liberty street to support the proposed development
- Source(s) of supply for the district: Veolia

iv. Is a new water supply district or service area proposed to be formed to serve the project site? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If, Yes:

- Applicant/sponsor for new district:
- Date application submitted or anticipated:
- Proposed source(s) of supply for new district:

v. If a public water supply will not be used, describe plans to provide water supply for the project:

vi. If water supply will be from wells (public or private), what is the maximum pumping capacity: _____ gallons/minute.

d. Will the proposed action generate liquid wastes? ☑ Yes ☐ No
If Yes:

i. Total anticipated liquid waste generation per day: 83,680 gallons/day

ii. Nature of liquid wastes to be generated (e.g., sanitary wastewater, industrial; if combination, describe all components and approximate volumes or proportions of each):
Sanitary wastewater from a mixed-use development

iii. Will the proposed action use any existing public wastewater treatment facilities? ☑ Yes ☐ No
If Yes:

- Name of wastewater treatment plant to be used: Haverstraw Joint Regional Sewage Treatment Plant
- Name of district: Rockland County/Haverstraw Joint Regional District Area
- Does the existing wastewater treatment plant have capacity to serve the project? ☑ Yes ☐ No
- Is the project site in the existing district? ☑ Yes ☐ No
- Is expansion of the district needed? ☐ Yes ☑ No

- Do existing sewer lines serve the project site? ☑ Yes ☐ No
- Will a line extension within an existing district be necessary to serve the project? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes:

- Describe extensions or capacity expansions proposed to serve this project: _____

Wastewater main extension down liberty street to support the proposed development

iv. Will a new wastewater (sewage) treatment district be formed to serve the project site? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

- Applicant/sponsor for new district: _____
- Date application submitted or anticipated: _____
- What is the receiving water for the wastewater discharge? _____

v. If public facilities will not be used, describe plans to provide wastewater treatment for the project, including specifying proposed receiving water (name and classification if surface discharge or describe subsurface disposal plans):

_____

vi. Describe any plans or designs to capture, recycle or reuse liquid waste: _____

e. Will the proposed action disturb more than one acre and create stormwater runoff, either from new point sources (i.e. ditches, pipes, swales, curbs, gutters or other concentrated flows of stormwater) or non-point source (i.e. sheet flow) during construction or post construction? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes:

i. How much impervious surface will the project create in relation to total size of project parcel?

_____ Square feet or 6.05 acres (impervious surface)

_____ Square feet or 14.98 acres (parcel size)

ii. Describe types of new point sources. _____

iii. Where will the stormwater runoff be directed (i.e. on-site stormwater management facility/structures, adjacent properties, groundwater, on-site surface water or off-site surface waters)?

- If to surface waters, identify receiving water bodies or wetlands: _____

Hudson River

- Will stormwater runoff flow to adjacent properties? ☐ Yes ☑ No

iv. Does the proposed plan minimize impervious surfaces, use pervious materials or collect and re-use stormwater? ☑ Yes ☐ No

f. Does the proposed action include, or will it use on-site, one or more sources of air emissions, including fuel combustion, waste incineration, or other processes or operations? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes, identify:

i. Mobile sources during project operations (e.g., heavy equipment, fleet or delivery vehicles)

ii. Stationary sources during construction (e.g., power generation, structural heating, batch plant, crushers)

iii. Stationary sources during operations (e.g., process emissions, large boilers, electric generation)

g. Will any air emission sources named in D.2.f (above), require a NY State Air Registration, Air Facility Permit, or Federal Clean Air Act Title IV or Title V Permit? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Is the project site located in an Air quality non-attainment area? (Area routinely or periodically fails to meet ambient air quality standards for all or some parts of the year) ☐ Yes ☑ No

ii. In addition to emissions as calculated in the application, the project will generate:

- _____Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide (CO_2)
- _____Tons/year (short tons) of Nitrous Oxide (N_2O)
- _____Tons/year (short tons) of Perfluorocarbons (PFCs)
- _____Tons/year (short tons) of Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF_6)
- _____Tons/year (short tons) of Carbon Dioxide equivalent of Hydroflourocarbons (HFCs)
- _____Tons/year (short tons) of Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

h. Will the proposed action generate or emit methane (including, but not limited to, sewage treatment plants, landfills, composting facilities)? ☐Yes ☑No

If Yes:

i. Estimate methane generation in tons/year (metric): _____

ii. Describe any methane capture, control or elimination measures included in project design (e.g., combustion to generate heat or electricity, flaring): _____

_____

i. Will the proposed action result in the release of air pollutants from open-air operations or processes, such as quarry or landfill operations? ☐Yes ☑No

If Yes: Describe operations and nature of emissions (e.g., diesel exhaust, rock particulates/dust):

_____

_____

j. Will the proposed action result in a substantial increase in traffic above present levels or generate substantial new demand for transportation facilities or services? ☑Yes ☐No

If Yes:

i. When is the peak traffic expected (Check all that apply): ☑ Morning ☑ Evening ☑Weekend

☐ Randomly between hours of _____ to _____.

ii. For commercial activities only, projected number of truck trips/day and type (e.g., semi trailers and dump trucks): _____

No heavy industrial uses are associated with the Chair Factory District or Anticipated Programmatic Uses of the District beyond Deliveries & Refuse.

iii. Parking spaces: Existing 0 Proposed 563 Net increase/decrease 563

iv. Does the proposed action include any shared use parking? ☑Yes ☐No

v. If the proposed action includes any modification of existing roads, creation of new roads or change in existing access, describe:

The reconstruction of Allison Street, the extension of Liberty Street, the creation of Bowline and Emeline Way. Total of Approx. 2,000lf of roadway.

vi. Are public/private transportation service(s) or facilities available within ½ mile of the proposed site? ☑Yes ☐No

vii Will the proposed action include access to public transportation or accommodations for use of hybrid, electric or other alternative fueled vehicles? ☑Yes ☐No

viii. Will the proposed action include plans for pedestrian or bicycle accommodations for connections to existing pedestrian or bicycle routes? ☑Yes ☐No

k. Will the proposed action (for commercial or industrial projects only) generate new or additional demand for energy? ☐Yes ☑No

If Yes:

i. Estimate annual electricity demand during operation of the proposed action: _____

_____

ii. Anticipated sources/suppliers of electricity for the project (e.g., on-site combustion, on-site renewable, via grid/local utility, or other):

_____

iii. Will the proposed action require a new, or an upgrade, to an existing substation? ☐Yes ☐No

l. Hours of operation. Answer all items which apply.

i. During Construction:

- Monday - Friday: 6:30am - 6pm
- Saturday: 6:30am - 6pm
- Sunday: 8am - 4pm
- Holidays: _____

ii. During Operations:

- Monday - Friday: 24 Hours
- Saturday: 24 Hours
- Sunday: 24 Hours
- Holidays: 24 Hours

m. Will the proposed action produce noise that will exceed existing ambient noise levels during construction, operation, or both? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes:

i. Provide details including sources, time of day and duration:

Use of heavy machinery typical of residential multifamily construction projects. Noise expected to occur during hours of construction noted above.

ii. Will the proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a noise barrier or screen? ☑ Yes ☐ No

Describe: Tree Removal

n. Will the proposed action have outdoor lighting? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes:

i. Describe source(s), location(s), height of fixture(s), direction/aim, and proximity to nearest occupied structures:

Pedestrian scale lighting for pedestrian ways, and paths, roadway lighting along new roadway extensions, and perimeter lighting on buildings.

ii. Will proposed action remove existing natural barriers that could act as a light barrier or screen? ☑ Yes ☐ No

Describe: Tree Removal

o. Does the proposed action have the potential to produce odors for more than one hour per day? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes, describe possible sources, potential frequency and duration of odor emissions, and proximity to nearest occupied structures: _____

p. Will the proposed action include any bulk storage of petroleum (combined capacity of over 1,100 gallons) or chemical products 185 gallons in above ground storage or any amount in underground storage? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Product(s) to be stored _____

ii. Volume(s) _____ per unit time _____ (e.g., month, year)

iii. Generally, describe the proposed storage facilities:_____

q. Will the proposed action (commercial, industrial and recreational projects only) use pesticides (i.e., herbicides, insecticides) during construction or operation? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Describe proposed treatment(s):

ii. Will the proposed action use Integrated Pest Management Practices? ☐ Yes ☐ No

r. Will the proposed action (commercial or industrial projects only) involve or require the management or disposal of solid waste (excluding hazardous materials)? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Describe any solid waste(s) to be generated during construction or operation of the facility:

- Construction: _____ tons per _____ (unit of time)
- Operation : _____ tons per _____ (unit of time)

ii. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, recycling or reuse of materials to avoid disposal as solid waste:

- Construction: _____
- Operation: _____

iii. Proposed disposal methods/facilities for solid waste generated on-site:

- Construction: _____
- Operation: _____

s. Does the proposed action include construction or modification of a solid waste management facility? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Type of management or handling of waste proposed for the site (e.g., recycling or transfer station, composting, landfill, or other disposal activities): _____

ii. Anticipated rate of disposal/processing:

- _____ Tons/month, if transfer or other non-combustion/thermal treatment, or
- _____ Tons/hour, if combustion or thermal treatment

iii. If landfill, anticipated site life: _____ years

t. Will the proposed action at the site involve the commercial generation, treatment, storage, or disposal of hazardous waste? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Name(s) of all hazardous wastes or constituents to be generated, handled or managed at facility: _____

ii. Generally describe processes or activities involving hazardous wastes or constituents: _____

iii. Specify amount to be handled or generated _____ tons/month

iv. Describe any proposals for on-site minimization, recycling or reuse of hazardous constituents: _____

v. Will any hazardous wastes be disposed at an existing offsite hazardous waste facility? ☐ Yes ☐ No

If Yes: provide name and location of facility: _____

If No: describe proposed management of any hazardous wastes which will not be sent to a hazardous waste facility:

E. Site and Setting of Proposed Action

E.1. Land uses on and surrounding the project site

a. Existing land uses.

i. Check all uses that occur on, adjoining and near the project site.

☑ Urban ☐ Industrial ☑ Commercial ☑ Residential (suburban) ☐ Rural (non-farm)
☑ Forest ☐ Agriculture ☑ Aquatic ☑ Other (specify): Recreation

ii. If mix of uses, generally describe:

Primarily Residential (Apartments), Structure Parking as lower levels, Incidental Retail and Community Spaces at Grade. Public Waterfront Access.

b. Land uses and covertypes on the project site.

Land use or Covertype	Current Acreage	Acreage After Project Completion	Change (Acres +/-)
• Roads, buildings, and other paved or impervious surfaces	2.0	6.0	+4.0
• Forested	0	0	0
• Meadows, grasslands or brushlands (non-agricultural, including abandoned agricultural)	0	0	0
• Agricultural (includes active orchards, field, greenhouse etc.)	0	0	0
• Surface water features (lakes, ponds, streams, rivers, etc.)	4.1	4.1	0
• Wetlands (freshwater or tidal)	1	1	0
• Non-vegetated (bare rock, earth or fill)	0	0	0
• Other Describe: Grassed/Lawn/Landscaped Areas	8.9	4.9	-4.0

c. Is the project site presently used by members of the community for public recreation? ☐ Yes ☑ No

i. If Yes: explain: _____

d. Are there any facilities serving children, the elderly, people with disabilities (e.g., schools, hospitals, licensed day care centers, or group homes) within 1500 feet of the project site? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes,

i. Identify Facilities:

_____

_____

e. Does the project site contain an existing dam? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Dimensions of the dam and impoundment:

- Dam height: _____ feet
- Dam length: _____ feet
- Surface area: _____ acres
- Volume impounded: _____ gallons OR acre-feet

ii. Dam's existing hazard classification: _____

iii. Provide date and summarize results of last inspection:

_____

_____

f. Has the project site ever been used as a municipal, commercial or industrial solid waste management facility, or does the project site adjoin property which is now, or was at one time, used as a solid waste management facility? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Has the facility been formally closed? ☐ Yes ☐ No

- If yes, cite sources/documentation: _____

ii. Describe the location of the project site relative to the boundaries of the solid waste management facility:

_____

_____

iii. Describe any development constraints due to the prior solid waste activities: _____

_____

g. Have hazardous wastes been generated, treated and/or disposed of at the site, or does the project site adjoin property which is now or was at one time used to commercially treat, store and/or dispose of hazardous waste? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Describe waste(s) handled and waste management activities, including approximate time when activities occurred:

_____

_____

h. Potential contamination history. Has there been a reported spill at the proposed project site, or have any remedial actions been conducted at or adjacent to the proposed site? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes:

i. Is any portion of the site listed on the NYSDEC Spills Incidents database or Environmental Site Remediation database? Check all that apply: ☑ Yes ☐ No

☐ Yes – Spills Incidents database Provide DEC ID number(s): _____

☑ Yes – Environmental Site Remediation database Provide DEC ID number(s): 546031

☐ Neither database

ii. If site has been subject of RCRA corrective activities, describe control measures:_____

_____

_____

iii. Is the project within 2000 feet of any site in the NYSDEC Environmental Site Remediation database? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes, provide DEC ID number(s): 344044, 344049, V00646, C344060, B00203, 546031

iv. If yes to (i), (ii) or (iii) above, describe current status of site(s):

_____

_____

v. Is the project site subject to an institutional control limiting property uses? ☐ Yes ☑ No

- If yes, DEC site ID number: _____
- Describe the type of institutional control (e.g., deed restriction or easement): _____
- Describe any use limitations: _____
- Describe any engineering controls: _____
- Will the project affect the institutional or engineering controls in place? ☐ Yes ☐ No
- Explain: _____

E.2. Natural Resources On or Near Project Site

a. What is the average depth to bedrock on the project site? 120 feet

b. Are there bedrock outcroppings on the project site? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If Yes, what proportion of the site is comprised of bedrock outcroppings? 0 %

c. Predominant soil type(s) present on project site:

Hinckley loamy sand	51 %
Udorthents, wet substratum	13 %
Uban Land	36 %

d. What is the average depth to the water table on the project site? Average: >80" feet

e. Drainage status of project site soils:
☐ Well Drained: 100 % of site
☐ Moderately Well Drained: _____ % of site
☐ Poorly Drained _____ % of site

f. Approximate proportion of proposed action site with slopes:
☑ 0-10%: 50 % of site
☐ 10-15%: _____ % of site
☑ 15% or greater: 50 % of site

g. Are there any unique geologic features on the project site? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If Yes, describe: _____

h. Surface water features.

i. Does any portion of the project site contain wetlands or other waterbodies (including streams, rivers, ponds or lakes)? ☑ Yes ☐ No

ii. Do any wetlands or other waterbodies adjoin the project site? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes to either *i* or *ii*, continue. If No, skip to E.2.i.

iii. Are any of the wetlands or waterbodies within or adjoining the project site regulated by any federal, state or local agency? ☑ Yes ☐ No

iv. For each identified regulated wetland and waterbody on the project site, provide the following information:

- Streams: Name _____ Classification _____
- Lakes or Ponds: Name _____ Classification _____
- Wetlands: Name Federal Waters, Federal Waters, Federal Waters Approximate Size _____
- Wetland No. (if regulated by DEC) _____

v. Are any of the above water bodies listed in the most recent compilation of NYS water quality-impaired waterbodies? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If yes, name of impaired water body/bodies and basis for listing as impaired: _____
Name - Pollutants - Uses:Hudson River (Class SB), portion – Priority Organics – Fish Consumption

i. Is the project site in a designated Floodway? ☐ Yes ☑ No

j. Is the project site in the 100-year Floodplain? ☑ Yes ☐ No

k. Is the project site in the 500-year Floodplain? ☑ Yes ☐ No

l. Is the project site located over, or immediately adjoining, a primary, principal or sole source aquifer? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If Yes:

i. Name of aquifer: _____

m. Identify the predominant wildlife species that occupy or use the project site: _____
TBD _____ _____ _____
_____ _____ _____

n. Does the project site contain a designated significant natural community? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If Yes:
i. Describe the habitat/community (composition, function, and basis for designation): _____
_____
ii. Source(s) of description or evaluation: _____
iii. Extent of community/habitat:
- Currently: _____ acres
- Following completion of project as proposed: _____ acres
- Gain or loss (indicate + or -): _____ acres

o. Does project site contain any species of plant or animal that is listed by the federal government or NYS as endangered or threatened, or does it contain any areas identified as habitat for an endangered or threatened species? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes:
i. Species and listing (endangered or threatened): _____
Shortnose Sturgeon, Bald Eagle, Atlantic Sturgeon
_____
_____

p. Does the project site contain any species of plant or animal that is listed by NYS as rare, or as a species of special concern? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:
i. Species and listing: _____
_____

q. Is the project site or adjoining area currently used for hunting, trapping, fishing or shell fishing? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If yes, give a brief description of how the proposed action may affect that use: _____
_____

E.3. Designated Public Resources On or Near Project Site

a. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in a designated agricultural district certified pursuant to Agriculture and Markets Law, Article 25-AA, Section 303 and 304? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If Yes, provide county plus district name/number: _____

b. Are agricultural lands consisting of highly productive soils present? ☐ Yes ☑ No
i. If Yes: acreage(s) on project site? _____
ii. Source(s) of soil rating(s): _____

c. Does the project site contain all or part of, or is it substantially contiguous to, a registered National Natural Landmark? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If Yes:
i. Nature of the natural landmark: ☐ Biological Community ☐ Geological Feature
ii. Provide brief description of landmark, including values behind designation and approximate size/extent: _____
_____
_____

d. Is the project site located in or does it adjoin a state listed Critical Environmental Area? ☐ Yes ☑ No
If Yes:
i. CEA name: _____
ii. Basis for designation: _____
iii. Designating agency and date: _____

e. Does the project site contain, or is it substantially contiguous to, a building, archaeological site, or district which is listed on the National or State Register of Historic Places, or that has been determined by the Commissioner of the NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the State Register of Historic Places? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes:

i. Nature of historic/archaeological resource: ☐ Archaeological Site ☑ Historic Building or District

ii. Name: , US Post Office--Haverstraw, Kings Daughters Public Library

iii. Brief description of attributes on which listing is based:

These are National Registered Buildings/sites

f. Is the project site, or any portion of it, located in or adjacent to an area designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory? ☑ Yes ☐ No

g. Have additional archaeological or historic site(s) or resources been identified on the project site? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes:

i. Describe possible resource(s): Hartgen Archeological Associates, Inc., Phase IA

ii. Basis for identification: Historic brickyards

h. Is the project site within fives miles of any officially designated and publicly accessible federal, state, or local scenic or aesthetic resource? ☑ Yes ☐ No

If Yes:

i. Identify resource: Palisades Interstate Parkway

ii. Nature of, or basis for, designation (e.g., established highway overlook, state or local park, state historic trail or scenic byway, etc.): NYS Scenic Byway

iii. Distance between project and resource: ~4.12 miles.

i. Is the project site located within a designated river corridor under the Wild, Scenic and Recreational Rivers Program 6 NYCRR 666? ☐ Yes ☑ No

If Yes:

i. Identify the name of the river and its designation:

ii. Is the activity consistent with development restrictions contained in 6NYCRR Part 666? ☐ Yes ☐ No

F. Additional Information

Attach any additional information which may be needed to clarify your project.

If you have identified any adverse impacts which could be associated with your proposal, please describe those impacts plus any measures which you propose to avoid or minimize them.

G. Verification

I certify that the information provided is true to the best of my knowledge.

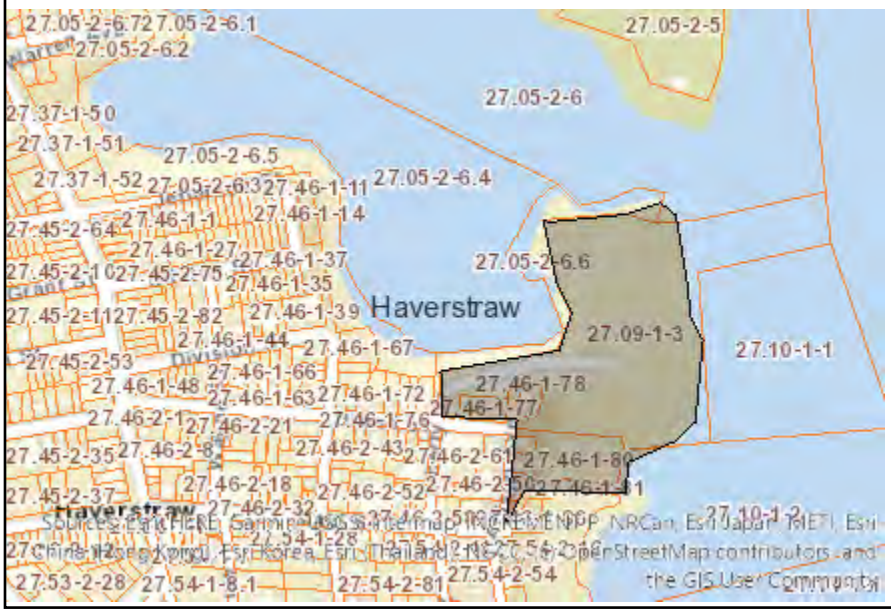
Applicant/Sponsor Name Haverstraw Community Chair Factory LLC Date July 14, 2023

Signature Title Managing Partner

PRINT FORM

EAF Mapper Summary Report

Monday, June 26, 2023 12:08 PM



Disclaimer: The EAF Mapper is a screening tool intended to assist project sponsors and reviewing agencies in preparing an environmental assessment form (EAF). Not all questions asked in the EAF are answered by the EAF Mapper. Additional information on any EAF question can be obtained by consulting the EAF Workbooks. Although the EAF Mapper provides the most up-to-date digital data available to DEC, you may also need to contact local or other data sources in order to obtain data not provided by the Mapper. Digital data is not a substitute for agency determinations.



B.i.i [Coastal or Waterfront Area]	Yes
B.i.ii [Local Waterfront Revitalization Area]	Yes
C.2.b. [Special Planning District]	Yes - Digital mapping data are not available for all Special Planning Districts. Refer to EAF Workbook.
C.2.b. [Special Planning District - Name]	Remediaton Sites:546031
E.1.h [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Potential Contamination History]	Yes - Digital mapping data for Spills Incidents are not available for this location. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Listed]	Yes
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - Environmental Site Remediation Database]	Yes
E.1.h.i [DEC Spills or Remediation Site - DEC ID Number]	546031
E.1.h.iii [Within 2,000' of DEC Remediation Site]	Yes
E.1.h.iii [Within 2,000' of DEC Remediation Site - DEC ID]	344044, 344049, V00646, C344060, B00203, 546031
E.2.g [Unique Geologic Features]	No
E.2.h.i [Surface Water Features]	Yes
E.2.h.ii [Surface Water Features]	Yes
E.2.h.iii [Surface Water Features]	Yes - Digital mapping information on local and federal wetlands and waterbodies is known to be incomplete. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.2.h.iv [Surface Water Features - Wetlands Name]	Federal Waters
E.2.h.v [Impaired Water Bodies]	Yes
E.2.h.v [Impaired Water Bodies - Name and Basis for Listing]	Name - Pollutants - Uses:Hudson River (Class SB), portion – Priority Organics – Fish Consumption

E.2.i. [Floodway]	No
E.2.j. [100 Year Floodplain]	Yes
E.2.k. [500 Year Floodplain]	Yes
E.2.l. [Aquifers]	No
E.2.n. [Natural Communities]	No
E.2.o. [Endangered or Threatened Species]	Yes
E.2.o. [Endangered or Threatened Species - Name]	Shortnose Sturgeon, Bald Eagle, Atlantic Sturgeon
E.2.p. [Rare Plants or Animals]	No
E.3.a. [Agricultural District]	No
E.3.c. [National Natural Landmark]	No
E.3.d [Critical Environmental Area]	No
E.3.e. [National or State Register of Historic Places or State Eligible Sites]	Yes - Digital mapping data for archaeological site boundaries are not available. Refer to EAF Workbook.
E.3.e.ii [National or State Register of Historic Places or State Eligible Sites - Name]	, US Post Office--Haverstraw, Kings Daughters Public Library
E.3.f. [Archeological Sites]	Yes
E.3.i. [Designated River Corridor]	No

Agency Use Only [If applicable]

Project : Chair Factory

Date : 8/21/23

Full Environmental Assessment Form
Part 2 - Identification of Potential Project Impacts

Part 2 is to be completed by the lead agency. Part 2 is designed to help the lead agency inventory all potential resources that could be affected by a proposed project or action. We recognize that the lead agency's reviewer(s) will not necessarily be environmental professionals. So, the questions are designed to walk a reviewer through the assessment process by providing a series of questions that can be answered using the information found in Part 1. To further assist the lead agency in completing Part 2, the form identifies the most relevant questions in Part 1 that will provide the information needed to answer the Part 2 question. When Part 2 is completed, the lead agency will have identified the relevant environmental areas that may be impacted by the proposed activity.

If the lead agency is a state agency **and** the action is in any Coastal Area, complete the Coastal Assessment Form before proceeding with this assessment.

Tips for completing Part 2:

- Review all of the information provided in Part 1.
- Review any application, maps, supporting materials and the Full EAF Workbook.
- Answer each of the 18 questions in Part 2.
- If you answer "**Yes"** to a numbered question, please complete all the questions that follow in that section.
- If you answer "**No"** to a numbered question, move on to the next numbered question.
- Check appropriate column to indicate the anticipated size of the impact.
- Proposed projects that would exceed a numeric threshold contained in a question should result in the reviewing agency checking the box "Moderate to large impact may occur."
- The reviewer is not expected to be an expert in environmental analysis.
- If you are not sure or undecided about the size of an impact, it may help to review the sub-questions for the general question and consult the workbook.
- When answering a question consider all components of the proposed activity, that is, the "whole action".
- Consider the possibility for long-term and cumulative impacts as well as direct impacts.
- Answer the question in a reasonable manner considering the scale and context of the project.

1. Impact on Land

Proposed action may involve construction on, or physical alteration of, the land surface of the proposed site. (See Part 1. D.1)

☐ NO ☑ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 2.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may involve construction on land where depth to water table is less than 3 feet.	E2d	☐	☑
b. The proposed action may involve construction on slopes of 15% or greater.	E2f	☐	☑
c. The proposed action may involve construction on land where bedrock is exposed, or generally within 5 feet of existing ground surface.	E2a	☑	☐
d. The proposed action may involve the excavation and removal of more than 1,000 tons of natural material.	D2a	☑	☐
e. The proposed action may involve construction that continues for more than one year or in multiple phases.	D1e	☐	☑
f. The proposed action may result in increased erosion, whether from physical disturbance or vegetation removal (including from treatment by herbicides).	D2e, D2q	☐	☑
g. The proposed action is, or may be, located within a Coastal Erosion hazard area.	B1i	☑	☐
h. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

2. Impact on Geological Features

The proposed action may result in the modification or destruction of, or inhibit access to, any unique or unusual land forms on the site (e.g., cliffs, dunes, minerals, fossils, caves). (See Part 1. E.2.g) ☑ NO ☐ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", move on to Section 3.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Identify the specific land form(s) attached: _____ _____	E2g	□	□
b. The proposed action may affect or is adjacent to a geological feature listed as a registered National Natural Landmark. Specific feature: _____	E3c	□	□
c. Other impacts: _____ _____		□	□

3. Impacts on Surface Water

The proposed action may affect one or more wetlands or other surface water bodies (e.g., streams, rivers, ponds or lakes). (See Part 1. D.2, E.2.h) ☐ NO ☑ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - l. If "No", move on to Section 4.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may create a new water body.	D2b, D1h	☑	☐
b. The proposed action may result in an increase or decrease of over 10% or more than a 10 acre increase or decrease in the surface area of any body of water.	D2b	☑	☐
c. The proposed action may involve dredging more than 100 cubic yards of material from a wetland or water body.	D2a	☑	☐
d. The proposed action may involve construction within or adjoining a freshwater or tidal wetland, or in the bed or banks of any other water body.	E2h	☐	☑
e. The proposed action may create turbidity in a waterbody, either from upland erosion, runoff or by disturbing bottom sediments.	D2a, D2h	☐	☑
f. The proposed action may include construction of one or more intake(s) for withdrawal of water from surface water.	D2c	☑	☐
g. The proposed action may include construction of one or more outfall(s) for discharge of wastewater to surface water(s).	D2d	☑	☐
h. The proposed action may cause soil erosion, or otherwise create a source of stormwater discharge that may lead to siltation or other degradation of receiving water bodies.	D2e	☑	☐
i. The proposed action may affect the water quality of any water bodies within or downstream of the site of the proposed action.	E2h	☑	☐
j. The proposed action may involve the application of pesticides or herbicides in or around any water body.	D2q, E2h	☑	☐
k. The proposed action may require the construction of new, or expansion of existing, wastewater treatment facilities.	D1a, D2d	☑	☐

l. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

4. Impact on groundwater

The proposed action may result in new or additional use of ground water, or may have the potential to introduce contaminants to ground water or an aquifer. (See Part 1. D.2.a, D.2.c, D.2.d, D.2.p, D.2.q, D.2.t)

☐ NO ☑ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 5.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may require new water supply wells, or create additional demand on supplies from existing water supply wells.	D2c	☑	☐
b. Water supply demand from the proposed action may exceed safe and sustainable withdrawal capacity rate of the local supply or aquifer. Cite Source: _____	D2c	☑	☐
c. The proposed action may allow or result in residential uses in areas without water and sewer services.	D1a, D2c	☑	☐
d. The proposed action may include or require wastewater discharged to groundwater.	D2d, E2l	☑	☐
e. The proposed action may result in the construction of water supply wells in locations where groundwater is, or is suspected to be, contaminated.	D2c, E1f, E1g, E1h	☑	☐
f. The proposed action may require the bulk storage of petroleum or chemical products over ground water or an aquifer.	D2p, E2l	☑	☐
g. The proposed action may involve the commercial application of pesticides within 100 feet of potable drinking water or irrigation sources.	E2h, D2q, E2l, D2c	☑	☐
h. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

5. Impact on Flooding

The proposed action may result in development on lands subject to flooding. (See Part 1. E.2)

☐ NO ☑ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", move on to Section 6.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in development in a designated floodway.	E2i	☑	☐
b. The proposed action may result in development within a 100 year floodplain.	E2j	☐	☑
c. The proposed action may result in development within a 500 year floodplain.	E2k	☐	☑
d. The proposed action may result in, or require, modification of existing drainage patterns.	D2b, D2e	☐	☑
e. The proposed action may change flood water flows that contribute to flooding.	D2b, E2i, E2j, E2k	☐	☑
f. If there is a dam located on the site of the proposed action, is the dam in need of repair, or upgrade?	E1e	☑	☐

g. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

6. Impacts on Air

The proposed action may include a state regulated air emission source. (See Part 1. D.2.f., D.2.h, D.2.g) ☑ NO ☐ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", move on to Section 7.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. If the proposed action requires federal or state air emission permits, the action may also emit one or more greenhouse gases at or above the following levels:			
i. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide (CO_2)	D2g	☐	☐
ii. More than 3.5 tons/year of nitrous oxide (N_2O)	D2g	☐	☐
iii. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon equivalent of perfluorocarbons (PFCs)	D2g	☐	☐
iv. More than .045 tons/year of sulfur hexafluoride (SF_6)	D2g	☐	☐
v. More than 1000 tons/year of carbon dioxide equivalent of hydrochloroflourocarbons (HFCs) emissions	D2g	☐	☐
vi. 43 tons/year or more of methane	D2h	☐	☐
b. The proposed action may generate 10 tons/year or more of any one designated hazardous air pollutant, or 25 tons/year or more of any combination of such hazardous air pollutants.	D2g	☐	☐
c. The proposed action may require a state air registration, or may produce an emissions rate of total contaminants that may exceed 5 lbs. per hour, or may include a heat source capable of producing more than 10 million BTU's per hour.	D2f, D2g	☐	☐
d. The proposed action may reach 50% of any of the thresholds in "a" through "c", above.	D2g	☐	☐
e. The proposed action may result in the combustion or thermal treatment of more than 1 ton of refuse per hour.	D2s	☐	☐
f. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

7. Impact on Plants and Animals

The proposed action may result in a loss of flora or fauna. (See Part 1. E.2. m.-q.) ☐ NO ☑ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - j. If "No", move on to Section 8.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may cause reduction in population or loss of individuals of any threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2o	☑	☐
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any rare, threatened or endangered species, as listed by New York State or the federal government.	E2o	☐	☑
c. The proposed action may cause reduction in population, or loss of individuals, of any species of special concern or conservation need, as listed by New York State or the Federal government, that use the site, or are found on, over, or near the site.	E2p	☑	☐
d. The proposed action may result in a reduction or degradation of any habitat used by any species of special concern and conservation need, as listed by New York State or the Federal government.	E2p	☐	☑

e. The proposed action may diminish the capacity of a registered National Natural Landmark to support the biological community it was established to protect.	E3c	☑	☐
f. The proposed action may result in the removal of, or ground disturbance in, any portion of a designated significant natural community. Source: _____	E2n	☑	☐
g. The proposed action may substantially interfere with nesting/breeding, foraging, or over-wintering habitat for the predominant species that occupy or use the project site.	E2m	☐	☑
h. The proposed action requires the conversion of more than 10 acres of forest, grassland or any other regionally or locally important habitat. Habitat type & information source: _____ _____	E1b	☑	☐
i. Proposed action (commercial, industrial or recreational projects, only) involves use of herbicides or pesticides.	D2q	☑	☐
j. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

8. Impact on Agricultural Resources

The proposed action may impact agricultural resources. (See Part 1. E.3.a. and b.) ☑ NO ☐ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", move on to Section 9.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	**No, or small impact may occur**	**Moderate to large impact may occur**
a. The proposed action may impact soil classified within soil group 1 through 4 of the NYS Land Classification System.	E2c, E3b	□	□
b. The proposed action may sever, cross or otherwise limit access to agricultural land (includes cropland, hayfields, pasture, vineyard, orchard, etc).	E1a, Elb	□	□
c. The proposed action may result in the excavation or compaction of the soil profile of active agricultural land.	E3b	□	□
d. The proposed action may irreversibly convert agricultural land to non-agricultural uses, either more than 2.5 acres if located in an Agricultural District, or more than 10 acres if not within an Agricultural District.	E1b, E3a	□	□
e. The proposed action may disrupt or prevent installation of an agricultural land management system.	El a, E1b	□	□
f. The proposed action may result, directly or indirectly, in increased development potential or pressure on farmland.	C2c, C3, D2c, D2d	□	□
g. The proposed project is not consistent with the adopted municipal Farmland Protection Plan.	C2c	□	□
h. Other impacts: _____		□	□

9. Impact on Aesthetic Resources

The land use of the proposed action are obviously different from, or are in sharp contrast to, current land use patterns between the proposed project and a scenic or aesthetic resource. (Part 1. E.1.a, E.1.b, E.3.h.)

☐ NO ☑ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", go to Section 10.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Proposed action may be visible from any officially designated federal, state, or local scenic or aesthetic resource.	E3h	☑	☐
b. The proposed action may result in the obstruction, elimination or significant screening of one or more officially designated scenic views.	E3h, C2b	☐	☑
c. The proposed action may be visible from publicly accessible vantage points: i. Seasonally (e.g., screened by summer foliage, but visible during other seasons) ii. Year round	E3h	 ☐ ☐	 ☑ ☑
d. The situation or activity in which viewers are engaged while viewing the proposed action is: i. Routine travel by residents, including travel to and from work ii. Recreational or tourism based activities	E3h E2q, E1c	 ☐ ☐	 ☑ ☑
e. The proposed action may cause a diminishment of the public enjoyment and appreciation of the designated aesthetic resource.	E3h	☑	☐
f. There are similar projects visible within the following distance of the proposed project: 0-1/2 mile ½ -3 mile 3-5 mile 5+ mile	D1a, E1a, D1f, D1g	☐	☑
g. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

10. Impact on Historic and Archeological Resources

The proposed action may occur in or adjacent to a historic or archaeological resource. (Part 1. E.3.e, f. and g.)

☐ NO ☑ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 11.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, any buildings, archaeological site or district which is listed on the National or State Register of Historical Places, or that has been determined by the Commissioner of the NYS Office of Parks, Recreation and Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on the State Register of Historic Places.	E3e	☐	☑
b. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an area designated as sensitive for archaeological sites on the NY State Historic Preservation Office (SHPO) archaeological site inventory.	E3f	☐	☑
c. The proposed action may occur wholly or partially within, or substantially contiguous to, an archaeological site not included on the NY SHPO inventory. Source: _____	E3g	☐	☑

d. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐
e. If any of the above (a-d) are answered "Moderate to large impact may occur", continue with the following questions to help support conclusions in Part 3:			
i. The proposed action may result in the destruction or alteration of all or part of the site or property.	E3e, E3g, E3f	☐	☑
ii. The proposed action may result in the alteration of the property's setting or integrity.	E3e, E3f, E3g, E1a, E1b	☐	☑
iii. The proposed action may result in the introduction of visual elements which are out of character with the site or property, or may alter its setting.	E3e, E3f, E3g, E3h, C2, C3	☐	☑

11. Impact on Open Space and Recreation

The proposed action may result in a loss of recreational opportunities or a reduction of an open space resource as designated in any adopted municipal open space plan.
(See Part 1. C.2.c, E.1.c., E.2.q.)
If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 12.

☐ NO ☑ YES

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in an impairment of natural functions, or "ecosystem services", provided by an undeveloped area, including but not limited to stormwater storage, nutrient cycling, wildlife habitat.	D2e, E1b E2h, E2m, E2o, E2n, E2p	☑	☐
b. The proposed action may result in the loss of a current or future recreational resource.	C2a, E1c, C2c, E2q	☑	☐
c. The proposed action may eliminate open space or recreational resource in an area with few such resources.	C2a, C2c E1c, E2q	☑	☐
d. The proposed action may result in loss of an area now used informally by the community as an open space resource.	C2c, E1c	☑	☐
e. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

12. Impact on Critical Environmental Areas

The proposed action may be located within or adjacent to a critical environmental area (CEA). (See Part 1. E.3.d)
If "Yes", answer questions a - c. If "No", go to Section 13.

☑ NO ☐ YES

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quantity of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d	□	□
b. The proposed action may result in a reduction in the quality of the resource or characteristic which was the basis for designation of the CEA.	E3d	□	□
c. Other impacts: _____ _____		□	□

13. Impact on Transportation

The proposed action may result in a change to existing transportation systems. ☐ NO ☑ YES
(See Part 1. D.2.j)
If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", go to Section 14.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. Projected traffic increase may exceed capacity of existing road network.	D2j	☐	☑
b. The proposed action may result in the construction of paved parking area for 500 or more vehicles.	D2j	☐	☑
c. The proposed action will degrade existing transit access.	D2j	☑	☐
d. The proposed action will degrade existing pedestrian or bicycle accommodations.	D2j	☑	☐
e. The proposed action may alter the present pattern of movement of people or goods.	D2j	☐	☑
f. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

14. Impact on Energy

The proposed action may cause an increase in the use of any form of energy. ☐ NO ☑ YES
(See Part 1. D.2.k)
If "Yes", answer questions a - e. If "No", go to Section 15.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action will require a new, or an upgrade to an existing, substation.	D2k	☑	☐
b. The proposed action will require the creation or extension of an energy transmission or supply system to serve more than 50 single or two-family residences or to serve a commercial or industrial use.	D1f, D1q, D2k	☑	☐
c. The proposed action may utilize more than 2,500 MWhrs per year of electricity.	D2k	☑	☐
d. The proposed action may involve heating and/or cooling of more than 100,000 square feet of building area when completed.	D1g	☐	☑
e. Other Impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

15. Impact on Noise, Odor, and Light

The proposed action may result in an increase in noise, odors, or outdoor lighting. ☐ NO ☑ YES
(See Part 1. D.2.m., n., and o.)
If "Yes", answer questions a - f. If "No", go to Section 16.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may produce sound above noise levels established by local regulation.	D2m	☐	☑
b. The proposed action may result in blasting within 1,500 feet of any residence, hospital, school, licensed day care center, or nursing home.	D2m, E1d	☑	☐
c. The proposed action may result in routine odors for more than one hour per day.	D2o	☑	☐

d. The proposed action may result in light shining onto adjoining properties.	D2n	☐	☑
e. The proposed action may result in lighting creating sky-glow brighter than existing area conditions.	D2n, E1a	☐	☑
f. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

16. Impact on Human Health

The proposed action may have an impact on human health from exposure to new or existing sources of contaminants. (See Part 1.D.2.q., E.1. d. f. g. and h.) ☐ NO ☑ YES

If "Yes", answer questions a - m. If "No", go to Section 17.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No,or small impact may cccur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action is located within 1500 feet of a school, hospital, licensed day care center, group home, nursing home or retirement community.	E1d	☑	☐
b. The site of the proposed action is currently undergoing remediation.	E1g, E1h	☑	☐
c. There is a completed emergency spill remediation, or a completed environmental site remediation on, or adjacent to, the site of the proposed action.	E1g, E1h	☐	☑
d. The site of the action is subject to an institutional control limiting the use of the property (e.g., easement or deed restriction).	E1g, E1h	☑	☐
e. The proposed action may affect institutional control measures that were put in place to ensure that the site remains protective of the environment and human health.	E1g, E1h	☑	☐
f. The proposed action has adequate control measures in place to ensure that future generation, treatment and/or disposal of hazardous wastes will be protective of the environment and human health.	D2t	☐	☑
g. The proposed action involves construction or modification of a solid waste management facility.	D2q, E1f	☑	☐
h. The proposed action may result in the unearthing of solid or hazardous waste.	D2q, E1f	☑	☐
i. The proposed action may result in an increase in the rate of disposal, or processing, of solid waste.	D2r, D2s	☑	☐
j. The proposed action may result in excavation or other disturbance within 2000 feet of a site used for the disposal of solid or hazardous waste.	E1f, E1g E1h	☑	☐
k. The proposed action may result in the migration of explosive gases from a landfill site to adjacent off site structures.	E1f, E1g	☑	☐
l. The proposed action may result in the release of contaminated leachate from the project site.	D2s, E1f, D2r	☑	☐
m. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

17. Consistency with Community Plans

The proposed action is not consistent with adopted land use plans. ☑ NO ☐ YES

(See Part 1. C.1, C.2. and C.3.)

If "Yes", answer questions a - h. If "No", go to Section 18.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action's land use components may be different from, or in sharp contrast to, current surrounding land use pattern(s).	C2, C3, D1a E1a, E1b	☐	☐
b. The proposed action will cause the permanent population of the city, town or village in which the project is located to grow by more than 5%.	C2	☐	☐
c. The proposed action is inconsistent with local land use plans or zoning regulations.	C2, C2, C3	☐	☐
d. The proposed action is inconsistent with any County plans, or other regional land use plans.	C2, C2	☐	☐
e. The proposed action may cause a change in the density of development that is not supported by existing infrastructure or is distant from existing infrastructure.	C3, D1c, D1d, D1f, D1d, Elb	☐	☐
f. The proposed action is located in an area characterized by low density development that will require new or expanded public infrastructure.	C4, D2c, D2d D2j	☐	☐
g. The proposed action may induce secondary development impacts (e.g., residential or commercial development not included in the proposed action)	C2a	☐	☐
h. Other: _____ _____		☐	☐

18. Consistency with Community Character

The proposed project is inconsistent with the existing community character. ☐ NO ☑ YES

(See Part 1. C.2, C.3, D.2, E.3)

If "Yes", answer questions a - g. If "No", proceed to Part 3.

	Relevant Part I Question(s)	No, or small impact may occur	Moderate to large impact may occur
a. The proposed action may replace or eliminate existing facilities, structures, or areas of historic importance to the community.	E3e, E3f, E3g	☑	☐
b. The proposed action may create a demand for additional community services (e.g. schools, police and fire)	C4	☐	☑
c. The proposed action may displace affordable or low-income housing in an area where there is a shortage of such housing.	C2, C3, D1f D1g, E1a	☑	☐
d. The proposed action may interfere with the use or enjoyment of officially recognized or designated public resources.	C2, E3	☑	☐
e. The proposed action is inconsistent with the predominant architectural scale and character.	C2, C3	☐	☑
f. Proposed action is inconsistent with the character of the existing natural landscape.	C2, C3 E1a, E1b E2g, E2h	☐	☑
g. Other impacts: _____ _____		☐	☐

PRINT FULL FORM

Agency Use Only [IfApplicable]

Project : Chair Factory

Date : 8/21/23

Full Environmental Assessment Form
Part 3 - Evaluation of the Magnitude and Importance of Project Impacts
and
Determination of Significance

Part 3 provides the reasons in support of the determination of significance. The lead agency must complete Part 3 for every question in Part 2 where the impact has been identified as potentially moderate to large or where there is a need to explain why a particular element of the proposed action will not, or may, result in a significant adverse environmental impact.

Based on the analysis in Part 3, the lead agency must decide whether to require an environmental impact statement to further assess the proposed action or whether available information is sufficient for the lead agency to conclude that the proposed action will not have a significant adverse environmental impact. By completing the certification on the next page, the lead agency can complete its determination of significance.

Reasons Supporting This Determination:

To complete this section:

- Identify the impact based on the Part 2 responses and describe its magnitude. Magnitude considers factors such as severity, size or extent of an impact.
- Assess the importance of the impact. Importance relates to the geographic scope, duration, probability of the impact occurring, number of people affected by the impact and any additional environmental consequences if the impact were to occur.
- The assessment should take into consideration any design element or project changes.
- Repeat this process for each Part 2 question where the impact has been identified as potentially moderate to large or where there is a need to explain why a particular element of the proposed action will not, or may, result in a significant adverse environmental impact.
- Provide the reason(s) why the impact may, or will not, result in a significant adverse environmental impact
- For Conditional Negative Declarations identify the specific condition(s) imposed that will modify the proposed action so that no significant adverse environmental impacts will result.
- Attach additional sheets, as needed.

Based on the Full EAF Parts I and II, the Village Board believes there is a potential for the Proposed Action to result in one or more significant adverse environmental impact in the following categories as identified in the Part II EAF:

- Impact on Land
- Impact on Surface Water
- Impact on Groundwater
- Impact on Flooding
- Impact on Plants and Animals
- Impact on Aesthetic Resources
- Impact on Historic and Archeological Resources
- Impact on Open Space and Recreation
- Impact on Transportation
- Impact on Energy
- Impact on Noise, Odor, and Light
- Impact on Human Health
- Consistency with Community Character

Determination of Significance - Type 1 and Unlisted Actions

SEQR Status: ☑ Type 1 ☐ Unlisted

Identify portions of EAF completed for this Project: ☑ Part 1 ☑ Part 2 ☑ Part 3

Upon review of the information recorded on this EAF, as noted, plus this additional support information

EAF Parts I & II
Application Submission

and considering both the magnitude and importance of each identified potential impact, it is the conclusion of the Village of Haverstraw Village Board as lead agency that:

☐ A. This project will result in no significant adverse impacts on the environment, and, therefore, an environmental impact statement need not be prepared. Accordingly, this negative declaration is issued.

☐ B. Although this project could have a significant adverse impact on the environment, that impact will be avoided or substantially mitigated because of the following conditions which will be required by the lead agency:

There will, therefore, be no significant adverse impacts from the project as conditioned, and, therefore, this conditioned negative declaration is issued. A conditioned negative declaration may be used only for UNLISTED actions (see 6 NYCRR 617.7(d)).

☑ C. This Project may result in one or more significant adverse impacts on the environment, and an environmental impact statement must be prepared to further assess the impact(s) and possible mitigation and to explore alternatives to avoid or reduce those impacts. Accordingly, this positive declaration is issued.

Name of Action: Haverstraw Chair Factory

Name of Lead Agency: Village of Haverstraw Village Board

Name of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency: Michael Kohut

Title of Responsible Officer: Mayor

Signature of Responsible Officer in Lead Agency: Date:

Signature of Preparer (if different from Responsible Officer) Date:

For Further Information:

Contact Person: Michael Kohut

Address: Village of Havertraw 40 New Main Street, Haverstraw NY 10927

Telephone Number: 845-429-3000

E-mail: michael.kohut@vohny.com

For Type 1 Actions and Conditioned Negative Declarations, a copy of this Notice is sent to:

Chief Executive Officer of the political subdivision in which the action will be principally located (e.g., Town / City / Village of)
Other involved agencies (if any)
Applicant (if any)
Environmental Notice Bulletin: http://www.dec.ny.gov/enb/enb.html

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